

## In-Class Problems — Week 2, Mon

**Problem 1.** For each of the logical formulas, indicate whether or not it is true when the domain of discourse is  $\mathbb{N}$  (the natural numbers  $0, 1, 2, \dots$ ),  $\mathbb{Z}$  (the integers),  $\mathbb{Q}$  (the rationals),  $\mathbb{R}$  (the real numbers), and  $\mathbb{C}$  (the complex numbers).

$$\begin{array}{l} \exists x \quad (x^2 = 2) \\ \forall x \exists y \quad (x^2 = y) \\ \forall y \exists x \quad (x^2 = y) \\ \forall x \neq 0 \exists y \quad (xy = 1) \\ \exists x \exists y \quad (x + 2y = 2) \wedge (2x + 4y = 5) \end{array}$$

**Problem 2.** A media tycoon has an idea for an all-news television network called LNN: The Logic News Network. Each segment will begin with a definition of the domain of discourse and a few predicates. The day's happenings can then be communicated concisely in logic notation. For example, a broadcast might begin as follows:

“THIS IS LNN. The domain of discourse is  $\{\text{Bill, Monica, Ken, Linda, Betty}\}$ . Let  $D(x)$  be a predicate that is true if  $x$  is deceitful. Let  $L(x, y)$  be a predicate that is true if  $x$  likes  $y$ . Let  $G(x, y)$  be a predicate that is true if  $x$  gave gifts to  $y$ .”

Complete the broadcast by translating the following statements into logic notation.

- (a) If neither Monica nor Linda is deceitful, then Bill and Monica like each other.
- (b) Everyone except for Ken likes Betty, and no one except Linda likes Ken.
- (c) If Ken is not deceitful, then Bill gave gifts to Monica, and Monica gave gifts to someone.
- (d) Everyone likes someone and dislikes someone else.
- (e) How could you express “Everyone except for Ken likes Betty” using just propositional connectives *without* using any quantifiers ( $\forall, \exists$ )? Can you generalize to explain how *any* logical formula over this domain of discourse can be expressed without quantifiers? How big would the formula in the previous part be if it was expressed this way?

**Problem 3.** Prove by induction that

$$\sum_{i=0}^n (2i+1)^2 = \frac{(n+1)(2n+1)(2n+3)}{3}$$