## 3.091 OCW Scholar Self-Asessment Solid Solutions

# Supplemental Exam Problems for Study

#### 2008 Final, Problem #6

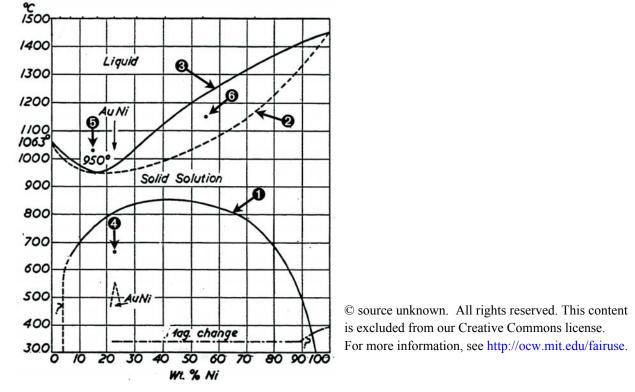
Sketch the unary phase diagram (pressure *vs* temperature) of iodine (I). Indicate the normal melting point (P = 1 atm), normal boiling point, triple point, and critical point. Label all phase fields. Indicate on the diagram *one example of each*: (i) one-phase stability; (ii) two-phase coexistence; (iii) three-phase coexistence. For clarity, do not draw to scale.

triple point: P = 0.12 atm, T = 113.5 °C critical point: P = 115 atm, T = 546 °C



### 2008 Final Exam, Problem #8

The phase diagram of the binary system, gold-nickel (Au - Ni), is given below.



(a) (i) Name each of the lines labeled on the diagram above, and, for each, (ii) write the equilibrium it represents.

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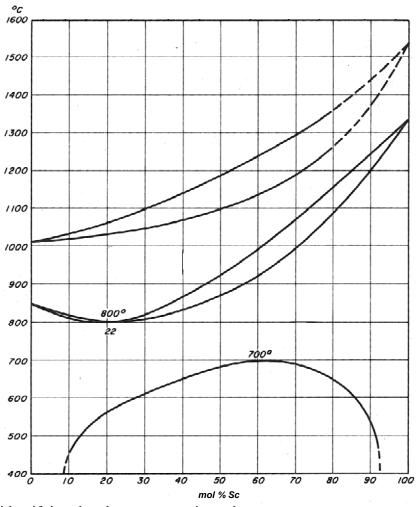
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(b) At each of the temperature-composition pairs labeled on the diagram above, (i) identify all phases present at equilibrium and (ii) give the composition of each phase present, expressed in wt % Ni.

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#### 2007 Final Exam, Problem #9

The phase diagram of the binary system, neodymium-scandium (Nd-Sc), is given at right.



- (a) On the diagram, label all phase fields identifying the phases present in each.
- (b) An alloy with bulk composition 40 mol % Sc is heated to 500°C and held at temperature for a long enough time to reach equilibrium. Calculate the relative amounts of all phases present.

(c) Sc is frightfully expensive. Explain how to use this phase diagram to design a process to raise the Sc content from 50 mol % to something exceeding 80 mol %, starting with a 50:50 Nd-Sc alloy.

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