## **Free Particle Time Dependence**

Suppose that we have a wave packet, in x-space, of a free particle at t=0. How do we find what the wave function will be at time t>0? We know that the time dependent wave packet in its general form is:

$$\Psi(x,t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} A(q) e^{iqx} e^{-i\hbar q^2 t/(2m)} \frac{dq}{2\pi}$$

So, if we can find the expansion coefficients (Morrison refers to this as the "amplitude A(q) function"), A(q), at some time  $t = t_0$ , we can find the wave function at any later time by A(q)

employing the above equation. Our first step is then to compute