## Comprehension questions

Problem 36.1. Find an explicit hyperbolic transformation which takes the geodesic $\{x=0, y>$ $0\}$ to $\left\{x^{2}+y^{2}=1, y>0\right\}$.

Problem 36.2. If a hyperbolic transformation exchanges the two points $(0,1 / 2)$ and $(0,1)$, what does it do to the point $(0,2)$, and why?

Problem 36.3. Take two points $z, w$ in the hyperbolic plane, so that $\operatorname{dist}(z, w)=r>0$. Show that there is a hyperbolic transformation which takes $z$ to $i$, and takes $w$ to $e^{r} i$.

Problem 36.4. Let $c$ be a geodesic, and $p$ a point not lying on the geodesic. Show that there is a unique geodesic through $p$ which intersects $c$ orthogonally.

Problem 36.5. Take a geodesic, and a hyperbolic circle centered at a point of that geodesic. Show that the two intersect each other orthogonally. (You did a special case of this in Problem 34.3, but don't use that here; we have much more elegant methods at our disposal now.)

Problem 36.6. Check by a direct computation that the inversion preserves the hyperbolic distance.

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