## 5.73

## Quiz 34 ANSWERS

- 1. \* Use the standard order for np spin-orbitals on Page 30-4:  $1\alpha$ ,  $1\beta$ ,  $0\alpha$ ,  $0\beta$ ,  $-1\alpha$ ,  $-1\beta$

$$\langle ||a_1b|||F(i)|||a_1a_2|| \rangle = \langle b|f|a_2 \rangle$$

- \* Recall that  $\langle ||a_1a_2|||F(i)|||a_1a_2||\rangle = \sum_i \langle a_i|f|a_i\rangle$  $\langle ||a_1b|||F(i)|||a_1a_2||\rangle = \langle b|f|a_2\rangle$ \* The electronic states that arise from the p² electronic configuration are <sup>1</sup>D, <sup>3</sup>P,
- A. Construct the two Slater determinantal wavefunctions that correspond to  $M_{J} = M_{L} + M_{S} = +2.$

[HINT: both  $|LSJM_J = 2\rangle$  coupled states are single Slater determinants.]

$$\left| {}^{1}\mathrm{D}_{2} M_{J} = 2 \right\rangle = \left\| \left\| 1\alpha 1\beta \right\| \right\|$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} {}^{1}D_{2} M_{J} = 2 \rangle = \boxed{\|1\alpha 1\beta\|}$$
$$\begin{vmatrix} {}^{3}P_{2} M_{J} = 2 \rangle = \boxed{\|1\alpha 0\alpha\|}$$

Calculate the two diagonal and one off-diagonal matrix elements of В.  $\mathbf{H}^{\text{SO}} = \sum_{i} a(r_i) \ell_i \cdot s_i :$ 

(i) 
$$\left\langle {}^{1}\mathbf{D}_{2} M_{J} = 2 \left| \zeta_{p} \left( \ell_{1z} \mathbf{s}_{1z} + \ell_{2z} \mathbf{s}_{2z} \right) \right| {}^{1}\mathbf{D}_{2} M_{J} = 2 \right\rangle =$$

$$\left[ \hbar^{2} \zeta_{p} \left[ 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 1 \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] = 0 \right]$$

(ii) 
$$\left\langle {}^{3}P_{2} M_{J} = 2 \left| \zeta_{p} \left( \ell_{1z} \mathbf{s}_{1z} + \ell_{2z} \mathbf{s}_{2z} \right) \right| {}^{3}P_{2} M_{J} = 2 \right\rangle =$$

$$\left[ \hbar^{2} \zeta_{p} \left[ 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 0 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \right] = \hbar^{2} \zeta_{p} \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

(iii) 
$$\left\langle {}^{3}P_{2} M_{J} = 2 \left| \frac{1}{2} \zeta_{p} \left( \ell_{1-} \mathbf{s}_{1+} + \ell_{2-} \mathbf{s}_{2+} \right) \right| {}^{1}D_{2} M_{J} = 2 \right\rangle =$$

$$\left[ \frac{1}{2} \hbar^{2} \zeta_{p} \left[ \left\langle 1\beta \left| \ell_{+} \mathbf{s}_{-} \right| 0\alpha \right\rangle \right] = \frac{1}{2} \hbar^{2} \zeta_{p} [1 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 0]^{1/2} = 2^{-1/2} \hbar^{2} \zeta_{p} \right]$$

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