## Dot product problems

1. a) Compute $\langle 1,2,-4\rangle \cdot\langle 2,3,5\rangle$.
b) Is the angle between these two vectors acute, obtuse or right?

Answer: a) $\langle 1,2,-4\rangle \cdot\langle 2,3,5\rangle=1 \cdot 2+2 \cdot 3-4 \cdot 5=-12$.
b) Let $\theta$ be the angle between the vectors. Since the dot product is negative we have $\cos \theta<0$, which means $\theta>\pi / 2$. The angle is obtuse.
2. Suppose $\mathbf{B}=\langle 2,2,1\rangle$. Suppose also that $\mathbf{B}$ makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}=6$. Find $|A|$.
Answer: Since $30^{\circ}=\pi / 6$ radians and $|\mathbf{B}|=3$ we get

$$
6=\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}=|\mathbf{A}||\mathbf{B}| \cos (\pi / 6)=|\mathbf{A}| \cdot 3 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow|\mathbf{A}|=\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} .
$$

3. If $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}=0$ what is the angle between $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ ?

Answer: $\pi / 2$.

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### 18.02SC Multivariable Calculus

Fall 2010

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