- Moisture penetration
 - bulk moisture
 - capillary action
 - air leakage
 - vapor diffusion

- Condensation from humid air infiltration
 - sources of water vapor and typical humidity production [g/h]:

- Resting person 30 to 50

- Active person 200 to 300

- Cooking water 100 to 200

- Bath 2000

- Shower 2400

- Apartment plant 10

Washing machine (laundry)
50 to 200

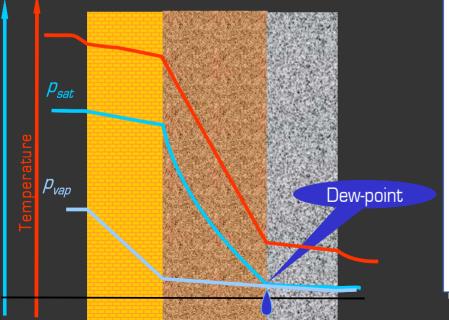
- Dryer (laundry) 500

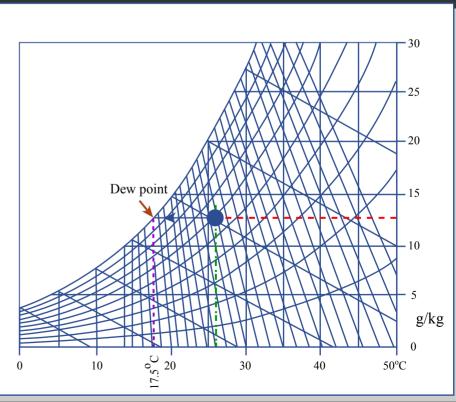
Total for apartment 400 to 1600 i.e. 7 to 11 kg/day

- Condensation from humid air infiltration
 - reaching of dew-point °T

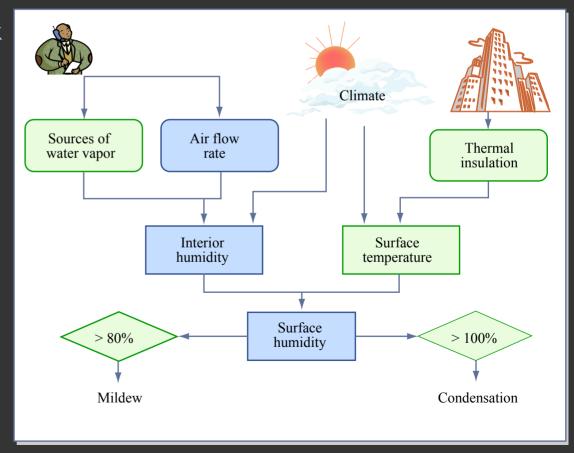
- assess condensation risk

higher if thermal bridges or poor ventilation





- Condensation from humid air infiltration
 - reaching of dew-point °T
 - assess condensat on risk
 - calculate amountof condensed water
 - account for evaporation (summer)



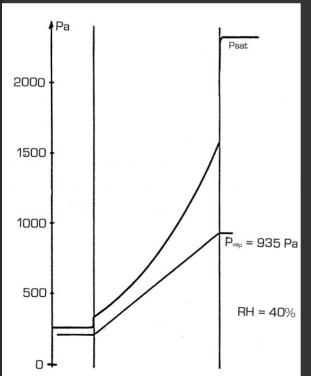
- ▶ Condensation from humid air infiltration
 - reaching of dew-point °T
 - assessing the condensation risk

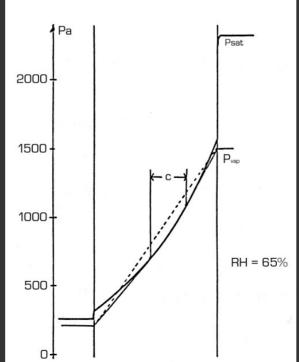
Material	λ _{vap} [mg / m h Pa]
Air	0.64
Concrete	0.004 - 0.010
Brick	0.10 - 0.175
Mineral wool	0.32 - 0.64

Image by MIT OCW.

 $J_{\text{vap}} = S \Delta p / R_{\text{vap}}$

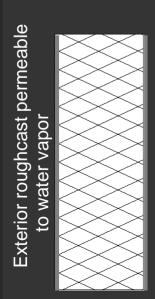
 $\mathsf{Rvap} = \sum \mathsf{Rvap} \, \mathsf{i} = \sum \mathsf{di} \, / \, \lambda \mathsf{vap} \, \mathsf{i}$

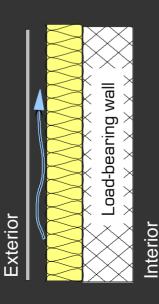


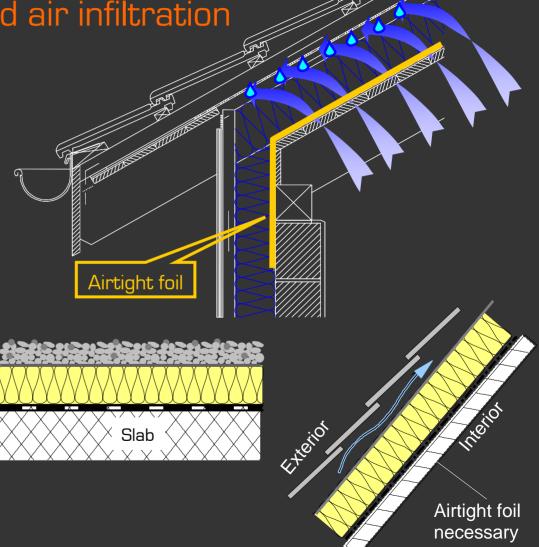


▶ Condensation from humid air infiltration

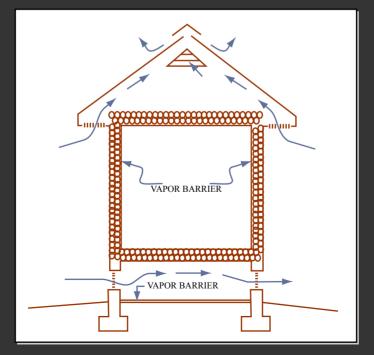
- reaching of dew-point °T
- prevention measures

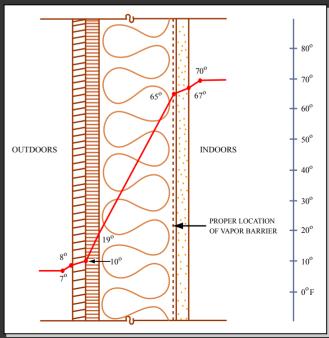






- ▶ Condensation from humid air infiltration
 - reaching of dew-point °T
 - prevention measures
 - vapor retarder on warm side (before insulation)(vapor barrier)





Thermal Insulation, Condensation/moisture

- ▶ Reading assignment from Textbook:
 - "Introduction to Architectural Science" by Szokolay: § 1.4.3 1.4.4 + § 1.5.4
- Additional readings relevant to lecture topics:
 - "How Buildings Work" by Allen: Chap 8, Chap 12
 - "Heating Cooling Lighting" by Lechner: Chap 15