$$\int_{1}^{4} \sqrt{t} \, \ln t \, dt$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/4} \tan^4\theta \sec^6\theta \,d\theta$$

$$\int \frac{10}{(x-1)(x^2+9)} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(5-4x-x^2)^{5/2}} \, dx$$

5. (a) Set up (but do not solve) the integral for the arc length along the curve $x = y + y^3$ from y = 1 to y = 4.

(b) Set up (but do not solve) the integral for the surface area of the surface obtained by rotating the curve given by

 $x = a\cos^3 t, \quad y = a\sin^3 t, \quad 0 \le t \le \pi/2$

about the x-axis. Here a is an arbitrary constant.

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