Managing Organizations Session 5 Reward Systems & Incentives

Sloan School of Management

Lincoln Electric

Leading Organizations 10 October 2003 John Van Maanen

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Today

Lincoln Electric

- Video- Inside Lincoln
- Discussion:
 - Is this a "healthy" company?
 - What is the link between the strategy of the firm and the compensation system?
 - Why does it work?
 - What should they do in China?
- Wrap-up: The Empirical Evidence

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The Lincoln Philosophy

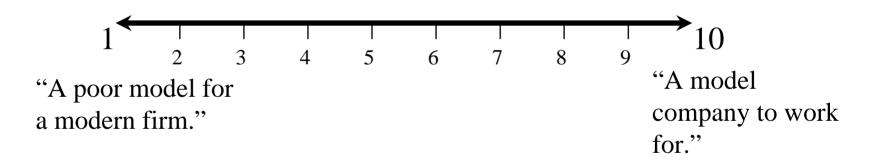
See the James Lincoln quote from 1951 in the case:

Björkman I., and C. Galunic. *Lincoln Electric in China*. INSEAD, 1999. European Case Clearing House Case No. 499-021-1.

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Is this a healthy organization to work for?



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In Europe

- Study of 460 companies in 13 industries
- 58% tied pay increases of executives to merit
- 25% of senior executive pay is variable
 - Up from 20% in 1996; Expected to be 31% by 2002
 - For non-management: 5% expected to go to 10%
- Only 4% reported that workers had a good understanding of the plans

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Some Cautions

- Rewards produce temporary compliance
 - Good for precise behaviours but not lasting commitment
 - Do not generate extra-role behaviour
- Rewards focus people on more rewards
 - They can undermine intrinsic motivation
 - Emphasize work as a means, not an end
- Reduction in rewards seen as punishment
 - Seeing large bonuses reduced in lean years may breed resentment.
 - Saturn, 1998
 - Ikea, 1999