5.73 Quiz 12 ANSWERS

1.

The matrices for x and p, evaluated in the harmonic oscillator eigenbasis, have the general nonzero matrix elements:

$$\langle n | x | n+1 \rangle = x_{n,n+1} = \left[\frac{\hbar}{2\omega\mu}\right]^{1/2} (n+1)^{1/2}$$

 $p_{n,n+1} = -i\left[\frac{\hbar\omega\mu}{2}\right]^{1/2} (n+1)^{1/2}$

A. *x* and *p* are Hermitian. Write the "other" nonzero matrix element (be careful about **p**!)

$$\boldsymbol{x}_{n+1,n} = \left[\frac{\hbar}{2\omega\mu} \right]^{1/2} (n+1)^{1/2}$$
$$\boldsymbol{p}_{n+1,n} = \left[+i \left[\frac{\hbar\omega\mu}{2} \right]^{1/2} (n+1)^{1/2} \right]^{1/2}$$

- B. What are the general "selection rules" for nonzero matrix elements of x, p, and x^2 ?
 - For \mathbf{x} , $\Delta n = \pm 1$ For \mathbf{p} , $\Delta n = \pm 1$ For \mathbf{x}^2 , $\Delta n = 0$ and ± 2
- C. If you multiply *x* times *x*, the matrix multiplication cartoon helps:

Based on the cartoon, what is the general selection rule for nonzero matrix elements of x^{k} ?

$$\Delta n = \pm k, \pm (k - 2), \dots \pm 1 \text{ (if } k \text{ is odd) or } 0 \text{ (if } k \text{ is even)}$$

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