Information and Communication Technologies in Community Development 11.423

February 3, 2004

Introductions

- 1. Instructors
- 2. Students; Program group/interests
- 3. What you hope to learn/experience; Why you are interested in the subject
- 4. Syllabus

Schedule

- 1. Course Introduction
 - a. Pedagogical Model Community Development; E-planning; Action Research
 - b. Problem Home Ownership, Context the City of Lawrence
 - c. Client Lawrence Community Works, Inc.
 - d. Project A Strategic Vision for Strengthening Families and Neighborhoods
 - e. Logistical Matters Transportation, Language Issues, etc.
- 2. BREAK (5:15 to 5:30)
- 3. Client Introduction
 - a. Presentation by Andre Leroux, Neighborhood Planner, LCW Inc.b. Q & A

4. END (7:00)

Pedagogical Model - Community Development; E-planning; Action Research

Community Development

- Homeownership and neighborhood stability
- Building as a community revitalization strategy
- Vacant and abandoned property problems

E-Planning

-Data Collection and Local Knowledge -Public Participation GIS -What if?

Communication

- -Building institutional capacity through collaborative planning
- Information in communicative planning
- Reflection

Problem – Home ownership, Context – The City of Lawrence

Impressions and knowledge of Lawrence

-What do people think they know?

- Facts about Lawrence
 - -Founded in 1847, highly planned industrial town population of about 72,000
 - -Located 25 miles north of Cambridge; textile manufacturing (cotton/wool)
 - -Long known as "Immigrant City" Mid 1800s; Ireland/Canada/Eng/Germany
 - -Early 1900s; Italy, Poland, Lithuania; Mid 1900s; DR, PR, Vietnam, Cambodia
 - -2000 Census; 60% inhabitants self-identify as Latino (N and NW map)
 - -Highest proportion of Latino student enrollment in the state, 81%

-Median household income \$28K; \$47K Massachusetts

- -68% of housing units are renter occupied; national home ownership rate 68%
- -Unemployment around 14%, around 6-7% region

-Size and age; Third Tier City like Camden, Lowell, Reading

Facts about the North Common Neighborhood

-Residential; North of the Merrimack River; Poorest neighborhood in the city -Former working class white community, began to change in the 1960s/1970s

-About 90% of residents are Latino (DR and PR)

-Today more than half the residents live in poverty

-Home ownership from 7% in 2001 to 9% in 2002

-One-third of land vacant/abandoned buildings

Client – Lawrence Community Works, Inc.

A Bit of History

-Formerly Lawrence Planning & Neighborhood Development Corporation

-1986 by affordable housing activists/170 unit; 1998 defunct

-1999; Bill Traynor, native, community development consultant

-Tamar, Kristen, and Jessica beginning community org efforts

Community Works Today

-Staff of about 30/a multi-million dollar operation

-Bricks and mortar; Community organizing

-Other - Tom Gaglianni. Mollye Wolhan, Maggie Super

Project – A Strategic Vision for Strengthening Families and Neighborhoods

The Reviviendo Gateway Initiative (RGI) – a movement; smoke and mirrors? -Entrance off of 495; Opportunity to redevelop/reframe

-Resident led strategy (700+)

-Zoning Overlay District; expedite development

The LCW Design Center

The IDA Program

-Family asset building

-Investing in people as well as place

-Matched savings accounts

-For purposes such as home ownership, education, & small business

-At rates as high as \$4 for every dollar saved

-Allows states to use welfare block grants to match savings in IDAs

-Sponsored by Carol Mosely-Braun; bi-partisan support

-Local organizations (often non-profit) counsel and monitor

participants/control match funds