The Key: 7.013 Recitation 6 – Spring 2018

1. Complete the table below.

	Replication		
Subcellular organelle (s) in eukaryotic cell where replication occurs is	Nucleus		
Monomer used to form DNA polymer	Deoxyribonucleotide (dNTPs)		
Rule for adding the incoming monomer?	Gets added to the 3' end of the growing chain		
Covalent bond formed between two adjacent monomers in a growing DNA strand?	3'->5' phosphodieester bond		
Number of template strands needed to make DNA duplex	Тwo		
In what direction is the template DNA strand read?	3'->5'		
In what direction is the new DNA template made?	5'->3'		

2. The following is the schematic of replicating genomic DNA in the nucleus of a eukaryotic cell. *Note:* Different components of replication are represented by letters A-J.



On the schematic, neatly write the **CORRECT** component of replication, next to each letter by choosing from: *DNA polymerase, primer, helicase, single-strand DNA binding protein (SSDBP), Leading strand, Lagging strand, template strand, primase, topoisomerase.* Also, on the schematic, show the **movement of replication fork** by drawing an arrow.

3. Consider the following schematic that shows a replicating DNA.



a) Use an arrow(s) to show the direction of movement of replication forks.

b) Select the best option and provide a brief explanation for the option that you selected. The schematic represents a replicating **prokaryotic/ eukaryotic** DNA. *Considering there is only ori shown you may say it is a prokaryotic DNA. But you may also argue that the DNA shown is not circular and hence may be just a small segment of a big piece of replicating eukaryotic DNA.*

- c) In Region 1, which strand (top/bottom) is the template for leading strand synthesis? TOP STRAND
- d) In Region 2, which strand will require a functional ligase? TOP STRAND
- 4. Complete the table below.

	Transcription			
Subcellular organelle (s) in eukaryotic cell where transcription occurs is	Nucleus			
Monomer used to form RNA polymer	Ribonucleotide			
Rule for adding the incoming monomer?	Gets added to the 3' end of the growing chain			
Covalent bond formed between two adjacent monomers in a growing DNA strand?	3'->5' phosphodieester bond			
Number of template strands needed to make an mRNA transcript	One, selection based on the orientation of the promoter			
In what direction is the mRNA transcribed?	5'->3'			
In what direction is the DNA template read?	3'->5'			
Types of RNA produced	mRNA, tRNA, rRNA			
Type of RNA that is translated to proteins	mRNA			
Type(s) of RNA that are spliced	All (but we mostly covered this with respect to mRNA)			

5. The following is the partial DNA sequence of Gene 1 in a prokaryotic cell. <u>Note:</u> The underlined sequence (from position 20-54) represents the promoter for Gene 1 and the underlined and italicized sequence (from position 71-90 represents its ribosomal binding (RBS) site. Transcription begins at and includes the bold T (Top)/A (bottom) base pair at position 60.

	1 I	10		30 		50 -1		70 -I			
5' 3'	ATCGGTCTC	GGCTACTAC	ATAAACGCGC	GCATATATCG CGTATATAGC	ATATCTAGCT	AGCTATCGGT CGATAGCCA	TAGGCTACT	AC			
Promoter											
		80	90	100	110	120	130	140			
		-I	-I	-I	-I	-I	-I	-I			
51	CAGGTATCO	GTCTGATCT	AGCTAGCTTC	CTTCTCTCT(CTCCCCCGCG	GGGGCTGTAC	TATCATGCGT	CG			
31	GTCCATAGO	CAGACTAGA	TCGATCGAAG	AGAAGAGAGA	GAGGGGGGCGC	CCCCGACATG	ATAGTACGCA	GC			
	RBS										
		150	160	170	180	190	200	210			
		-I	-I	-I	-I	-I	-I	-I			
51	TCTCGGCTA	ACTACGTAAA	CGCGCGCATA	TATCGATATC	TAGCTAGCTA	TCGGTCTCGG	CTACTACGTA	AA			
31	AGAGCCGATGATGCATTTGCGCGCGTATATAGCTATAGATCGATC										

a) Which strand (Top/ bottom) is the template strand for transcription of Gene 1? Bottom

b) What are the first 6 nucleotides of the mRNA transcribed from Gene 1? 5' UAGGCU3'

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