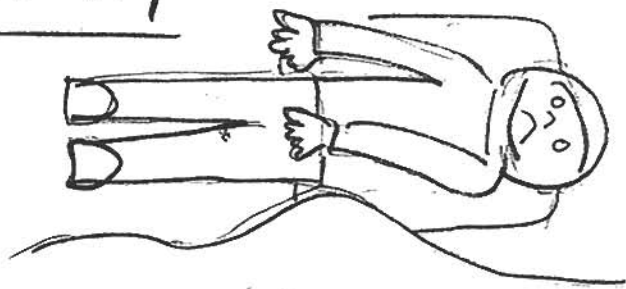


(I)

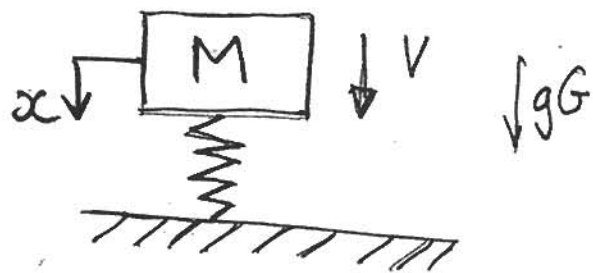
Dynamics - Fall on Hip



$$F_{max} = Kx_{max}$$

Diff Eq. $Kx = MgG - M\ddot{x}$

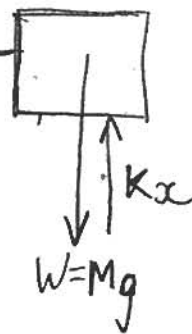
$$\Rightarrow M\ddot{x} + \underbrace{Kx}_{F_{max}} - MgG = 0$$



Solving for x_{max} gives

$$F_{max} = MgG \left[\left(\frac{v\omega_0}{gG} \right) \sin(\omega_0 t)_{max} - \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1 \right] \quad (1)$$

where $\omega_0^2 = \frac{K}{M}$



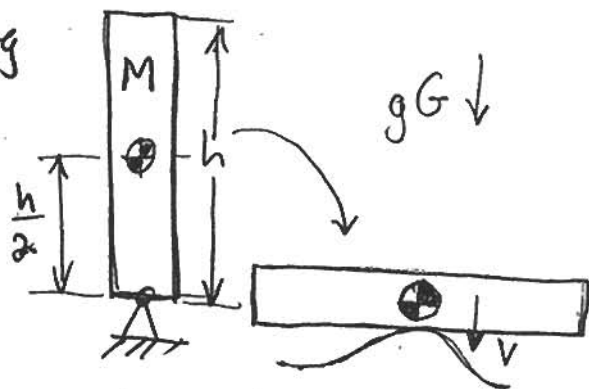
Solving for V

model: rigid slender rod pivoting at base

Potential Energy before fall
= Kinetic Energy after fall

$$MgG \frac{h}{2} = \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 \quad I = \frac{Mh^2}{3}$$

$$V = \frac{h}{2} \omega \Rightarrow \omega^2 = \frac{4V^2}{h^2}$$



$$\Rightarrow MgG \frac{h}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{Mh^2}{3} \frac{4V^2}{h^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow V^2 = \frac{3}{4} gGh$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{V = \frac{\sqrt{3gGh}}{2}} \quad (2)$$

Returning to (1) $F_{max} = MgG \left(\left(\frac{V\omega_0}{gG} \right) \sin(\omega_0 t) \right)_{max} - \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1$
 and using the fact that $\left(\frac{Mv\omega_0}{Mv\sqrt{K}} \right)_{max} \approx \frac{\pi}{2}$ rad

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{K}{M}$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{K}{M}}$$

we get $\boxed{F_{max} \approx V\sqrt{KM} + MgG} \quad ?$

Values:

K (estimated for soft tissue + spacesuit) ≈ 60 kN/m

M (including spacesuit + PLS) ≈ 183 kg

$h = 1.76$ m

$g = 9.81$ m/s²

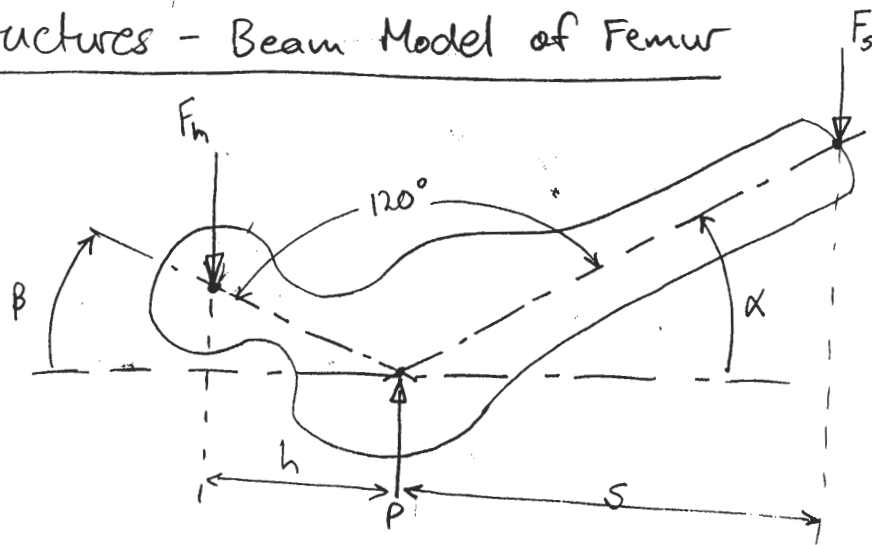
$G = 3/8$

$$(2) \rightarrow V = 2.20 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{F_{max} \approx 7.96 \text{ kN}}$$

II

Structures - Beam Model of Femur



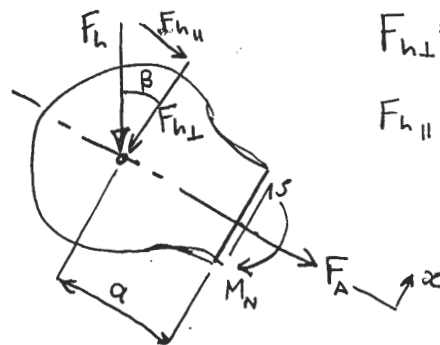
$$+\uparrow \sum F_v = 0 : P - F_h - F_s = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$+\curvearrowleft \sum (M)_p = 0 : (F_h)h - (F_s)s = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \rightarrow F_h = P - F_s$$

$$\rightarrow (2) \rightarrow F_s = P \left(\frac{h}{s+h} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow F_h = P \left(\frac{s}{s+h} \right)$$



$$F_{h\perp} = F_h \cos \beta$$

$$F_{h\parallel} = F_h \sin \beta$$

$$+\sum M_N = 0 : M_N - (F_{h\perp})a = 0 \Rightarrow M_N = P \left(\frac{as}{s+h} \right) \cos \beta$$

$$+\rightarrow \sum F = 0 : F_A + F_{h\parallel} = 0 \Rightarrow F_A = -P \left(\frac{s}{s+h} \right) \sin \beta$$

Normal Stress

Due to Moment: $\sigma_M = \frac{M_N \cdot x}{I}$

Due to axial force: $\sigma_F = \frac{F_A}{A}$

Total Stress in Neck: $\sigma_N = \sigma_M + \sigma_F = \frac{M_N \cdot x}{I} + \frac{F_A}{A}$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_N = P \left(\frac{s}{sth} \right) \left(\frac{ax \cos \beta}{I} - \frac{\sin \beta}{A} \right)$$

Values:

$$I = 1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^4 \quad A = 1.25 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

$$h = .03 \text{ m} \quad s = .18 \text{ m}$$

$$a = .025 \text{ m} \quad \beta = 50^\circ$$

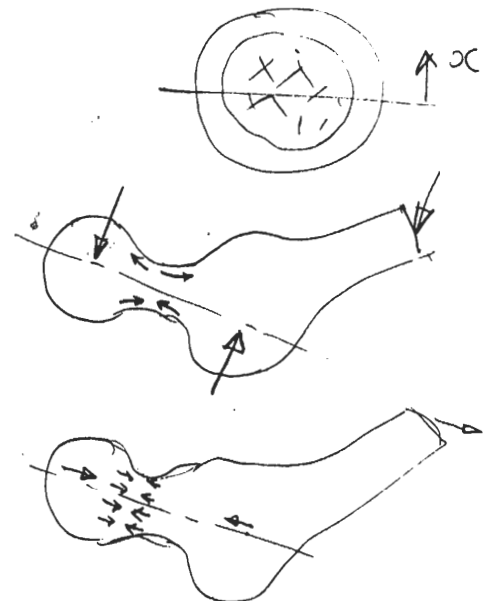
$$P = F_{\max} = 7.96 \text{ kN}$$

Tension Side $x = +.015 \text{ m}$

$$(\sigma_N)_t = 123 \text{ MPa}$$

Compression Side $x = -.015 \text{ m}$

$$(\sigma_N)_c = -206 \text{ MPa}$$



From literature:

$$\sigma_{ut} = 135 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{uc} = 199 \text{ MPa}$$

\therefore FAILS ON COMPRESSION SIDE

