Problem Wk.4.1.2: More complex

Try testing your solution to the previous problem with arguments `quadraticRoots(1, 2, 3)`. You'll get an error because the roots of the quadratic equation with those coefficients are complex.

Python actually has complex numbers as a primitive data type. There are two ways to make a complex number:

```python
>>> complex(1, 2)
(1+2j)
>>> 1+2j
(1+2j)
```

If you want to get the parts out of a complex number, you can do the following:

```python
>>> thing = complex(1, 2)
>>> thing.imag
2.0
>>> thing.real
1.0
```

You're probably used to using `i` for \((-1)^{0.5}\). Just to confuse you, we're going to use `j` instead. Why? Because to an electrical engineer, `i` stands for current, and there's no arguing.

Now, write a new procedure `quadraticRootsComplex(a, b, c)` that computes quadratic roots, as before (including the `a=0` case), but works on any real arguments and returns complex roots if necessary.