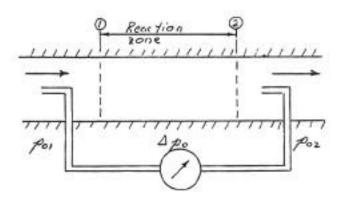
## Problem 5.7

Pressure drop in a reaction zone



The sketch shows a liquid emulsion—a finely-divided mixture of two immiscible, incompressible liquids—with mean density  $\rho_I$  entering a reaction zone of a constant-area reactor with speed  $V_I$ . The components of the emulsion react chemically in the reaction zone and leave at station 2 as one homogeneous phase with density  $\rho_2$ . Pitot tubes are installed upstream and downstream of the reaction zone. These measure the total (or stagnation) pressure

$$p_o = p + \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2.$$

Assuming that the flow is inviscid, steady, and one-dimensional, obtain an expression for the change in total pressure from 1 to 2, expressed in the dimensionless form

$$\frac{p_{01} - p_{02}}{\frac{1}{2} \rho_1 V_1^2} ,$$

as a function of the density ratio  $\rho_2/\rho_1$ .

HINT ANSWER