16.810 Vehicle Design Summit Team 1 Ingress/Egress



 \square

Analysis and Optimization



Objective :

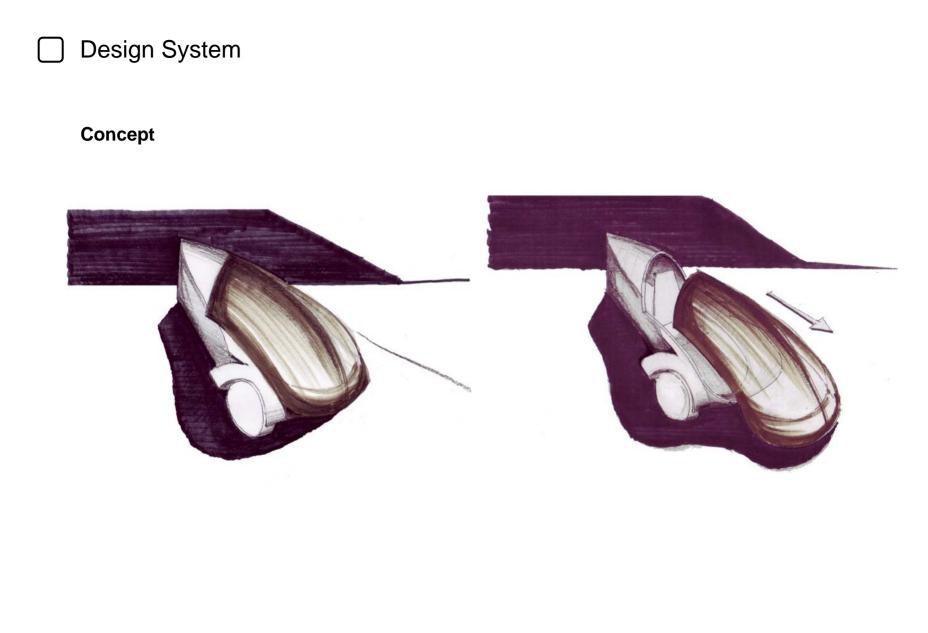
Multi-Objective problem Quantifiable Criteria Cost (\$) Visibility (sq. m) Egress Ingress (sec) Unquantifiable Criteria Ease of Manufacturability Aesthetics

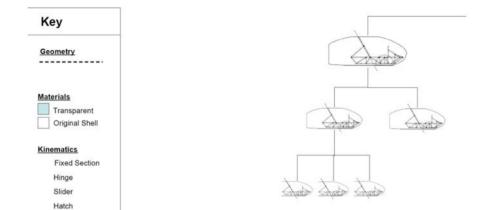
Constrains:

Shape of existing Shell (m) Weight (Kg) Cost (\$)

Design Variables:

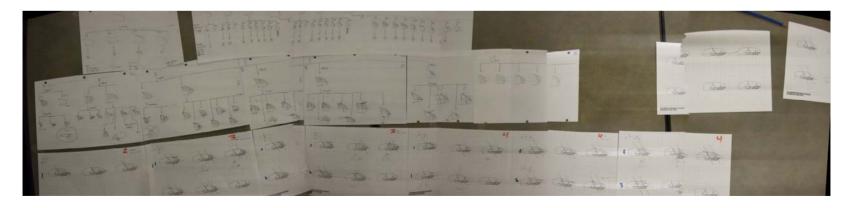
Geometry (Number and positions of Joints) Material (Transparency/Opaque) Kinematics (Hinge, Slider..etc)





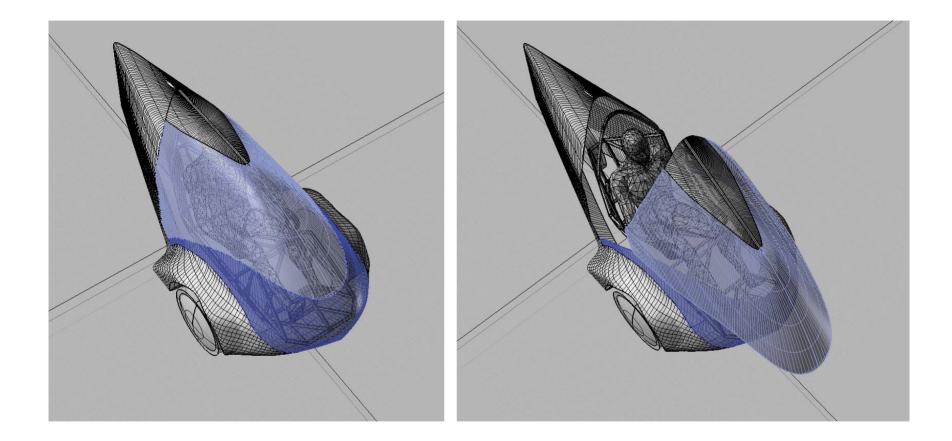
AHPV Design Space

Design Solution Tree:



Design System

Analysis and Optimization



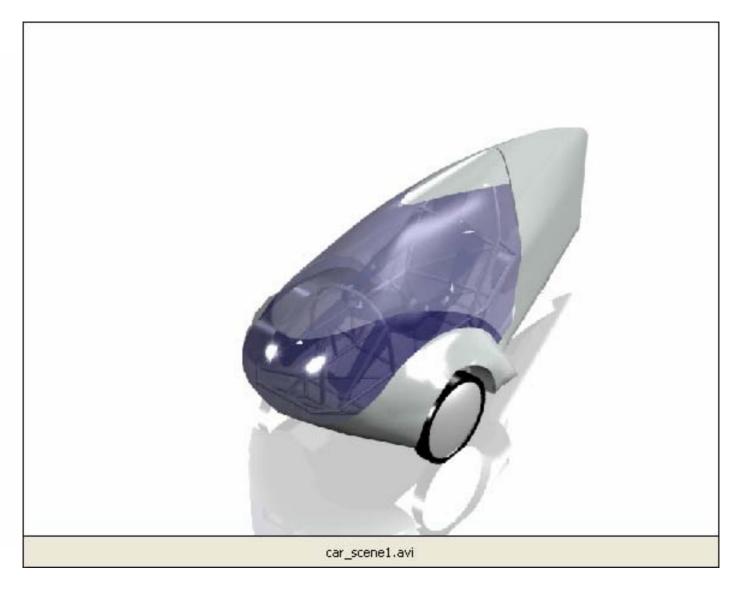
Design System



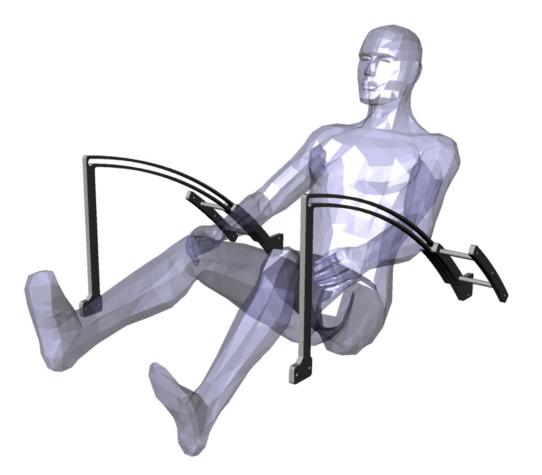




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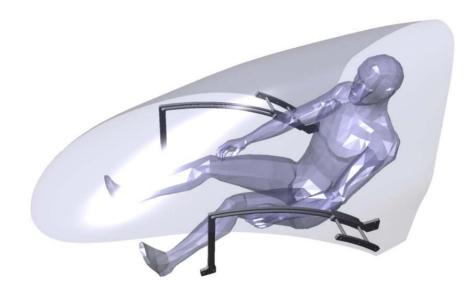
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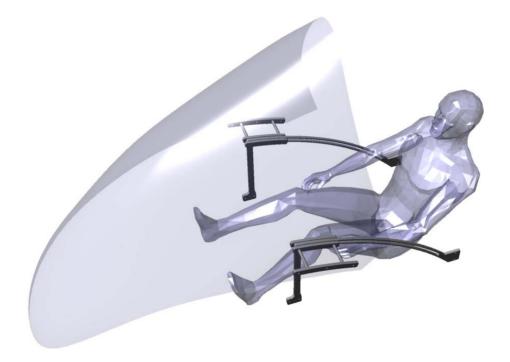
Design System



Design System



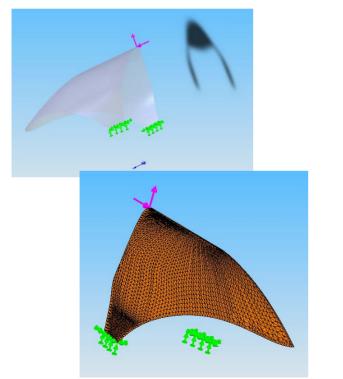
Design System

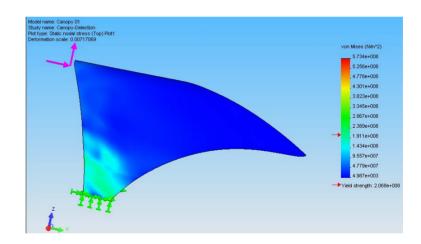


Design System

Test 1 – 'Hard Opening'

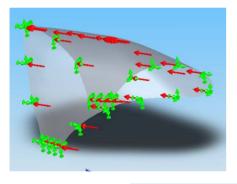
- Highest dynamic load when someone opens canopy and pins hit end of rails
- Force of 2g * mass of canopy ~ 11 pounds
- Restraints of fixed edges roughly equivalent to final design
- Stress concentrated around joint
- Displacements acceptable

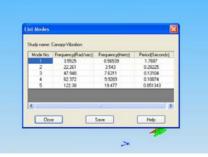


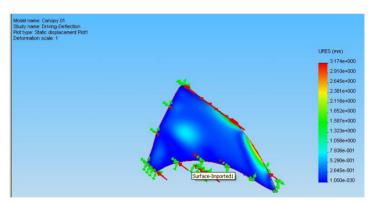


Test 2 – 'Driving Pressure Force'

- Pressure on canopy while driving 60mph ~550N/m2
- Restraints of fixed edges based on magnetic strips
- Natural modes at low freq first mode at 0.5Hz
- Canopy displacement ~3mm max at 60mph





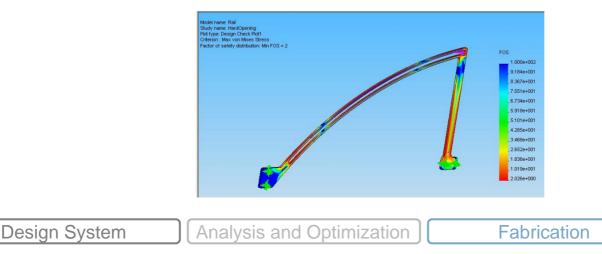


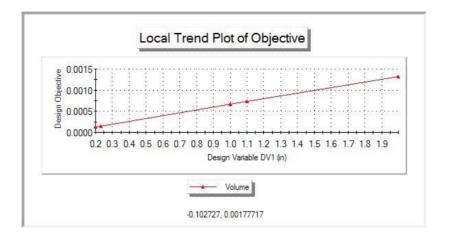
Test 3 – 'Rail Optimization'

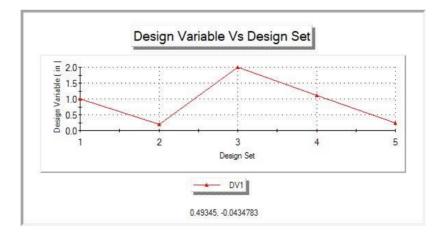
- Varied thickness of rail to find optimum size to avoid yield at min mass
- Force of 40N side load someone leaning on canopy

Thickness	FoS
(inches)	
1	8.9
0.5	2.7
0.25	2.0

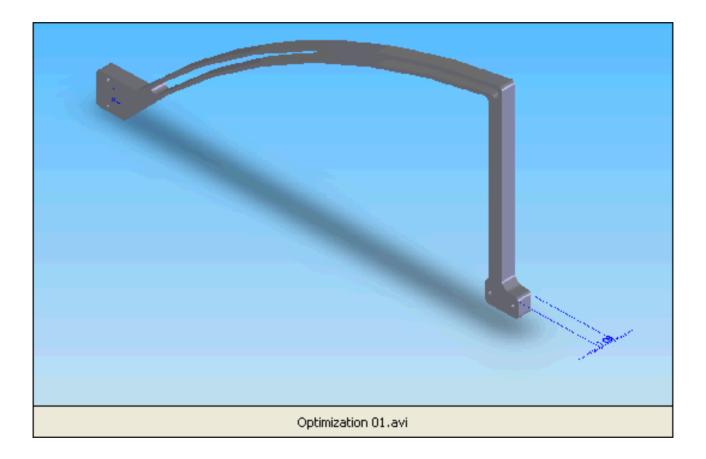
- We tried to use a thicker sandwich material delaminated
- Now using 0.25 inch aluminium, slightly different rail design





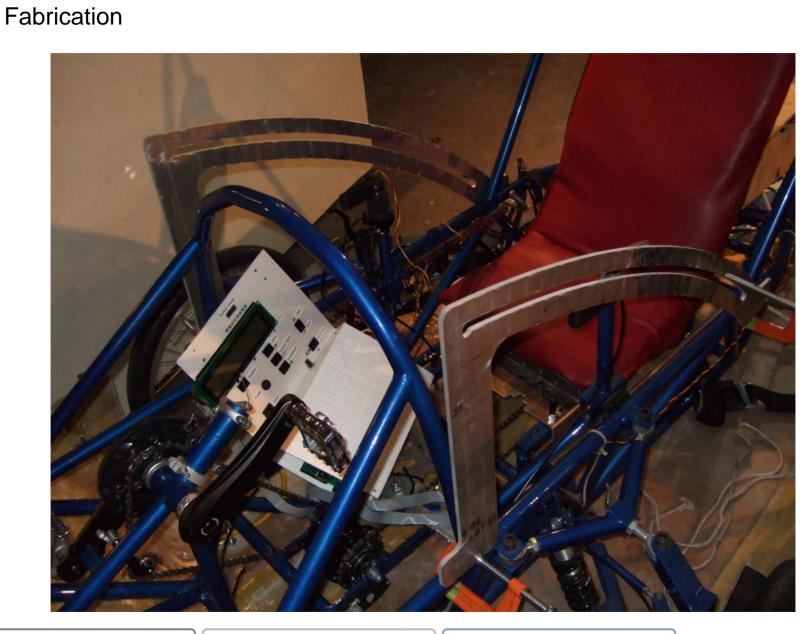


Design System



Design System

Canopy – Ordered from professional manufacturer in Florida Handles – Aluminium tube welded onto waterjetted guide rails Rails – Aluminium, waterjet, attached by U-Clamp Attachment – Adhesive backed magnetic strip

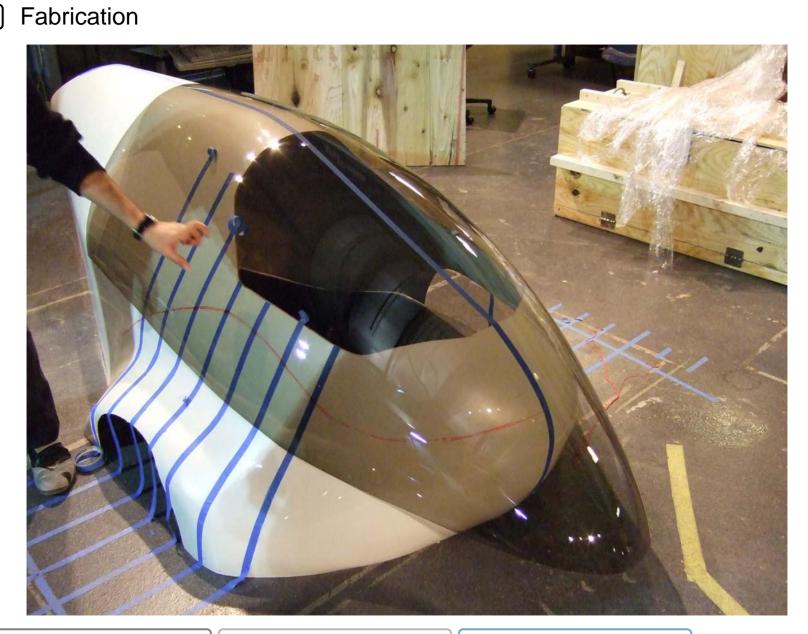


Analysis and Optimization

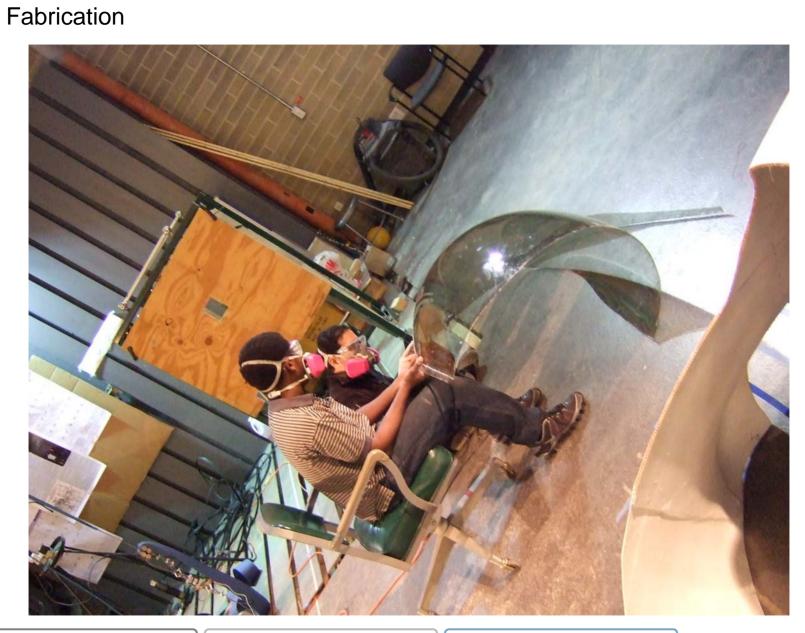




Analysis and Optimization



Analysis and Optimization



Analysis and Optimization







Analysis and Optimization

Fabrication

What's Next...?

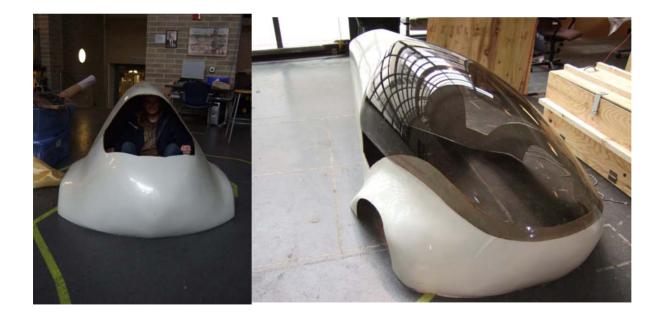
- Handles welded to rails
- Attach rail to chassis
- Sand shell and canopy
- Reinforcing canopy
- Attaching canopy to reinforcement
- Attaching reinforced canopy to handles
- Test mechanism, fix problems!
- Stick on magnetic strips so canopy stays shut
- Drive AHPV to Solidworks World
- Sleep...

16.810 Cost Estimation Sheet Team V1

Section			Rate	Qty	Cost
I. Design and Engineeri	ng	·			
Labor Rate fo	Labor Rate for Each Designer		\$75	10	\$750
Labor Rate for Each CAD/CAM Workstation		\$40	5	\$200	
II. Materials Cost		·	·		
Auminium Sh	ieet	1/16" thick	\$40	1	\$40
		1/4" thick	\$80	1	\$80
Auminium Tu	Aluminium Tube		\$20	1	\$20
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous Components		\$60	1	\$60
III. Canopy	•	·	•		
Canopy	Canopy		\$350	1	\$350
Shipping			\$200	1	\$200
IV. Waterjet Manufactu	ing	·	·		
Labor Rate			\$55	3	\$165
Machine Use	Machine Use		\$75	3	\$225
V. Other Manufacturing			•		
Shell and Canopy Cutting - Labor		\$40	4	\$160	
Miscellaneous Labor		\$30	8	\$240	
VI. Assembly and Testi	ng		•	•	
Assembly Lab	or		\$30	3	\$90
				TOTAL	\$2,580
				IVIAL	φ2,000

Lessons Learned

- Set realistic goals
- Better use of FEA for optimization our rail could have been designed to be lighter
- Start manufacturing early, maybe finish on time
- Have the right tools
- Make the right decisions at the right time



To be continued...

Design System

Analysis and Optimization