

~~So there exists~~

So $\text{tp}(b/M)$ contradicts $\text{over } d_{\varphi'}(p(y))$.

$\Rightarrow \exists c \in M$ & $\chi(y, z)$ st. $\neg \chi(b, c)$ and

$\chi(y, c)$ contradicts $d_{\varphi'}(p(y))$.

Let $A =$ set of parameters used in $d_{\varphi} p$, then

$$A \subseteq M, |A| \leq |T|.$$

By $|T|$ -saturation $\exists b' \in M$ st. $b' \equiv_{A, c} b$.

Then $\neg d_{\varphi} p(b')$ & $\not\models d_{\varphi'} p(b')$ (because $\chi(b', c)$).

So $d_{\varphi} p, d_{\varphi'} p$ do not ~~st~~ define the same φ -type in M .

(ii) Let B be any set. ~~Let B be any set.~~

We want to prove $p|_B$ is a complete consistent type.

~~consistent~~ let A be, as above, the set of parameters.

consistent: if not, there are $\varphi_i(x, b_i) \in p|_B$ $i < n$ st.

$\bigwedge \varphi_i(x, b_i)$ is inconsistent.

By saturation, find $\bar{b}' \equiv_{A, \bar{b}} \bar{b}$, $\bar{b}' \in M$.

Then $\varphi_i(x, b_i') \in p \forall i$ and $\bigwedge \varphi_i(x, b_i')$ is inconsistent ~~*~~