

### 3.2 The Equation $u_t + Au_x = Bu$

Take Lax–Wendroff for  $u_t + Au_x = 0$  and just add the lower order term

$$v_m^{n+1} = v_m^n - \frac{\lambda}{2}A(v_{m+1}^n - v_{m-1}^n) + \frac{\lambda^2}{2}A^2(v_{m+1}^n - 2v_m^n + v_{m-1}^n) + kBv_m^n$$

The amplification factor for the scheme becomes

$$\hat{v}^{n+1}(\xi) = (G + kB)\hat{v}^n(\xi),$$

so we end up with the question when  $|(G + kB)^n|$  is bounded by a constant, where  $|G^n(h\xi)| \leq C$ . We use Strang's idea:

$$\begin{aligned} (G + kB)^n &= G^n + k(G^{n-1}B + G^{n-2}BG + \dots BG^{n-1}) \\ &\quad + k^2(G^{n-2}B^2 + G^{n-3}BGB + B^{n-4}BG^2B + \dots + B^2G^{n-2}) \\ &\quad + \dots \\ &\quad + k^n(G^0BG^0B \dots G^0BG^0). \end{aligned}$$

Now estimate upward using  $|G^n| \leq C$  to obtain

$$\begin{aligned} |(G + kB)^n| &\leq C + \binom{n}{1}kC^2|B| + \binom{n}{2}k^2C^3|B|^2 + \dots \\ &\leq C \left( 1 + \binom{n}{1}kC \cdot |B| + \binom{n}{2}k^2C^2 \cdot |B|^2 + \dots \right) \\ &\leq C(1 + k|B|C)^n \leq Ce^{nk|B|C} \leq Ce^{T|B|C} \end{aligned}$$

for all  $nk \leq T$ .

Therefore the condition for stability is once again  $|G^n| \leq C$ .