

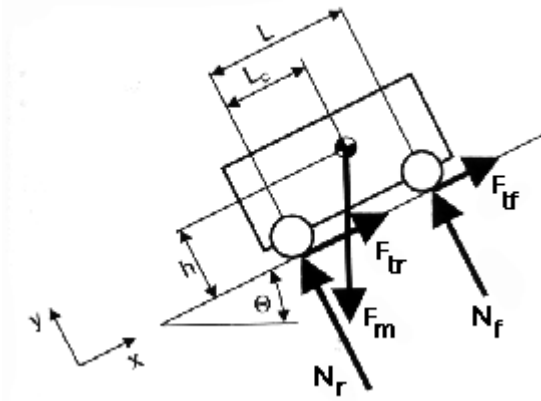
Climbing an Incline Plane

[Four Wheel Drive](#) | [Front Wheel Drive](#) | [Rear Wheel Drive](#) | [Step](#)

Introduction:

This handout will examine the physics behind wheeled vehicles climbing slopes.

Machine Driving Up A Slope



- $F_m = mg$ (gravitational force of the machine)
 N_f (normal force of both front wheels)
 N_r (normal force of both rear wheels)
 $F_{tf} = N_f \mu$ (tractional force of both front wheels, caused by static friction)
 $F_{tr} = N_r \mu$ (tractional force of both rear wheels, caused by static friction)
 L (distance between the front and rear wheels)
 L_c (distance between the rear wheels and the center of mass)
 h (height of the center of mass)
 Θ (angle of incline plane)

$$\sum F_y = 0 : N_r + N_f - F_M \cdot \cos \Theta = 0$$

$$\sum M_r = 0 : F_M \cdot h \cdot \sin \Theta + N_f \cdot L - F_M \cdot L_c \cdot \cos \Theta = 0$$

$$\rightarrow N_f = \frac{F_M \cdot L_c \cdot \cos \Theta - F_M \cdot h \cdot \sin \Theta}{L}$$

$$\rightarrow N_r = \frac{F_M \cdot (L - L_c) \cdot \cos \Theta - F_M \cdot h \cdot \sin \Theta}{L}$$

Tipping of the Machine occurs at $h=h_{max}$ when $N_f=0$:

$$N_f = 0: \frac{F_M \cdot L_c \cdot \cos \Theta - F_M \cdot h_{\max} \cdot \sin \Theta}{L} = 0$$

$$\rightarrow h_{\max} = \frac{L_c}{\tan \Theta}$$

What can be done to prevent the machine from tipping?

- moving the center of gravity farther from the rear wheels
- decreasing the slope angle

Four Wheel Drive:

The necessary static coefficient of friction (μ_{4WD}) for a four wheel drive vehicle:

$$N_r \cdot \mu_{4WD} + N_f \cdot \mu_{4WD} \geq F_M \cdot \sin \Theta$$

$$\rightarrow \mu_{4WD} \geq \tan \Theta$$

What can be changed to allow for a lower coefficient of friction?

- Decrease the slope of the angle

Front Wheel Drive:

The necessary static coefficient of friction (μ_{FWD}) for a front wheel drive vehicle:

$$N_f \cdot \mu_{FWD} \geq F_M \cdot \sin \Theta$$

$$\rightarrow \mu_{FWD} \geq \frac{1}{\frac{L_c}{L \cdot \tan \Theta} - \frac{h}{L}}$$

What can be changed to allow for a lower coefficient of friction?

- decrease the angle of the incline
- move the center of gravity closer to the front wheels
- shortening the distance between the front and rear wheels
- lowering the height of the center of gravity

Rear Wheel Drive:

The necessary static coefficient of friction (μ_{RWD}) for a rear wheel drive vehicle:

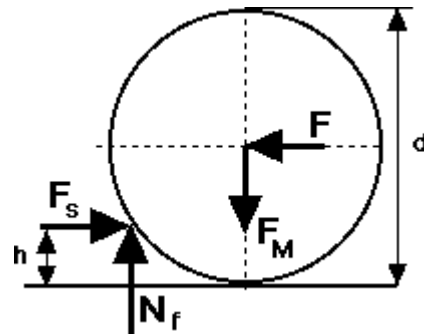
$$N_r \cdot \mu_{RWD} \geq F_M \cdot \sin \Theta$$

$$\rightarrow \mu_{RWD} \geq \frac{1}{\frac{L - L_c}{L \cdot \tan \Theta} - \frac{h}{L}}$$

What can be changed to allow for a lower coefficient of friction?

- decrease the angle of the incline
- move the center of gravity closer to the rear wheels
- increasing the height of the center of gravity

A Wheel Driving Up a Step



$$\sum M_f = 0: F \cdot \left(\frac{d}{2} - h\right) - F_M \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot h - h^2} = 0$$

$$\rightarrow F = F_M \frac{\sqrt{d \cdot h - h^2}}{\frac{d}{2} - h}$$

$$0 < h < d/2$$