8.701

Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics

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0. Introduction

0.6 Particles



Force Particles







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		Generation		Charge	Feels the force of			
		1^{st}	2 nd	3^{rd}	Units of e	Strong	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{M}$	Weak
Matter Particles	U-Type Quarks ($\times 3$ colours)	u	c	t	+2/3	Y	Y	Y
	D-Type Quarks ($\times 3$ colours)	d	s	b	-1/3	Y	Y	Y
	Charged Leptons	e	μ	au	-1	Ν	Y	Υ
	Neutral Leptons (Neutrinos)	$ u_e$	$ u_{\mu}$	$ u_{ au}$	0	Ν	Ν	Υ



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$$m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}, \qquad m_\mu = 1.88 \times 10^{-28} \text{ kg}, \qquad m_\tau = 3.17 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

The Higgs Boson

Name	Symbol	Number	Charge
Higgs	Η	1	0



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Elementary Particle



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Timeline of Discoveries



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Composite Particles and Hadrons

Mesons: quark-antiquark states; bosons



Baryons: three-quark states; fermions







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Proton

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Nuclei

Bound state of protons and neutrons through the strong force.

Can be described by number of protons, Z, (atomic number) and number of neutrons, N. The sum Z+N is denoted atomic mass A

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8.701 Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics Fall 2020

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