## Zazaki Notes : 24.942 Week 4

Notes taken by Jon Gajewski
About the idiosyncrasies of my glosses:

1. I have glossed the ezafe vowels that introduce possessors with EzP. I have not glossed ezafe vowels introducing adjectives.
2. I have glossed agreement marking on predicate adjectives and nominals ( $o, a, e$ ) with the copular BE. I have done so under the hypothesis that the negative elements niyo, niya, niye are simply $n e+o, a, e$. I have glossed the past copula $b i$ with BE.Pst.
3. I have glossed the two cases in Zazaki as absolutive ( $e z$, $t \dot{\text { i }}, a \ldots$ ) and oblique ( $m \mathrm{i}$, to, $a \varepsilon \ldots$...).
4. I have tried to stay as close as possible to the Norvinnumbering of the examples for ease of comparison with your notes.

## 1 Negation

(1) čeneke rindek-a 'the girl is pretty'
(2) čencke rindeke niya girl pretty not-BE.F
'the girl is not pretty'
(3) čとneke ne rindek-a girl not pretty-BE.F
'the girl is not pretty'
[(3) is high-sounding.
Gulcem would not use it herself.]
(4) layik rindek niyo boy pretty not-BE.M 'the boy is not pretty'
(5) layik xosera niyo 'the boy is not handsome'
(6) čeneki rindeki
'pretty girls'
(7) čeneki rindek ${ }^{\mathrm{y}}$-e 'the girls are pretty'
(8) čeneki rindek ${ }^{\mathrm{y}}$-e niye girls pretty.pl not-BE.Pl 'the girls are not pretty'
[In Diyarbakir, (8) would be čعnek rindek niye]
(9) layiki rindeki niye boys pretty not-BE.Pl
'the boys are not pretty'
(10) layiki xosera niye 'the boys are not handsome'
(11) o malim-o
he teacher-BE.M
'he's a teacher'
(12) o malim niyo
he teacher not-BE.M
'he is not a teacher'
(13) a malim-a 'she is a teacher'
(14) a malim( $\varepsilon$ ) niya she teacher not-BE.F
'she is not a teacher'
(15) $\varepsilon$ z malim-o
'I am a teacher (m)'
(16) ez malim niyo

I teacher not-BE.M
'I am not a teacher'
(17) na saya
that.F apple-BE.F
'that is an apple'
(18) a saya
it.F apple-BE.F
'it's an apple'
(19) a saye niya
it.F apple not-BE.F
'it's not an apple
(20) saya sure
'red apple'
(21) e malim-e 'they are teachers'
(22) e malimi niye 'they are not teachers'
(23) mi kitab her(i)na I-obl. book bought 'I bought a book'
(24) $\varepsilon z \quad$ kitab herinena I-abs. book buy-will 'I will buy a book'
(25) mi kitab ne her(i)na I-obl. book not bought 'I didn’t buy a book'
(26) $\varepsilon z$ kitab ne herinen I-abs. book not buy.simple
'I don't buy books (as a habit)'
(27) ez kitab ne herinena I.abs book not buy.future
'I will not buy a book'
(28) čeneke non pot girl bread cooked.M 'the girl cooked bread'
(29) čとneke non ne pot girl bread not cooked.M 'the girl didn't cook bread'
(30) [can't read what I wrote here]
(31) č̌neke bižǐke pote girl bižike cooked.F 'the girl cooked bižike'
(32) $\varepsilon$ Z $\mathrm{Z} \quad \mathrm{k} \varepsilon$ če šima $\mathrm{d} \varepsilon$ I-abs. when house your.pl at biya, čeneke bižike pote was, girl bižike cooked 'when I was at your house, the girl cooked bižike’

## 2 Questions \& Possession

(33) to $\mathrm{k}^{\mathrm{h}}$ ei non pot you.obl when bread cooked.M 'when did you cook the bread?'
(34) $\mathrm{k}^{\mathrm{h}}$ ei to non pot when you bread cooked.M 'when did you cook the bread?'
[(33) is more natural than (34)]
(35) čeneke bižike ne pote girl bižike not cooked.F 'the girl cooked bižike'
(36) ... aع non pot
she.obl bread cooked.M
'she cooked bread'
(37) bižika vera, non bižike instead-of, bread pot cooked.M 'instead of bižike, (she) cooked bread'
(38) kitabe mi esto book.EzP I.obl exists 'I have a book'
(39) kitabe mi suro book.EzP I.obl red-is 'my book is red'
(40) žu kitabe mi esto one book.EzP I.obl exists 'I have one book'
(41) kitabe mi čino book.EzP I.obl not-exists 'I don't have a book'
(42) kitabe koti o
book where BE.M
'where is the book'
(43) ti koti-ra wa you.abs where-from BE.F 'where are you from?'
(44) ti koti-ra ama you.abs where-from come 'where do you come from?'
(45) kitabe mi bi book.EzP I.obl BE.Pst 'I had a book'
(46) kitabe mi čim(i)bi book.EzP I.obl not-BE.Pst 'I didn't have a book'
(47) kitabe to $\mathrm{mi}-\mathrm{d} \varepsilon$ book.EzP you.obl I.obl-at čino not-BE 'I don't have your book'
(48) mi-de kitab čino I.obl-at book not-BE 'I don't have a book with me'
(49) ti kamji č $\varepsilon$-ra wa you.abs which house-from BE.F 'Which family are you from?'
(50) saya čencke esta apple.EzP girl.obl exists.F 'the girl has an apple'
(51) saya mi čina apple.EzP I.obl not-BE.F
'I don't have an apple'
(52) čencke rindeke ne biye
girl pretty not BE.Pst.F
'the girl was not pretty'
(53) č̌n $\varepsilon k \varepsilon \mathrm{p}^{\mathrm{h}}$ isin$\varepsilon$ biy\&
girl ugly BE.Pst.F
'the girl was ugly'
(54) layik xosعra ne bi boy handsome not BE.Pst.M
'the boy was not handsome'
(55) bižike weš niya
bižike good not-BE
'the bižike is not good'
(56) be quind $\varepsilon$
come.Imp kitchen
'come to the kitchen!'
(57) Hesen $\mathrm{p}^{\mathrm{h}}$ isino
'Hesen is ugly'

## 3 Embedded Clauses

(58) Hzseni va $\varepsilon z \quad \mathrm{p}^{\mathrm{h}}$ isino Hesen.obl said I.abs ugly-am 'Hesen said he was ugly; Hesen said "I am ugly"
(59) Heseni va ti $p^{h}$ isina Hesen.obl said you.abs ugly-are 'Hesen said "you are ugly""
(60) Heseni seba to va a Hesen.obl about you.obl said she $\mathrm{p}^{\mathrm{h}}$ isina ugly-is 'Hesen said about you "she is ugly",
(61) Hesen dewletiyo 'Hesen is rich'
(62) Hesen zeygino
'Hesen is rich'
(63) Hesen fikirneno k $\varepsilon$ o dewletio Hesen thinks that he rich-BE ${ }^{\prime} \operatorname{Hesen}_{i}$ thinks he ${ }_{i}$ is rich'
(64) Hesen zenk ${ }^{y} \varepsilon$ no k $\varepsilon$ o dewletio Hesen thinks that he rich-BE ${ }^{\prime} \operatorname{Hesen}_{i}$ thinks he $_{i}$ is rich'
(65) * Hesen zenk ${ }^{\mathrm{y}}$ ع no k $\varepsilon$ xo dewletio
(66) Hesen zenk ${ }^{\text {y }} \varepsilon$ no $k \varepsilon \quad \varepsilon z$ d $\varepsilon w l e t i o$ Hesen thinks that I rich-BE 'Hesen thinks I am rich'
(67) $\varepsilon z$ goš nana to $\mathrm{s} \varepsilon \mathrm{r}$ I.abs ear put you.obl on 'I am listening to you'
(68) $\varepsilon z$ goš ne nan to ser I.abs ear not put you.obl on 'I don't listen to you, as a rule'
(69) ez ne fikikirneno 'I'm not thinking'
(70) ez goš ne nano to ser 'I'm not listening to you'
(71) Hzseni va $(\mathrm{k} \varepsilon) \varepsilon z \quad$ d $\varepsilon$ wletio Hesen said $k \varepsilon$ I.abs rich-BE ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Hesen}_{i}$ said he ${ }_{i}$ was rich; H said "I am rich""
(72) Heseni va $(\mathrm{k} \varepsilon)$ ti d dewletio Hesen said $k \varepsilon$ I.abs rich-BE 'H said "you are rich""
(73) Hzsen vano (k $\varepsilon$ ) $\varepsilon z \quad$ d $\varepsilon$ wletio Hesen says $k \varepsilon$ I.abs rich-BE ${ }^{\prime} \operatorname{Hesen}_{i}$ is saying he ${ }_{i}$ is rich'
[In the last three examples, Gulcem says $k \varepsilon$ is included if Hesen is an expert on the subject]
(74) Hesen mi-ra vano ke ti Hesen I.obl-to says $k \varepsilon$ you dewletia rich-BE
'H says to me "you are rich""
（75）Hesen mi－ra vano ke $\varepsilon z$ dewletia
Hesen I．obl－to says $k \varepsilon$ I．abs rich－BE
＇H tells $\mathrm{me}_{i} \mathrm{I}_{i}$ am rich＇
［This requires a special pronunciation：stress on $e z$ ？］
（76）Hesen čen $\varepsilon k \varepsilon$－d $\varepsilon$ z $\varepsilon w e z ̌ a ~$
Hesen girl－to married
＇Hesen married the girl＇
（77）a čとneke zewežiya
the girl married－BE．F
＇the girl is married＇
（78）ez zewežiyo
I．abs married－BE．M
＇I am married＇

## 4 Relative Clauses

（79）čen $k$ ka ke Hesen tey zewežiyo na wa girl that Hesen to－her［？］married－BE．M this BE．F ＇this is the girl that Hasan is married to＇
（80）čen $k$ ka ke Hesen tey zewežiya bi na wa girl that Hesen to－her［？］married BE．Pst．M this BE．F ＇this is the girl that Hasan was married to＇
（81）čenとka ke Hesen pači ${ }^{\mathrm{y}}$ erd（i）bi na wa girl that Hesen kiss did bi this BE．F ＇this is the girl that Hesen kissed＇
（82）čeneka ke Hesen pači $\mathrm{k}^{\mathrm{y}}$ erda na wa girl that Hesen kiss did－EV this BE．F ＇this is the girl that（I heard）Hesen kissed＇
（83）čとneka ke Hesen pači $k^{y} \varepsilon$ no na wa girl that Hesen kiss will－do this BE．F ＇this is the girl that Hesen will kiss＇
（84）č̌n k ka $\mathrm{k} \varepsilon$ Hesen wazeno pači ${ }^{y}$ yro na wa girl that Hesen wants kiss to－do this BE．F ＇this is the girl that Hesen wants to kiss＇
（85）čeneka ke Hesen pači ${ }^{y}$ erd na wa girl that Hesen kiss did this BE．F ＇this is the girl that kissed Hesen＇
(86) č̌nєka ke Hesen pači ne $\mathrm{k}^{\mathrm{y}} \varepsilon \mathrm{rd}$ na wa girl that Hesen kiss not did this BE 'this is the girl that didn't kiss Hesen'
(87) Heseni va $\varepsilon z \quad$ a č čn $\varepsilon k \varepsilon$ pači $k^{y}$ ena Hesen.obl said I.abs the girl kiss will-do
'Hesen said "I will kiss the girl""
(88) H $\operatorname{seni}$ va $k \varepsilon \mathrm{mi}$ a č čn $k \varepsilon$ pači $\mathrm{k}^{\mathrm{y}}$ erda Hesen.obl said that I.obl the girl kiss did
'Hesen said "I kissed the girl""

girl that Hesen said I/he.obl kiss did pretty-BE.F
'the girl that $\operatorname{Hesen}_{i}$ said he ${ }_{i}$ kissed is pretty'
[Both the first person and third person pronouns are acceptable under this interpretation; this is tentative evidence that these embedded clauses are not quotes. More evidence needed]
(90) ǰinike be domana neweša
woman with child not.well.BE
'the woman is pregnant'
(91) jinike $\mathrm{p}^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{e} m \varepsilon \mathrm{nda}$
woman is-pregnant
'the woman is pregnant by accident'
(92) $\varepsilon z \quad$ Heseni $b \varepsilon \quad$ araba ben
I.abs Hesen.obl with car bring.simple
'I'm bringing Hesen with the car'
(93) jinìke $\mathrm{p}^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{e}$ mende
'the woman was pregnant by accident'
[I am not sure of the gloss here]
(94) jinik $\mathrm{p}^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{e}$ ne m\&nda
'the woman is not pregnant'
(95) jiinike newとša
'the woman is sick'
(96) ǰinike newとš biye
woman not.well WAS
'The woman was sick'
(97) ǰinike bibi neweš
woman became not.well
'the woman became sick (but isn't now)'
(98) jinike bibi dewletic
woman became rich
'the woman became rich (but isn't now)'
(99) jinỉke biya neweš̌
woman was not.well
'the woman was sick (still is)'
(100) jinike biya dewletis
woman was rich
'the woman was rich (still is)'
(101) H
'Hesen said that the girl is sick'
(102) Heseni vano (ke) ǰinike neweša
'Hesen says that the girl is sick'
(103) jinike ewre neweša
'the woman is sick today'
(104) jinike vizeri neweš̌ biye 'the woman was sick yesterday'
(105) meište jinike bena neweš $\varepsilon$ tomorrow woman BE.Fut sick
'the woman will be sick tomorrow'
(106) xort / azebe
bachelor bachelorette
(107) Hesen di seri nayera raver xort bi Hesen two years now before bachelor BE.Pst.M
'Hesen was a bachelor two years ago'

