

CENTRAL BANK ACCOUNTS

- R = International Reserves
- M = Money supply
- D = Domestic Credit

Central Bank				
R	M			
D				

START

- Assume we are in an emerging market
- Assume that exchange rate is fixed to one peso is one dollar

Centra	al Bank	Consumers	Government
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Bond 2
D o		Bond 2	

- Transactions among consumers
- Increase money supply
- Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)
- Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers
- Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank
- Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing
- Export services

CONSUMERS

- Any transaction between consumers does not change the balance sheet.
- Can all the pesos be converted to dollars at the prevailing rate?

Centra	al Bank	Consumers	Government		
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Bond 2		
D o		Bond 2			

	M/R	DD	FD
Transactions among consumers	0	O	O
Increase money supply			
Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)			
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers			
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank			
Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing			
Export services			

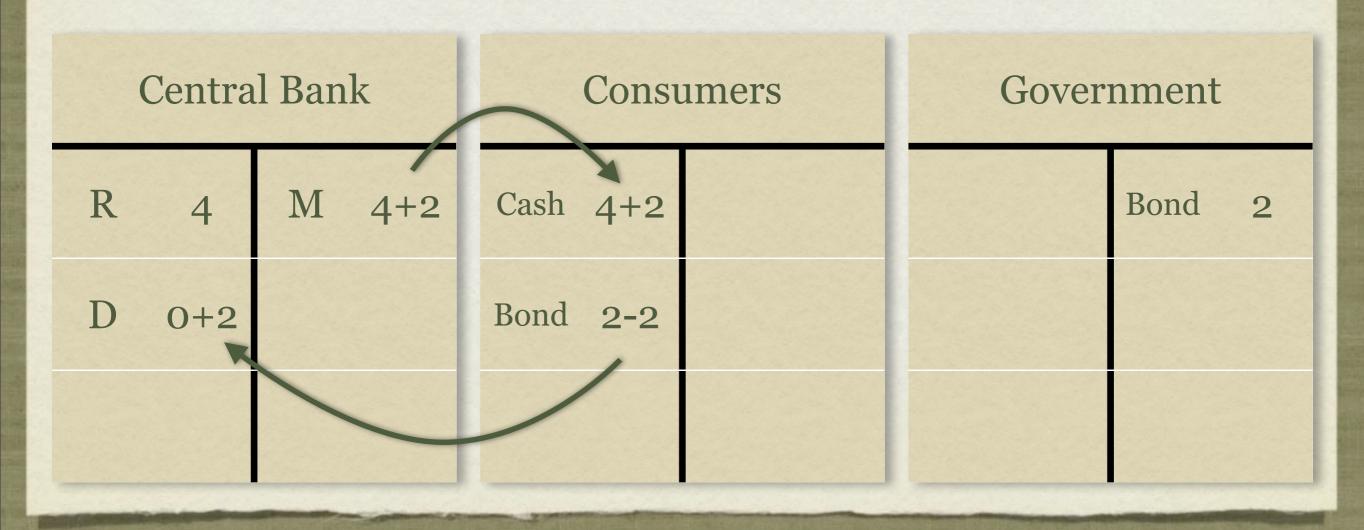
INCREASE MONEY

Central bank purchases from consumers the bonds

Centra	al Bank	Consumers	Government		
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Bond 2		
D o		Bond 2			

INCREASE MONEY

Central bank purchases from consumers the bonds



INCREASE MONEY

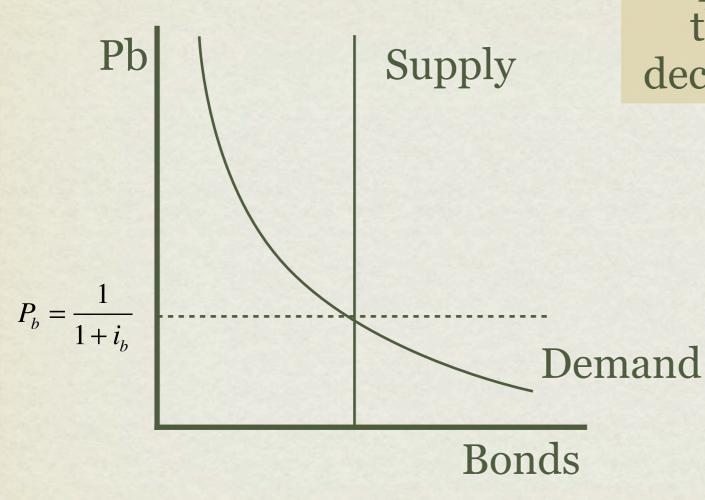
 Can all the pesos be converted to dollars at the prevailing rate?

Printing without backing

Cei	Central Bank			Consumers			Government		
R	4	M	6	Cash	6			Bond 2	
D	2			Bond	0				

	M/R	DD	FD
Transactions among consumers	0	O	0
Increase money supply		0	0
Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)			
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers			
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank			
Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing			
Export services			

IMPACT ON THE INTEREST RATE

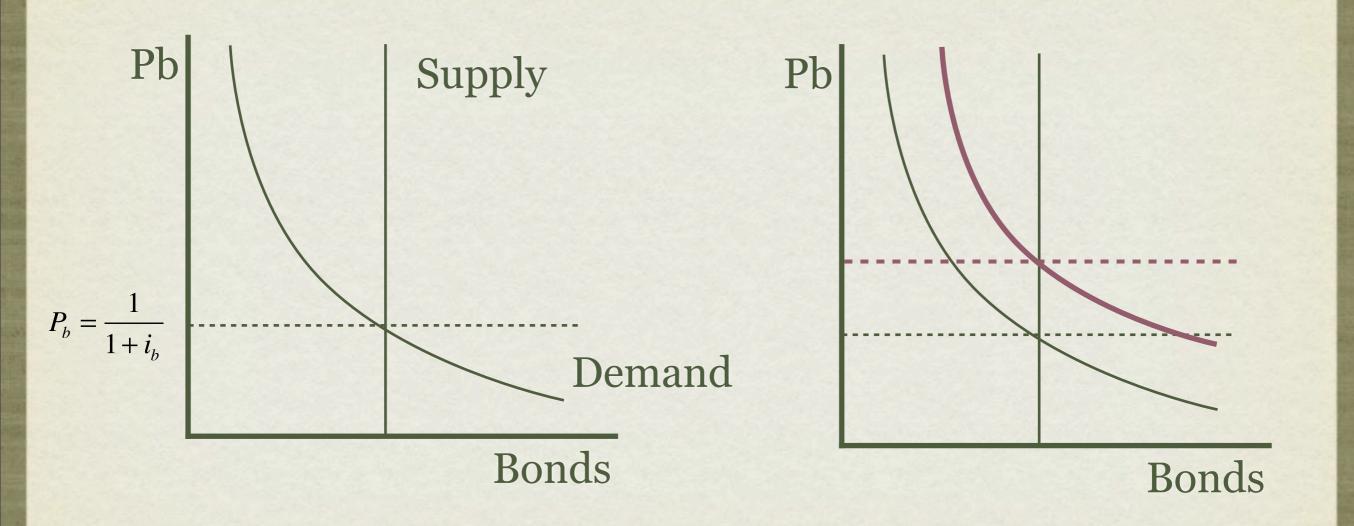


Supply is given by the treasuries decision to borrow

Demand includes 3 agents:

- •How many bonds do consumers want?
- •How many do foreigners want?
- How many the central bank wants?

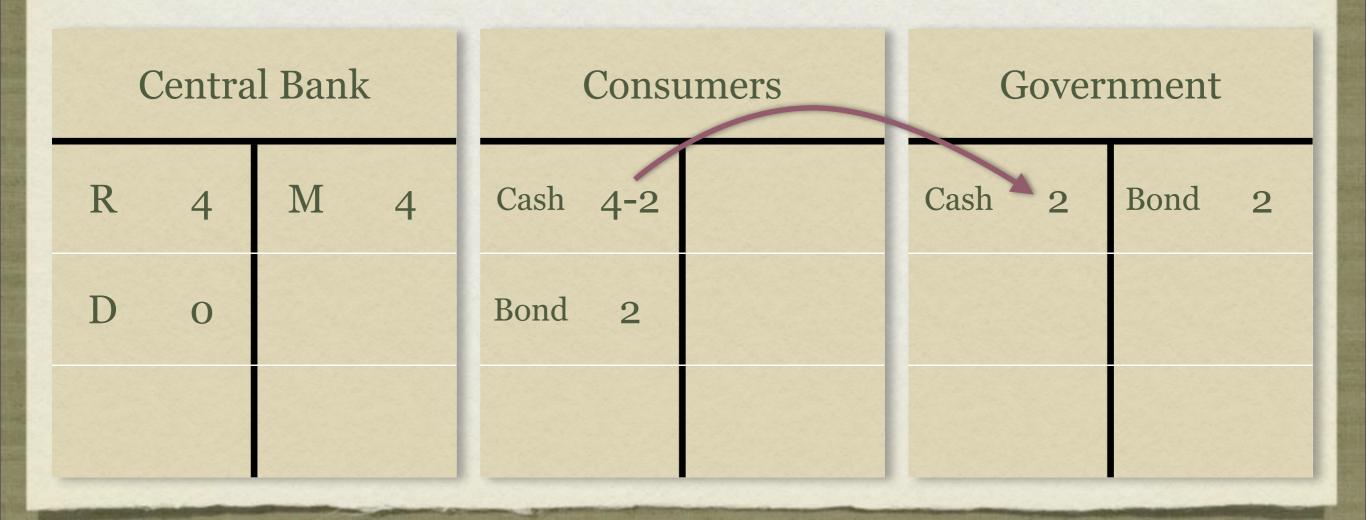
IMPACT ON THE INTEREST RATE



Tax consumers and spend money

Centra	al Bank	Consumers	Government
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Bond 2
D o		Bond 2	

Tax consumers - taxes are paid in cash



 When the government spends the money they buy services from consumers and pay the cash

Central Bank			Consumers			Government				
R	4	M	4	Cash	2+2		Cash	2-2	Bond	2
D	0			Bond	2					

- Fiscal policy with balance budget has no impact on the aggregate balance sheet.
- Can all the pesos be converted to dollars at the prevailing rate?

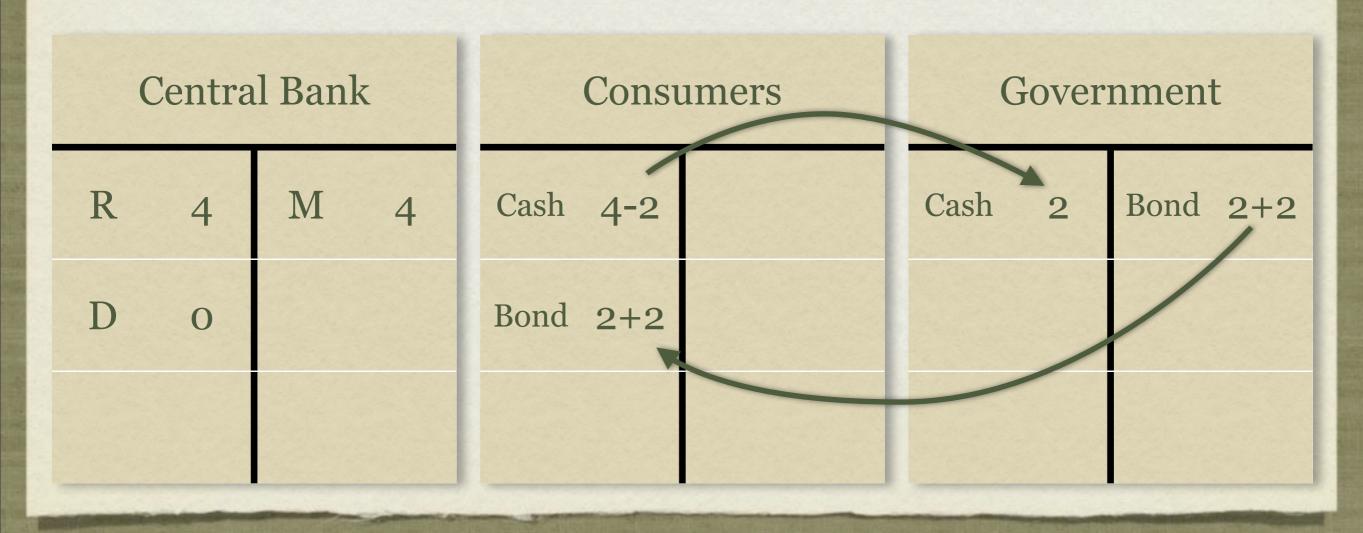
Centra	al Bank	Consumers	Government		
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Bond 2		
D o		Bond 2			

	M/R	DD	FD
Transactions among consumers	0	O	0
Increase money supply	1	0	0
Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)	0	O	0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers			
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank			
Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing			
Export services			

- Now the government borrows from the consumers (sells bonds in exchange of cash)
- And then it spends the cash

Centra	al Bank	Consumers	Government		
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Bond 2		
D o		Bond 2			

Selling the bond



 Total cash out of the central bank does not change with the transaction.

Central Bank		Consumers	Government
R 4	M 4	Cash 2	Cash 2 Bond 4
D o		Bond 4	

Spend taxes

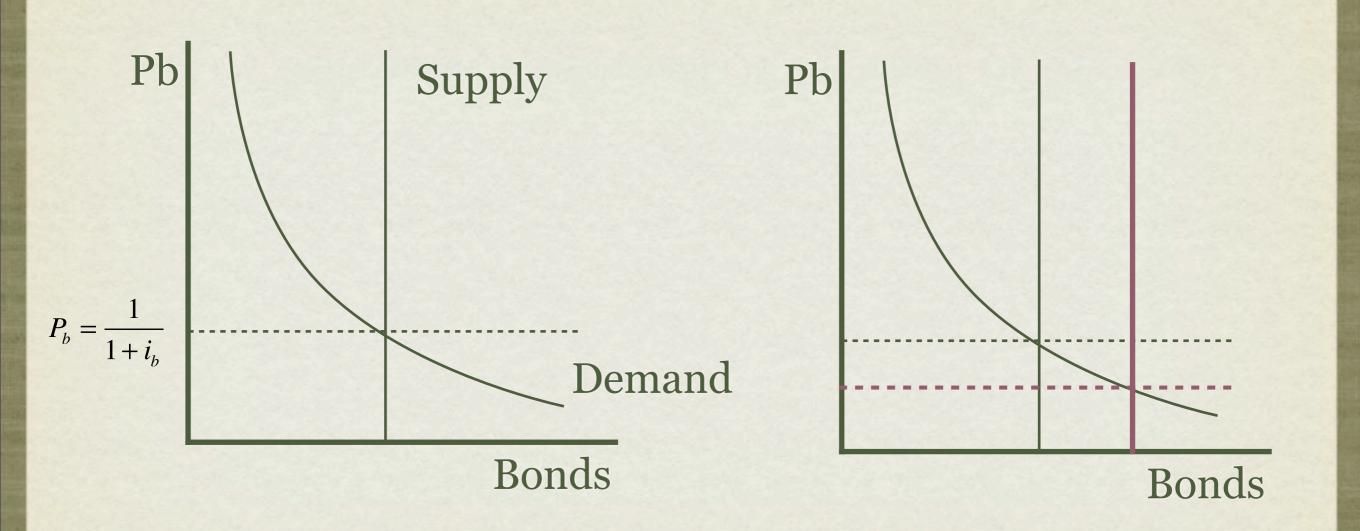
Central Bank	Consumers	Government		
R 4 M 4	Cash 2+2	Cash 2-2 Bond 4		
D o	Bond 4			

- Can all the pesos be converted to dollars at the prevailing rate?
- Government debt increases. The consequence is that domestic interest rates increase. That is exactly what happens in the ISLM.

Central Bank		Consumers		Government	
R 4	M 4	Cash 4			Bond 4
D o		Bond 4			

	M/R	DD	FD
Transactions among consumers	0	O	0
Increase money supply		0	0
Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)	0	O	0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers	0		0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank			
Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing			
Export services			

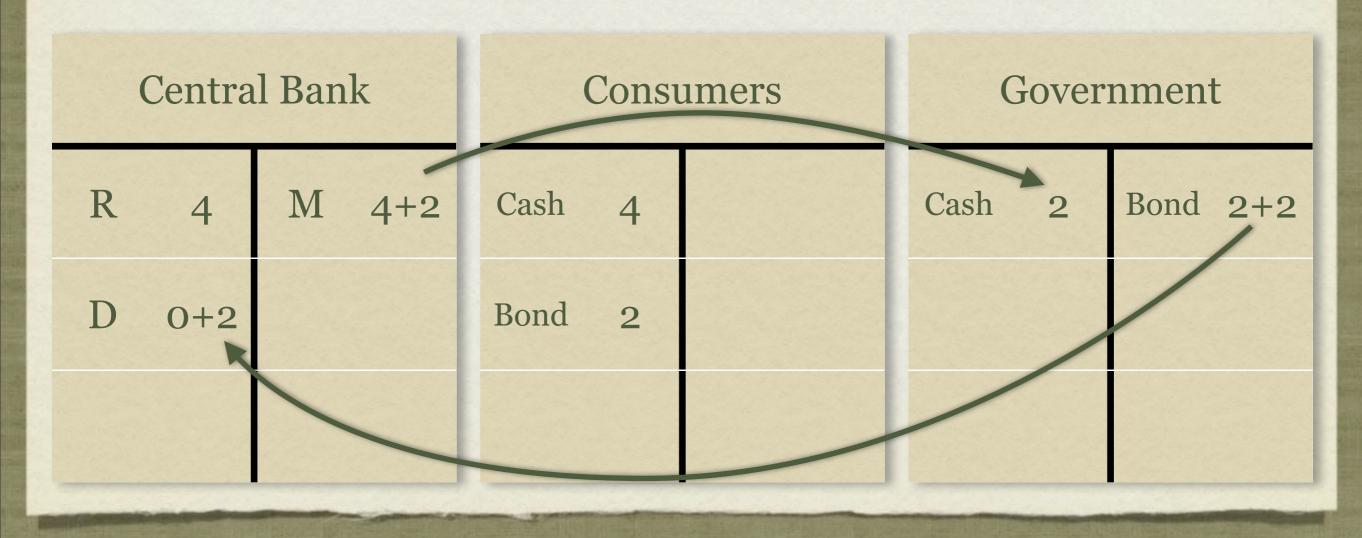
IMPACT ON THE INTEREST RATE



- The government borrows from the central bank (sells bonds in exchange of cash)
- And then it spends the cash

Central Bank		Consumers	Government	
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Bond 2	
D o		Bond 2		

- Borrowing from the Central Bank (selling the bond to the Central Bank)
- The Central Bank pays with cash (in other words we are printing money again).



- Debt of the government has increased
- Cash out of the central bank has also increased

Central Bank		Consumers		Government					
R 4	4 M	6	Cash	4		Cash	2	Bond	4
D 2	2		Bond	2					

Spending

Central Bank		Consumers	Government	
R 4	M 6	Cash 4+2	Cash 2-2 Bond 2+2	
D 2		Bond 2		

- Debt increases and there is an imbalance between domestic currency and reserves.
- Can all the pesos be converted to dollars at the prevailing rate?

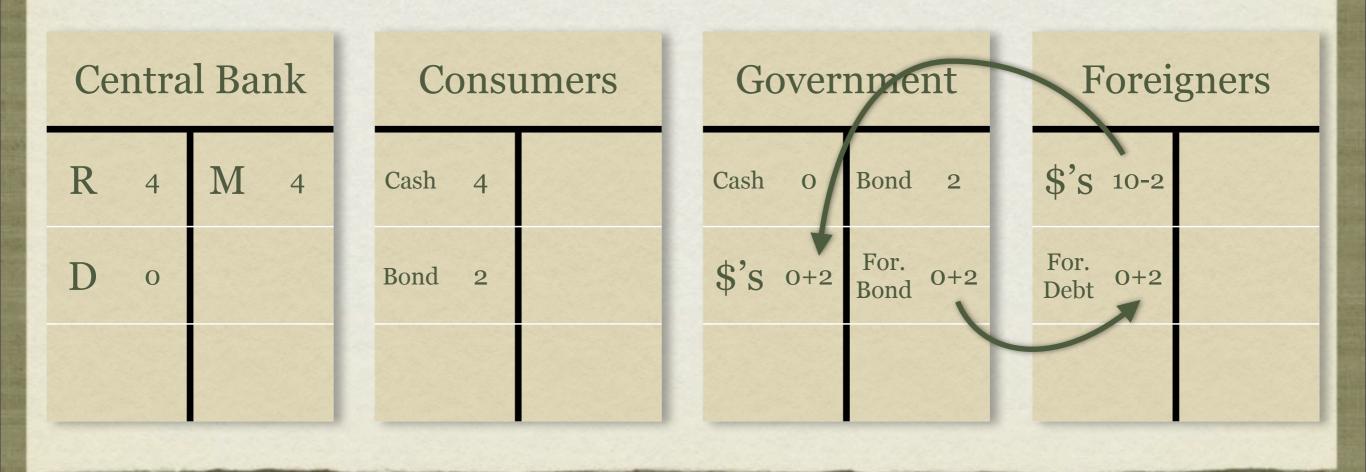
	Central Bank		Consumers		Government			
R	4	M	6	Cash	6			Bond 4
D	2			Bond	2			

	M/R	DD	FD
Transactions among consumers	0	O	O
Increase money supply		0	0
Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)	0	O	0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers	0		0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank			0
Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing			
Export services			

- The government issues debt in foreign currency (US\$) to foreigners and get dollars for it.
- They convert the dollars into pesos in the central bank
- Then the spend the money in the consumers

Central Bank		Consumers	Government	Foreigners	
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Cash O Bond 2	\$'s 10	
D o		Bond 2	\$'s O For. Bond O	For. O	

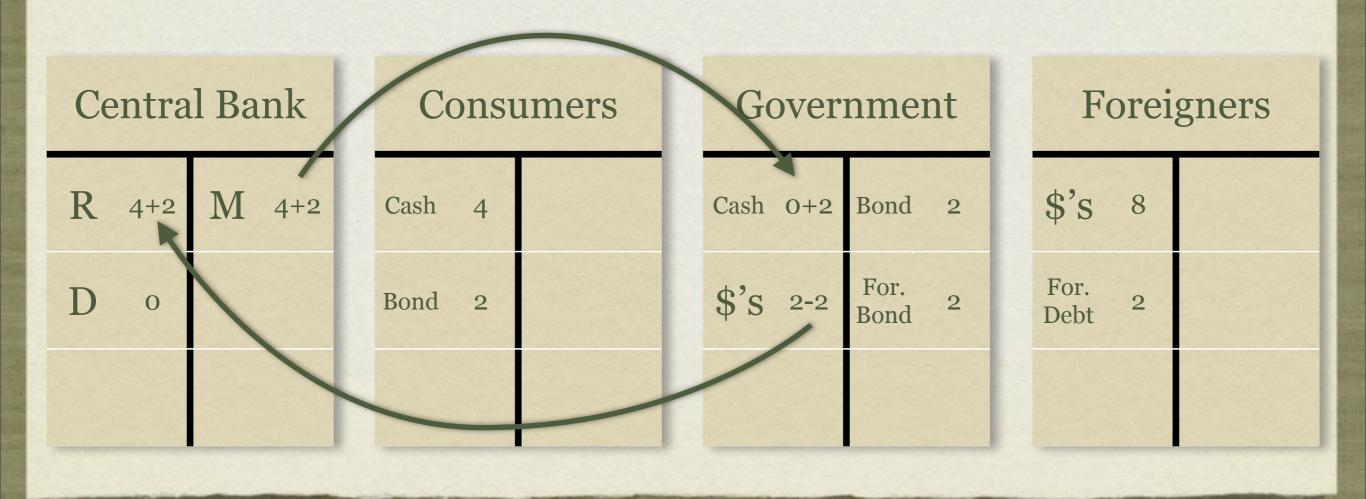
Borrow from Foreigners



 For the moment there is no impact on the domestic economy.

Central Bank		Consumers	Government	Foreigners	
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Cash o Bond 2	\$'s 8	
D o		Bond 2	\$'S 2 For. Bond 2	For. 2 Debt	

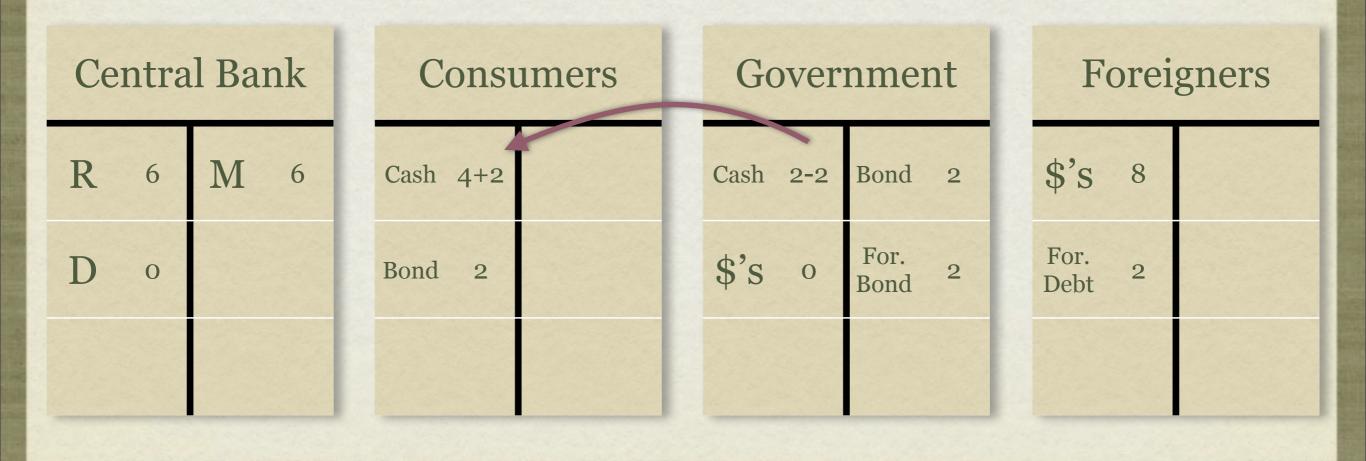
Change the dollars to pesos in the central bank



Change the dollars to pesos in the central bank

Central Bank	Consumers	Government	Foreigners		
R 6 M 6	Cash 4	Cash 2 Bond 2	\$'s 8		
D o	Bond 2	\$'S o For. Bond 2	For. 2 Debt		

Spend the money



- Notice that credibility is not affected!
- Foreign debt increases. That's all! This is why a lot of countries prefer to borrow in international markets. Very small consequences to the local economy.

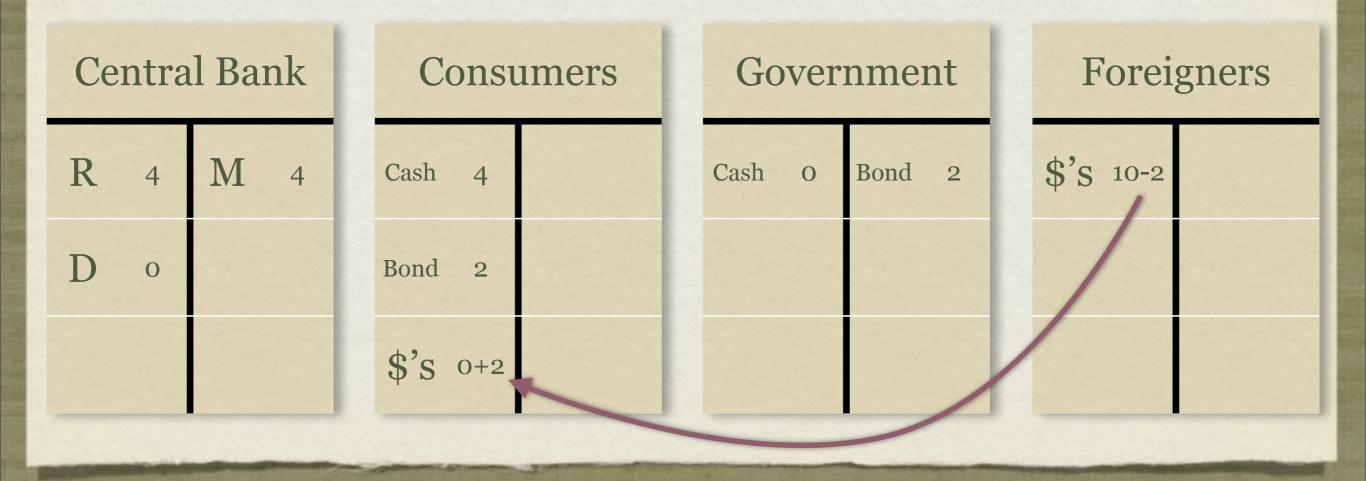
Central Bank	Consumers	Government	Foreigners
R 6 M 6	Cash 6	Cash O Bond 2	\$'s 8
D o	Bond 2	\$'s O For. Bond 2	For. 2

	M/R	DD	FD
Transactions among consumers	0	0	0
Increase money supply	4	0	0
Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)	0	0	0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers	0		0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank			0
Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing	0	0	
Export services			

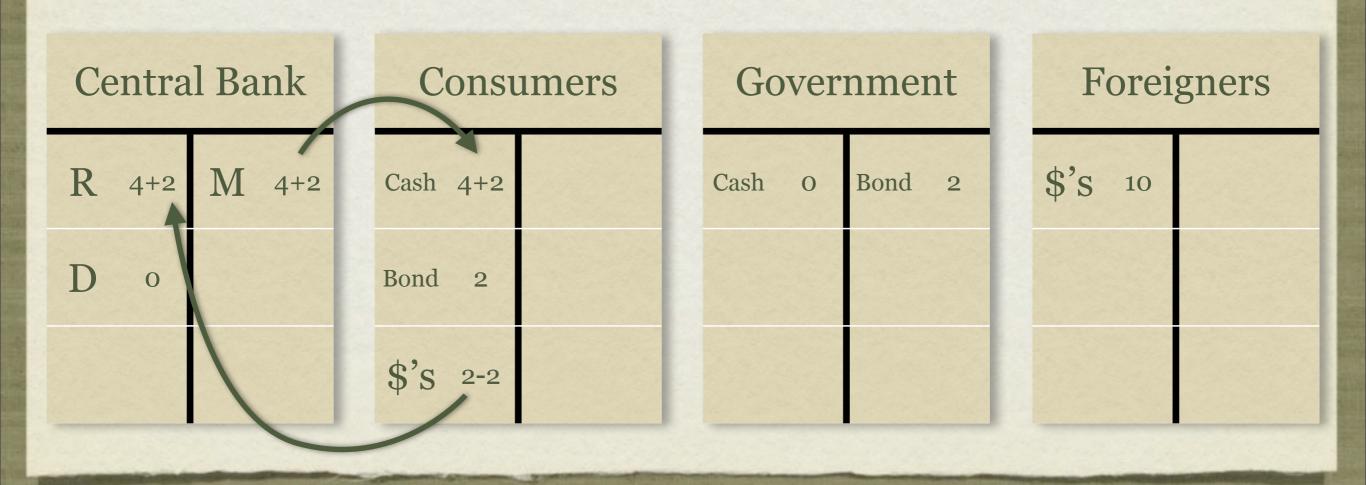
- Consumers sell services to foreigners. Foreigners pay with dollars.
- The consumers go to the central bank and exchange the dollars for pesos.

Centra	al Bank	Consumers	Government	Foreigners	
R 4	M 4	Cash 4	Cash o Bond 2	\$'S 10	
D o		Bond 2			
		\$'s o			

Sell services and goods to foreigners (the act of exporting)



Exchange of dollars for pesos



- Reserves increase
- Credibility of the currency is unafected

Centra	ll Bank	Consumers	Government	Foreigners
R 6	M 6	Cash 6	Cash O Bond 2	\$'s 8
D o		Bond 2		
		\$'s 0		

	M/R	DD	FD
Transactions among consumers	0	O	O
Increase money supply		0	0
Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)	0	O	0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers	0	4	0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank		1	0
Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing	0	0	
Export services	0	0	0

	M/R	DD	FD	R
Transactions among consumers	O	0	0	O
Increase money supply		0	0	O
Taxes and Government expenses (fiscal responsibility)	0	0	0	0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from consumers	0		0	0
Fiscal expenditures and borrow from central bank			0	0
Fiscal expenditures and foreign borrowing	0	0		
Export services	0	0	0	

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