















## Inductance for a thin slab

The current density is uniform for then slab so that

$$\mathbf{J} = \frac{\hat{i}}{b\,d} \mathbf{i}_x$$

The energy stored in the slab is

$$W = \frac{1}{2}\mu_o\lambda^2(\mathbf{J})^2 b = \mu_o\lambda^2(\frac{\hat{i}}{b\,d})^2 bd\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}L_o\Delta x\hat{i}^2$$
  
Therefore,  $L_o = \frac{\mu_o\lambda^2}{db}$  For each slab and the total inductance per unit length is twice this. This is the *kinetic inductance*.  
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