

# Feeding the City Rome and the *Annona*

# Population of Augustan Rome

	Low	High
<i>Plebs frumentaria</i> + families	520,000	520,000
Freedmen + families	150,000	200,000
Slaves	50,000	200,000
Poor & recent migrants	50,000	150,000
Soldiers and members of elite	20,000	20,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>790,000</b>	<b>1,090,000</b>





# Diocletian's Price Edict – AD 301

- Price of Wheat
  - 1 *modius castrensis* (= 1.5 *modii*) = 100 *denarii*
- Cost of transport of wagon-load (= 90 *modii*?) of wheat
  - 20 *denarii* per mile

# Diocletian's Price Edict – AD 301

- Transportation of wheat by sea:
  - Alexandria to Rome
    - 16 *denarii* per *castrensis modius*
  - Syria to Lusitania
    - 26 *denarii* per *castrensis modius*

# Forum Boarium



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Reconstruction in Museo della Civiltà Romana

# Severan Marble Plan, showing the Theatre of Pompey, AD 203-11

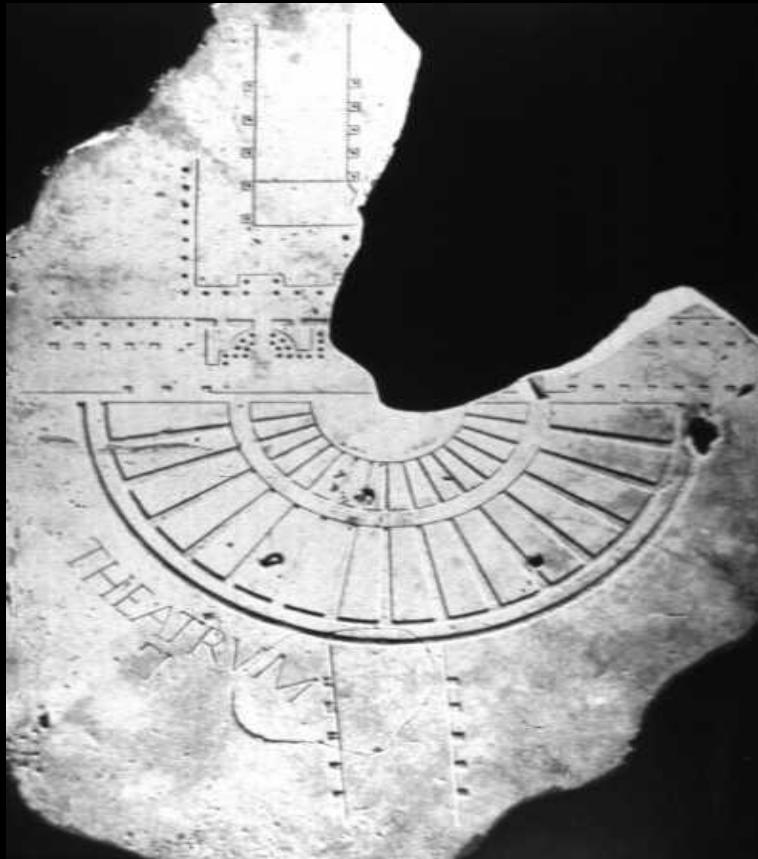
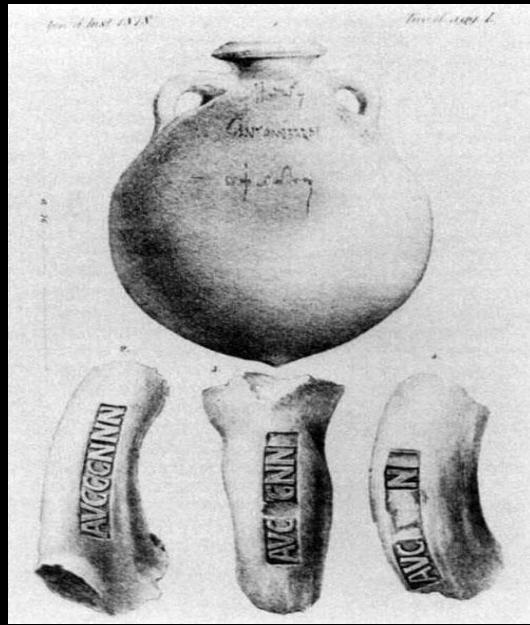


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# Monte Testaccio



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# Ostia



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# Grain laws of the late RP

123 BC – Gaius Gracchus' law: subsidized monthly ration at a fixed price for all citizens at Rome.

90s BC – Law of Octavius: reduces number of recipients?

81-80 BC – Sulla abolishes distributions.

73 BC – Law of consuls Terentius and Cassius re-establishes Gracchan rations at fixed price, but for limited number.

# Grain laws of the late RP

62 BC – Cato increases number of recipients.

58 BC – Popular tribune Clodius makes the distributions absolutely free.

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