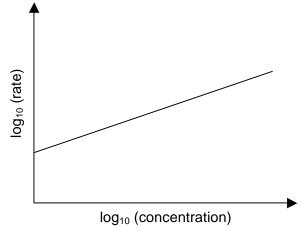
Self-Assessment: Reactions & Kinetics

Weekly Homework Quiz

Problem #1

1. Urbium (Ur) is an upscale element found in big cities. Its oxide (UrO₂) is not very stable and decomposes readily at temperatures exceeding 666°C. The figure below shows how the rate of reaction varies with the concentration of UrO_2 at 777°C. The rate, *r*, is in units of M/s and the concentration of UrO_2 , *c*, is in units of M (mole/L). The slope has a value of 1.77 and the intercept has a value of 1.46.



(a) What is the order of reaction?

- (b) Calculate the value of the rate constant. Pay strict attention to the units.
- (c) On the graph above, draw the line showing how the rate of reaction varies with the concentration of UrO₂ at 888°C. No calculation necessary. Pay attention to relative values and slopes.
- 2. Show by a calculation that the diffusion length of boron (B) in germanium (Ge) is less than 1.0 μ m at a temperature of 1200 K for a diffusion time of 30 minutes. The diffusion coefficient of B in Ge at 1200 K, $D_{\rm B}$, has the value of 2.0 x 10⁻¹⁷ m²/s.

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