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;; recon-test.scm
;;
;; Test the type reconstructor for Scheme/R
;;
;; You must load Scheme+ and recon.scm before running this code.
;;
;;
;; To run the test suite, execute
;;
;; (run-tests)
;;
;;

;; Modified from FL test suite by BJR

(define test-suite '())
(define test-counter 0)
(define test-recon-failed (list 'recon-failed))
(define halt-on-error #t)

(define-datatype test-case
(test-case int sexp type-sexp))

(define (atest-case-n atest-case)
(match atest-case
((test-case n _ _) n)))

(define (atest-case-exp atest-case)
(match atest-case
((test-case _ exp _) exp)))

(define (atest-case-type-sexp atest-case)
(match atest-case
((test-case _ _ tsexp) tsexp)))

(define (add-test! sexp result)
(set! test-counter (1+ test-counter))
(set! test-suite (cons (test-case test-counter sexp result)
                       test-suite))
unspecific)

(define (run-tests)
(let ((passed #t))
(for-each
(lambda (atest-case)
(newline)
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(for-each display
                (list "Running test " (atest-case-n atest-case) " ..."))
(run-test atest-case
                (lambda (passed? val)
                (if passed?
                (display " OK!")
                (begin (set! passed #f)
                        (test-failed atest-case val))))))
(reverse test-suite))
(newline)
(if passed
(for-each display (list "Test Suite passed -- "
                                (length test-suite)
                                " test cases.")))
unspecific))


(define (test-failed atest-case val)
(match atest-case
((test-case n sexp result)
(let ((msg (apply error-string
                (string-append
                        "\nTest Case " (number->string n) " Failed:")
                ""
                (list sexp result val))))
(if halt-on-error
        (error msg)
        (display msg))))
))

(define (run-test test return)
;; Returns two values:
;; * A boolean that indicates whether the actual value matched the expected one.
;; * The actual value of the test.
(if (eq? (atest-case-type-sexp test) test-recon-failed)
(let ((bool&val
        (call-with-current-continuation
        (lambda (k)
                (fluid-let ((standard-error-hook
                        (lambda (condition)
                                (k (cons #t test-recon-failed)))))
                (cons #f (check (atest-case-prog test))))))))
(return (car bool&val) (cdr bool&val)))
(let ((bool&val
        (call-with-current-continuation
        (lambda (k)
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i. (fluid-let ((standard-error-hook
    1. (lambda (condition)
        a. (k (cons #f (with-output-to-string
            i. (lambda ()
            ii. (write-condition-report
                1. condition
                2. (current-output-port)))))))))
ii. (let* ((ignore (reset-tvariable-counter!))
    1. (recon-type (reconstruct (parse (atest-case-exp test))
        1. standard-type-environment)))
iii. (cons (compare-types
    1. recon-type
    2. (instantiate-schema
    3. (parse-schema (atest-case-type-sexp test))))
    4. recon-type)))))))
59. (return (car bool&val) (cdr bool&val)))))

60. (define (compare-types t1 t2)
61. (call-with-current-continuation
62. (lambda (k)
63. (fluid-let ((standard-error-hook
    i. (lambda (condition)
    ii. (k #f))))
64. (begin (unify! t1 t2)
    a. #t)))))

65. (add-test! '(let ((g (lambda (x) x)))
    a. (if (g #t) (g 1) (g 2)))
    b. 'int)

66. (add-test! '(lambda (g)
    a. (if (g #t) (g 1) (g 2)))
    b. test-recon-failed)

67. (add-test! '(lambda (f)
    a. (let ((g f))
        i. (if (g #t) (g 1) (g 2))))
    b. test-recon-failed)

68. (add-test! '(lambda (f)
    a. (let ((g (lambda (x) (f x))))
        i. (if (g #t) (g 1) (g 2))))
    b. test-recon-failed)

69. (add-test! '(letrec ((fact (lambda (n)
        1. (if (= n 0)
            a. 1
            b. (* n (fact (- n 1)))))))
    b. fact)
    c. '(-> (int) int))

70. (add-test!
71. '(letrec ((map (lambda (p l)
        i. (if (null? l)
        ii. (null)
        iii. (cons (p (car l))
            1. (map p (cdr l)))))))
72. map)
73. '(generic (?t-17 ?result-16)
74. (-> ((-> (?t-17) ?result-16) (list-of ?t-17)) (list-of ?result-16))))

75. (add-test! '(lambda (x y)
    a. (letrec ((map (lambda (p l)
        1. (if (null? l)
            a. (null)
            b. (cons (p (car l))
                i. (map p (cdr l)))))))
        ii. (append x
            1. (map (lambda (y-elt)

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                    a. (if y-elt 1 0))
                2. y))))
    b. '(-> ((list-of int) (list-of bool)) (list-of int)))

76. (add-test! '(letrec ((^ (lambda (p n)
                    1. (if (= n 0)
                    2. (lambda (x) x)
                    3. (lambda (x)
                        a. (p ((^ p (- n 1)) x)))))))
    b. ^)
    c. '(generic (?x-11) (-> ((-> (?x-11) ?x-11) int) (-> (?x-11) ?x-11))))


77. ; Functions defined by letrec can be used polymorphically in the body
78. ; of the letrec.

79. (add-test! '(letrec ((g (lambda (x) x)))
        a. (if (g #t) (g 1) (g 2)))
        b. 'int)

80. ; ... but letrec definitions aren't polymorphic over themselves.

81. ;Should fail
82. (add-test! '(letrec ((g (lambda (x) x))
                    i. (h (lambda () (if (g #t) (g 1) (g 2)))))
        b. (if (g #t) (g 1) (g 2)))
        c. test-recon-failed)

83. ; Should fail
84. (add-test! '(letrec ((f (lambda (x) x))
                    i. (g (lambda () (f 1))))
        b. (f #t))
        c. test-recon-failed)

85. ; A number of potential LETREC bugs are found by the following simple test,
86. ; which should fail.
87. (add-test! '(letrec ((a (lambda () 3))
                    i. (b (lambda () (if (a) 1 2))))
        b. (b))
        c. test-recon-failed)

88. ; Self-application should fail ...
89. (add-test! '(lambda (f) (f f))
        a. test-recon-failed)

90. ; ... unless we know what we're self-applying
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;
(add-test! '(let ((twice (lambda (f) (lambda (x) (f (f x))))))
  (twice twice))
  '(generic (?result-6)
  (-> ((-> (?result-6) ?result-6)) (-> (?result-6) ?result-6))))

(add-test!
'(let ((g (lambda (x) x)))
(if ((g g) #t) ((g g) 1) ((g g) 2)))
'int)

; Infinite loops match any type
;
(add-test! '(letrec ((loop (lambda () (loop))))
  (lambda (x)
    (if x 3 (loop))))
  '(-> (bool) int))

    (add-test! '(letrec ((loop (lambda () (loop))))
  (lambda (x)
    (if x "three" (loop))))
  '(-> (bool) string))

    ; Type clash: string vs. int
    (add-test! '(letrec ((loop (lambda (b) (if b 1 (loop b)))))
  (lambda (x)
    (if x "three" (loop x))))
  test-recon-failed)


    ;;; Hairy examples with identity

    ; type clash (-> (bool) bool) (-> (int) bool)
    (add-test! '(lambda (x)
  (let ((id (lambda (a) a)))
    (let ((id2 (if #t
                   id
                   x)))
      (if (id2 #f) (id2 3) 4))))
  test-recon-failed)

    (add-test! '((lambda (x)
      (let ((id (lambda (a) a)))
        (if #t
            id
            x)))
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b. (lambda (z) z))
c. '(generic (?z-2) (-> (?z-2) ?z-2)))

107. (add-test! '(lambda (x)
a. (begin (set! x 3)
    i. x))
b. '(-> (int) int))

108. (add-test! '((lambda (+ *)
    i. (primop + 1 2))
b. (lambda (x) x)
c. (lambda (x) (* x x)))
d. 'int)