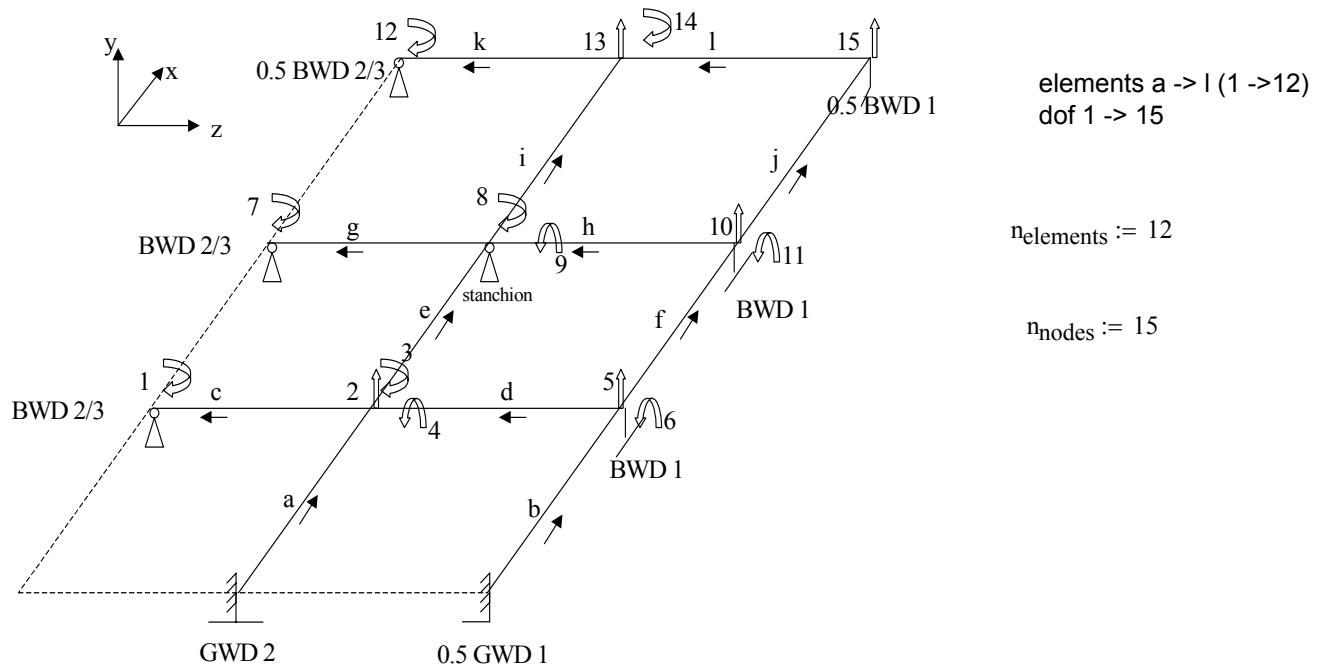


Example of Grillage Analysis

Step 1: Define the Structural Model

weather deck; "pinned" at deck edge, (dof 1,7,12), longitudinal symmetry at 0.5 module length (dof 12,13,15), transverse symmetry at CL (dof 5,6,10,11,15), clamped at transverse bulkhead.

ORIGIN := 1



Structural properties

Table 1

	L (ft)	I _e (in ⁴)	c _f (in)	M _P (in*lb)
GWD1	8	455.2	-12.945	
GWD2	8	561.0	-13.123	
BWD1	11.11	437.9	-12.626	1.818*10 ⁶
BWD2/3	16.66	215.3	-11.325	1.058*10 ⁶

$$p_1 = 2.01 \text{ psi}; p_2 = 2.01 \text{ psi}; \sigma_T = 13.782 \text{ ksi}; \sigma_C = -11.489 \text{ ksi}; \text{all HTS}$$

in mathcad terms:

$$\sigma_Y := 47000 \quad \sigma_T := 13782 \quad \sigma_C := -11489$$

#40

#24

#40

#49

$$I_{B1} := 437.9$$

$$I_{B2} := 215.3$$

$$I_1 := 455.2$$

$$I_2 := 561.0$$

$$c_{fb1} := -12.626$$

$$c_{fb2} := -11.325$$

$$c_{fg1} := -12.945$$

$$c_{fg2} := -13.123$$

$$B_1 := 11.11 \cdot 12$$

$$B_2 := 16.66 \cdot 12$$

$$A := 96$$

$$M_{P1} := 1.818 \cdot 10^6 \quad M_{P2} := 1.058 \cdot 10^6 \quad \text{plastic moment}$$

$$p_1 := 2.01 \quad p_2 := 2.01$$

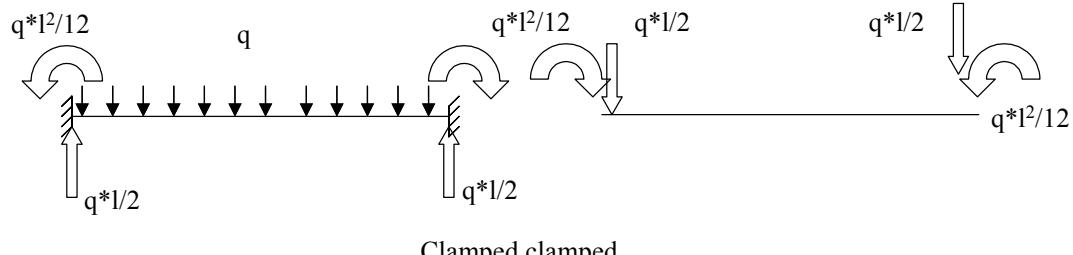
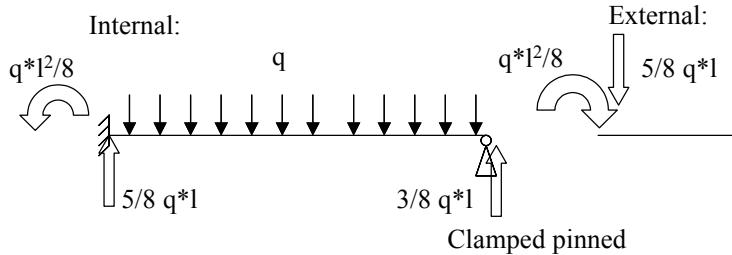
$$ie := 1 \dots n_{elements}$$

$$E_{ie} := 29.6 \cdot 10^6$$

convert distributed load to equivalent static

element properties:

$$l := \begin{pmatrix} A \\ A \\ B_2 \\ B_1 \\ A \\ A \\ B_2 \\ B_1 \\ A \\ A \\ B_2 \\ B_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad I := \begin{pmatrix} I_2 \\ I_1 \\ \frac{I_{B2}}{2} \\ I_{B2} \\ I_{B1} \\ I_2 \\ \frac{I_1}{2} \\ I_{B2} \\ I_{B1} \\ I_2 \\ \frac{I_1}{2} \\ \frac{I_1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad c_f := \begin{pmatrix} c_{fg2} \\ c_{fg1} \\ c_{fb2} \\ c_{fb1} \\ c_{fg2} \\ c_{fg1} \\ c_{fb2} \\ c_{fb1} \\ c_{fg2} \\ c_{fg1} \\ c_{fb2} \\ c_{fb1} \end{pmatrix}$$



MathCad version for internal moment distribution, q to be defined:

$$m := 1 \dots n_{elements} \quad q_m := 0$$

$$M_{CC}(m, x) := -.5 \cdot q_m \cdot \left(\frac{l}{m}\right)^2 \cdot \left[\frac{1}{6} - \frac{x}{l_m} + \left(\frac{x}{l_m}\right)^2 \right]$$

$$M_{CP}(m, x) := \frac{-q_m}{8} \cdot \left[\left(\frac{l}{m}\right)^2 - 5 \cdot \frac{x}{l_m} + 4 \cdot \frac{x^2}{l_m^2} \right]$$

q , and F defined:

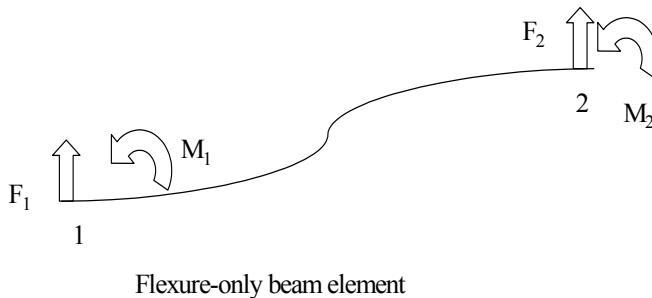
loads and F vector at nodes:
uses static equivalent and weighted average

loads from Faulkner distribution $q=pb/2$;
"forces" developed from static
equivalence for pinned/clamped beam
and clamped clamped beam:

$$q := \begin{pmatrix} \frac{p_1 \cdot B_1 + p_2 \cdot B_2}{4} \\ \frac{p_1 \cdot B_1}{4} \\ \frac{p_2 \cdot A}{2} \\ \frac{p_1 \cdot A}{2} \\ \frac{p_1 \cdot B_1 + p_2 \cdot B_2}{4} \\ \frac{p_1 \cdot B_1}{4} \\ \frac{p_2 \cdot A}{2} \\ \frac{p_1 \cdot A}{2} \\ \frac{p_1 \cdot B_1 + p_2 \cdot B_2}{4} \\ \frac{p_1 \cdot B_1}{4} \\ \frac{p_2 \cdot A}{4} \\ \frac{p_1 \cdot A}{4} \end{pmatrix} \quad F := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \cdot (1.25 \cdot q_3 \cdot l_3 + q_1 \cdot l_1 + q_5 \cdot l_5 + q_4 \cdot l_4) \\ \frac{q_4 \cdot (l_4)^2}{12} - \frac{q_3 \cdot (l_3)^2}{8} \\ \frac{q_1 \cdot (l_1)^2 - q_5 \cdot (l_5)^2}{12} \\ -5 \cdot (q_4 \cdot l_4 + q_2 \cdot l_2 + q_6 \cdot l_6) \\ \frac{q_2 \cdot (l_2)^2 - q_6 \cdot (l_6)^2}{12} \\ 0 \\ \frac{q_8 \cdot (l_8)^2}{12} - \frac{q_7 \cdot (l_7)^2}{8} \\ \frac{q_5 \cdot (l_5)^2 - q_9 \cdot (l_9)^2}{12} \\ -5 \cdot (q_8 \cdot l_8 + l_{10} + q_6 \cdot l_6) \\ \frac{q_6 \cdot (l_6)^2 - q_{10} \cdot (l_{10})^2}{12} \\ 0 \\ -5 \cdot (1.25 \cdot q_{11} \cdot l_{11} + q_9 \cdot l_9 + q_{12} \cdot l_{12}) \\ \frac{q_{12} \cdot (l_{12})^2}{12} - \frac{q_{11} \cdot (l_{11})^2}{8} \\ -5 \cdot (q_{10} \cdot l_{10} + q_{12} \cdot l_{12}) \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 2: Determine Element Stiffness Matrix in Structural Coordinates

doing element and structure in one step



(5.3.1) flexure-only element stiffness matrix

$$k_{el, ie} := \frac{E_{ie} \cdot I_{ie}}{(l_{ie})^3} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6 \cdot l_{ie} & -12 & 6 \cdot l_{ie} \\ 6 \cdot l_{ie} & 4 \cdot (l_{ie})^2 & -6 \cdot l_{ie} & 2 \cdot (l_{ie})^2 \\ -12 & -6 \cdot l_{ie} & 12 & -6 \cdot l_{ie} \\ 6 \cdot l_{ie} & 2 \cdot (l_{ie})^2 & -6 \cdot l_{ie} & 4 \cdot (l_{ie})^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

flex only beam

$$n_{nodes_pe} := 4$$

define topology matrix for each element from structure

structure:

$$n_{nodes} = 15$$

$$n_{nodes} := n_{nodes} + 1$$

$$n_{nodes} = 16$$

increment to allow for "zero" equivalent

using n_{nodes} in place of zero to avoid 0 subscript on K. After assembly delete row and column n_{nodes}

from observing the structure.
N.B. elements need to be oriented such that element dof matches structure dof.

Due to the simplicity of the element equations the assembly procedure is relatively straight forward.

First, zero the global stiffness matrix: $K_{n_{nodes}, n_{nodes}} := 0$

Next, assemble the global stiffness matrix element by element:

$$n_{el} := n_{elements} \quad n_{el} = 12 \quad ie := 1..n_{el}$$

$$i := 1..n_{nodes_pe} \quad j := 1..n_{nodes_pe} \quad \text{dof for element}$$

$$K_{Top_{ie,i}, Top_{ie,j}} := K_{Top_{ie,i}, Top_{ie,j}} + (k_{el, ie})_{i,j}$$

remove "zero" i.e. n_{nodes} row and column:

$$\text{reset } n_{nodes} \quad n_{nodes} := n_{nodes} - 1 \quad n_{nodes} = 15$$

$$K := \text{submatrix}(K, 1, n_{nodes}, 1, n_{nodes})$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} n_{nodes} & n_{nodes} & 2 & 4 \\ n_{nodes} & n_{nodes} & 5 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 & n_{nodes} & 1 \\ 5 & n_{nodes} & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & n_{nodes} & 9 \\ 5 & 6 & 10 & 11 \\ n_{nodes} & 8 & n_{nodes} & 7 \\ 10 & n_{nodes} & n_{nodes} & 8 \\ n_{nodes} & 9 & 13 & n_{nodes} \\ 10 & 11 & 15 & n_{nodes} \\ 13 & 14 & n_{nodes} & 12 \\ 15 & n_{nodes} & 13 & 14 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4: Apply the Support Conditions

$$K \cdot \Delta = F$$

Step 5: Solve for the displacements and if desired the reaction forces

$$\Delta := K^{-1} \cdot F$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4.647 \times 10^{-4} \\ -0.082 \\ 3.014 \times 10^{-4} \\ 6.781 \times 10^{-5} \\ -0.184 \\ -2.385 \times 10^{-3} \\ -1.204 \times 10^{-3} \\ 2.408 \times 10^{-3} \\ -2.713 \times 10^{-4} \\ -0.344 \\ -1.215 \times 10^{-3} \\ -2.07 \times 10^{-4} \\ -0.115 \\ 2.133 \times 10^{-3} \\ -0.416 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 6: Obtain element displacement and consequent internal forces (or stresses)

$$j := 1 \dots n_{\text{elements}} \quad i := 1 \dots n_{\text{nodes_pe}}$$

$$\Delta =$$

this is a reversing of the topology from structure to element:
+1 from 0 elimination approach above

$$\delta_{i,j} := \text{if}\left(\text{Top}_{j,i} < n_{\text{nodes}} + 1, \Delta_{\text{Top}_{j,i}}, 0\right)$$

flexure-only matrix coefficient in relationship: $v''(x) = B^* \delta$ (5.3.10)

$$B_e(m, x) := \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{6}{(l_m)^2} + \frac{12 \cdot x}{(l_m)^3} \\ -\frac{4}{l_m} + \frac{6 \cdot x}{(l_m)^2} \\ \frac{6}{(l_m)^2} - \frac{12 \cdot x}{(l_m)^3} \\ -\frac{2}{l_m} + \frac{6 \cdot x}{(l_m)^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M(x) = E \cdot I \cdot v''(x) \text{ for external problem}$$

$$M_E(m, x) := E_m \cdot I_m \cdot B_e(m, x) \cdot \delta^{\langle m \rangle}$$

Step 7: If equivalent nodal loads were used to represent distributed loads, superimpose the internal forces.

clamped clamped elements:

adding external and internal "forces"

$$M_{CC}(m, x) := -0.5 \cdot q_m \cdot \left(\frac{l}{m}\right)^2 \cdot \left[\frac{1}{6} - \frac{x}{l_m} + \left(\frac{x}{l_m}\right)^2 \right]$$

$$M_{\text{tot_cc}}(m, x) := M_E(m, x) + M_{CC}(m, x)$$

clamped pinned elements:

$$M_{CP}(m, x) := \frac{-q_m}{8} \cdot \left[\left(\frac{l}{m}\right)^2 - 5 \cdot x \cdot l_m + 4 \cdot x^2\right]$$

$$M_{\text{tot_cp}}(m, x) := M_E(m, x) + M_{CP}(m, x)$$

now apply structural evaluation criteria to worst case within element (beam); GYTF, GYCF, FYTF, FYTCF & FCPH: we'll show one example of each of girder (all clamped clamped) and frame - clamped clamped and clamped pinned:

GWD2: element a (n=1):

element a is clamped clamped girder

$$n := 1 \quad x := 1, 2..l_n + 1$$

tension in flange: GYTF; get maximum tensile stress from maximum positive moment - accounts for c_f

$$\text{MM}_x := M_{\text{tot cc}}(n, x - 1) \quad \sigma_{bfT_n} := \frac{-\max(\text{MM}) \cdot c_f}{I_n}$$

bending

total axial with primary

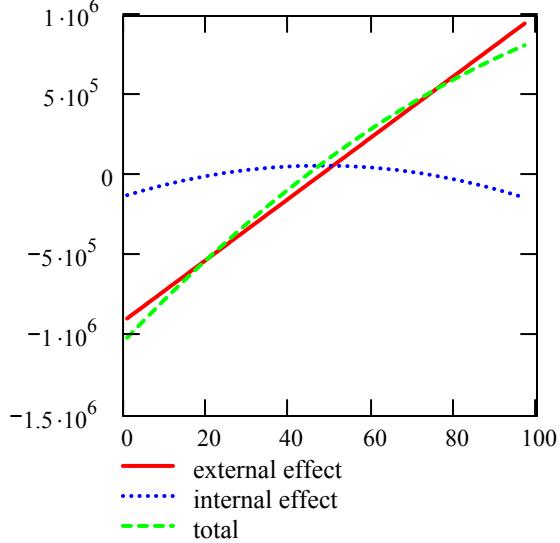
$$\sigma_{bfT_n} = 1.883 \times 10^4 \quad \sigma_{xfT} := \max \begin{cases} (\sigma_T + \sigma_{bfT_n}) \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sigma_{xfT} = 3.261 \times 10^4 \quad \gamma R_{GYTF} := \frac{\sigma_{xfT}}{\sigma_Y} \cdot 1.25 \quad \gamma R_{GYTF} = 0.867$$

compression in flange:

$$\sigma_{bfC_n} := \frac{-\min(\text{MM}) \cdot c_f}{I_n} \quad \sigma_{bfC_n} = -2.43 \times 10^4$$

$$\sigma_{xfC} := \min \begin{cases} (\sigma_{bfC_n} + \sigma_C) \\ 0 \end{cases} \quad \sigma_{xfC} = -3.579 \times 10^4 \quad \gamma R_{GYCF} := \frac{\sigma_{xfC}}{-\sigma_Y} \cdot 1.25 \quad \gamma R_{GYCF} = 0.952$$



BWD1: element d clamped clamped frame:

$$n := 4 \quad x := 1, 2..l_n + 1$$

$$\text{MM}_x := M_{\text{tot cc}}(n, x - 1) \quad \sigma_{bfT_n} := \frac{-\max(\text{MM}) \cdot c_f}{I_n}$$

tension:

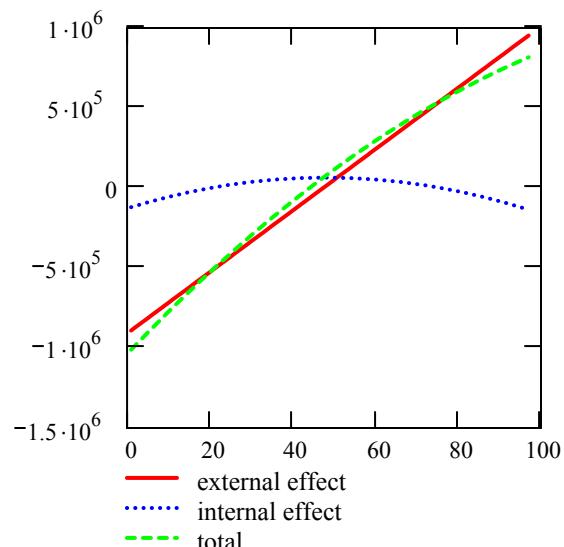
$$\sigma_{bfT_n} = 7.215 \times 10^3 \quad \sigma_{xfT} := \max \begin{cases} (\sigma_{bfT_n}) \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sigma_{xfT} = 7.215 \times 10^3 \quad \gamma R_{FYTF} := \frac{\sigma_{xfT}}{\sigma_Y} \cdot 1.25 \quad \gamma R_{FYTF} = 0.192$$

compression:

$$\sigma_{bfC_n} := \frac{-\min(\text{MM}) \cdot c_f}{I_n} \quad \sigma_{bfC_n} = -1.349 \times 10^4 \quad \sigma_{xfC} := \sigma_{bfC_n}$$

$$\sigma_{xfC} := \min \begin{cases} (\sigma_{bfC_n}) \\ 0 \end{cases} \quad \sigma_{xfC} = -1.349 \times 10^4 \quad \gamma R_{FYCF} := \frac{\sigma_{xfC}}{-\sigma_Y} \cdot 1.25 \quad \gamma R_{FYCF} = 0.359$$



plastic hinge:

$$MM_{x_1} := \left| MM_x \right| \quad \gamma R_{FCPH_n} := \frac{\max(MMM)}{M_{P1}} \cdot 1.5 \quad \gamma R_{FCPH_n} = 0.386$$

$$MM_{x_1} := \left| MM_x \right| \quad \gamma R_{FCPH_n} := \frac{\max(MMM)}{M_{P1}} \cdot 1.5 \quad \gamma R_{FCPH_n} = 0.386$$

BWD2: element c, clamped pinned frame:

$$M_{tot_cp}(m, x) := M_E(m, x) + M_{CP}(m, x)$$

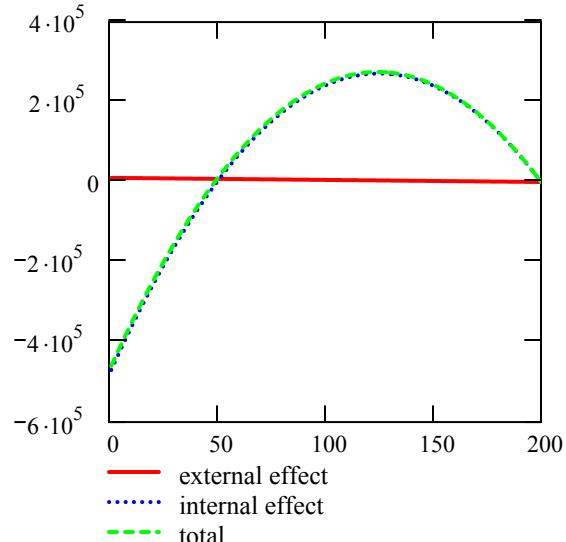
$$n := 3 \quad x := 1, 2..l_n + 1$$

$$MM_x := M_{tot_cp}(n, x - 1)_{T_n} := \frac{-\max(MM) \cdot c_f}{I_n}$$

tension:

$$\sigma_{bfT_n} = 1.447 \times 10^4 \quad \sigma_{xfT} := \max \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{bfT_n} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_{xfT} = 1.447 \times 10^4 \quad \gamma R_{FYTF_n} := \frac{\sigma_{xfT}}{\sigma_Y} \cdot 1.25$$



compression

$$\sigma_{bfC_n} := \frac{-\min(MM) \cdot c_f}{I_n} \quad \sigma_{bfC_n} = -2.481 \times 10^4 \quad \sigma_{xfC} := \sigma_{bfC_n} \quad \gamma R_{FYTF_n} = 0.385$$

$$\sigma_{xfC} := \min \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{bfC_n} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \sigma_{xfC} = -2.481 \times 10^4 \quad \gamma R_{FYCF_n} := \frac{\sigma_{xfC}}{-\sigma_Y} \cdot 1.25 \quad \gamma R_{FYCF_n} = 0.66$$

plastic hinge:

$$MM_{x_1} := \left| MM_x \right| \quad \gamma R_{FCPH_n} := \frac{\max(MMM)}{M_{P2}} \cdot 1.5 \quad \gamma R_{FCPH_n} = 0.669$$