# Process Design & Engineering\*

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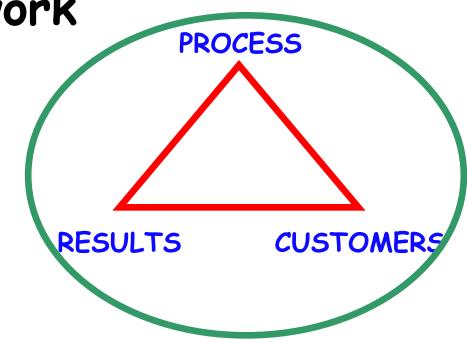
# Hammer's Process Concept

PROCESS: an organized group of related tasks that work together to create a result of value



·Some common processes

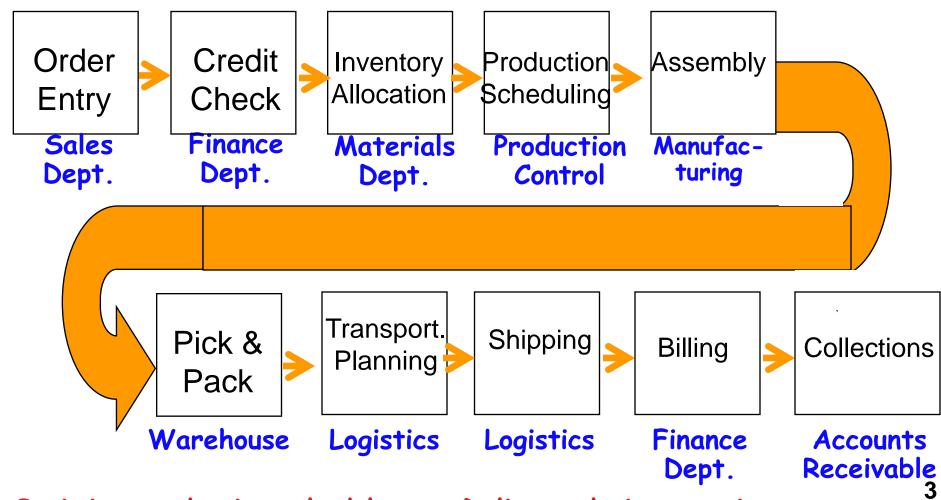
- order fulfillment
- procurement
- product development
- quality management



cross-functional, outcome-focused

Adapted from M. Hammer<sup>2</sup>

# Order Fulfillment: Mapping the Process & Owners



Optimize production schedules vs. Deliver solutions on time

## Process Orientation

# Process: An organized set of related tasks that come together to create a result of value

(e.g., order fulfillment process, product development process)

### Value-Added Work:

Necessary tasks the customer will pay for (e.g., assemble the product, design improved performance, reduce cost)

## Non-Value-Added Work:

Necessary tasks the customer will NOT pay for (e.g., update inventory records, install MRP, balance the books)

#### Waste:

Unnecessary tasks the customer will NOT pay for (e.g., rework improper assemblies, resolve manufacturing-sales disputes)

Adapted from M. Hammer

# Principles of High Performance Process Design

- A process should be performed by as few people as possible to minimize handoffs
- Strive for simplicity
   non-value-adding work <==> complexity
- •Structure in terms of alternatives rather than exceptions *triage* keeps the basic flows clean

## The Facets of the Process Enterprise

- Essentials
- •A Model of the Enterprise in Process terms
- Process Owners
- Designs
- Measurement
- Teams
- Leadership
- Enablers
- Process literacy
- Integration
- Coaching
- Culture
- Information Technology
- Facilities
- Human Resource Systems
- Management Systems

Adapted from M. Hammer<sup>6</sup>

#### **Cisco's Processes**

Idea to
Offering
(Pdt Dev)

Research to concept
Concept to commit Design to prototype
Validate to ramp up
Monitor to improve Improve to EOL

Market to Order (Sales)

Research to market identification Market identification to plan Campaign to lead Lead to order Account strategy to relationship

Quote to Cash (Order Fulfillment)

Quote to order entry
Order validation to commitment
Delivery to revenue recognition
Invoice to cash
Contract to renewal

Forecast to Delivery (Mfg Ops)

Forecast to demand Demand to Plan Manage to Buy Plan to Build Ship to Receive Commit to deliver service Issue to Resolution (Qual Imp)

Issue detection
to problem
identification
Develop
solution to
resolution
Return to
replace
Closed loop
feedback

#### SUPPORT THE BUSINESS

#### **Resource management**

Financial mgmt
Fixed assets mgmt
Hire to develop/develop to retire
Vendor/Partner mgmt
Other

#### **Business management**

Strategy and planning / Acquisitions Brand / Identity mgmt Knowledge mgmt/Intellectual Capital Customer feedback Metrics Review Other

## Recognizing a Process Enterprise

- Teams are the norm
   as opposed to an occasional exception
  - Workers are professionals with broad roles, responsibility, and decision-making authority
  - Measurement is taken seriously on an end-to-end basis
  - Supervisors act as coaches developing people but not managing their work
  - Structure revolves around processes w/ process owners
  - Teams are supported by the
    - -infrastructure: facilities & systems, and
    - -culture: customer orientation, sharing, accountability, discipline

Adapted from M. Hamme

# **Process Design Mindset**

- Maintain the customer's perspective (create process metrics to support customer view)
- Seek out process leverage points

(what would make a very big difference --pro or con?)

Increase the value added

(reengineer the product as well as the process)

"Is it worth it?"

(sensitivity to tradeoff)

Always ask "why?"

(what's the real purpose? --goal vs. mechanism)

Keep things simple

("complexity is the work of the devil")

Adapted from M. Hammer

# Reengineering Principles

- 1. Organize around outcomes, not tasks
- 2. Have those who use the output of a process perform the process
- 3. Subsume information-processing work into the real work that produces the information
- 4. Treat geographically dispersed resources as though they were centralized
- 5. Link parallel activities instead of integrating their results
- 6. Put the decision point where the work is performed, and build control into the process
- 7. Capture information once and at the source

Ref: M. Hammer

# Top Ten "Mistakes" in Reengineering (recast as "do's")

- 1. Understand the reengineering concept(s).
- 2. Identify your processes.
- 3. Understand existing processes. Don't over analyze them.
- 4. "Serious" and committed leadership is critical.
- 5. Encourage aggressively creative ideas.
- 6. Use prototypes and experiments to test ideas.
- 7. Be fast. Be focused.
- 8. Everything should be on the table.
- 9. Implementation should be fast, improvisational, iterative.
- 10. Tend to the needs of your people.

# The Process Transition

From To

Task	Process
Worker	Professional
Job	Career
Department	Resource pool
Supervise	Support
Productivity	Results
Compensation	Earnings
Manager	Owner/coach
Organization chart	Process model
Operating committee	Process council
Executive	Leader

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