7.012 First Section Self-quiz Solutions

1) and 2)

- a) golgi apparatus stores, modifies, and packages proteins.
- b) **rough endoplasmic reticulum** synthesis and sequestration of proteins that function outside the cytosol.
- c) mitochondrion energy transformation cell "power plant" ATP synthesis.
- d) smooth ER lipid synthesis, chemical modification of proteins.
- e) lysosome a membrane-bound vesicle with hydrolyzing and digesting enzymes.
- f) nucleus contains cellular DNA stores most of the cell's information.
- q) ribosomes on the rough endoplasmic reticulum protein synthesis.
- h) **nucleolus** a spherical body found within the nucleus, where ribosomal RNA is synthesized.
- i) plasma membrane separates the cell from the environment, regulates traffic of materials in and out of cell.
- 3 a) i) plasma membrane
 - ii) endoplasmic reticulum
 - iii) Golgi apparatus
 - iv) ribosomes on the rough endoplasmic reticulum
 - v) <u>cytoplasm</u>
 - vi) free ribosomes
 - vii) smooth ER
 - viii) mitochondrion
 - ix) Nucleus

- 3 b) How do prokaryotic cells differ from eukaryotic cells? Prokaryotic cells do not have a nucleus nor organelles like mitochondria, ER, and Golgi apparatus.
- 4) Currently, scientist estimate that life first appeared on approximately **4 billion** years ago.
- 5) A key point in the theory of evolution is: slight variations among individuals significantly affect the chance that a given individual will survive in its environment and reproduce. These variations among individuals are due to **mutations**.
- 6) Surface tension occurs in water because it has hydrogen bonds.
- 7) The building blocks of DNA are nucleotides.
- 8) The building blocks of proteins are amino acids.
- 9) All cells have a membrane composed of phospholipids.
- 10) In the process of glycolysis, cells make energy in the form of ATP.
- 11) Oxidation and **reduction** occur together.
- 12) What is a gene? A segment of DNA that directs the production of a protein or RNA molecule.
- 13) The "Central Dogma" states that information flow in the cell is from DNA to RNA to protein.
- 14) Are the genes in your eye cells the same as the genes in your gut cells? The genes in the two are the same.
- 15) Are the proteins in your eye cells the same as the proteins in your gut cells? The proteins in the two are different.