## 5.73

## Quiz 21

$$[\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{p}] = i\mathbf{h}$$

$$\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{p}^2 / 2\mathbf{m} + (1/2)\mathbf{k}\mathbf{x}^2 \qquad \text{Harmonic Oscillator}$$

$$\text{Force} = -\frac{dV(x)}{dx} \qquad \text{(negative gradient of potential energy)}$$

$$F = m\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = \frac{dp}{dt}$$

$$p = m\frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$Newton's laws$$

$$p = m\frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d\langle \mathbf{A} \rangle}{dt} = \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [\mathbf{H}, \mathbf{A}] \rangle + \langle \frac{\partial \mathbf{A}}{\partial t} \rangle \qquad \text{Heisenberg's Equation of Motion}$$

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$$\frac{d\langle \mathbf{A} \rangle}{dt} = \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [\mathbf{H}, \mathbf{A}] \rangle + \left\langle \frac{\partial \mathbf{A}}{\partial t} \right\rangle$$

- A. Evaluate [**H**,**p**]
- Relate  $\frac{d}{dt}\langle \mathbf{p} \rangle$  to  $\langle \mathbf{x} \rangle$ . B.
- C. Evaluate [H,x].
- D. Relate  $\frac{d}{dt} \langle \mathbf{x} \rangle$  to  $\langle \mathbf{p} \rangle$

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