12.842 / 12.301 Past and Present Climate Fall 2008

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Climate Physics and Chemistry Fall 2008

1. You will calculate the amount of anthropogenic  $CO_2$  taken up by the ocean when ocean parameters have changed in response to global climate change. Follow the method given in the course notes, and apply corrections for the changed conditions. All of the proposed changes are random and hypothetical; the real world may change in the opposite sense. In order to keep the calculation simple, you are to suppose that  $CO_2$  was added in a single pulse 56 years ago (where today=2059 A.D.), then emissions controlled so as to keep atmospheric  $CO_2$  constant during the next 56 years. We will ignore biospheric carbon uptake.

Assume that the following factors apply uniformly during the 56 year period:

- (a) the Revelle buffer factor R = 9 (lower because the ocean has warmed)
- (b) the mean life of  $CO_2$  in the atmosphere has doubled to 56 years (because of emission controls).
- (c) total atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> just before the 56 year period begins is  $130 \times 10^{15}$  moles (doubled from 1800 A.D.)
- (c) the mixed layer is 50 m deep (less than today because of decreased wind speeds), and the ocean averages 3810 m depth (because of melting polar ice).
- (d) the mass of CO<sub>2</sub> in the mixed layer of the ocean just prior to the CO<sub>2</sub> pulse was  $34\times10^{15}$  moles (the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration is higher than in 2004 A.D. because of higher atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> but the total in the mixed layer is lower because of the thinner mixed layer).
- (e) 56 years ago,  $30 \times 10^{15}$  moles of anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> were added to the atmosphere (increasing the total to  $160 \times 10^{15}$  moles) at a time when the ocean was already at steady-state with respect to CO<sub>2</sub> (this assumption made to simplify the problem), and <u>since that time</u> emission controls have mandated that additional CO<sub>2</sub> can only be added at a rate that keeps atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> levels constant)
- (f) during this time, 4 meters/year of bottom water has formed (cold water mass formation having perversely increased despite global warming)
- (g) during this time, 250 m of surface water has penetrated into the thermocline below the mixed layer (less than would occur during 56 years today because of a more stable thermocline caused by an increased vertical temperature gradient).

Calculate how much anthropogenic  $CO_2$  is added to the whole system over this period (the initial increment 56 years ago plus that added since that time to keep the atmosphere constant), and what percentage of it goes into the ocean.