

Problems Day 47, R 4/18/2024
 Topic 23: Computation tricks, sine and cosine series
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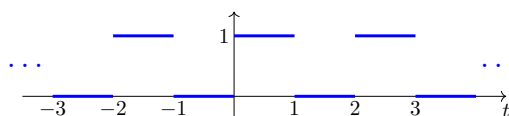
Note: There is a useful integral table on the last page.

Problem 1. Find the Fourier series for each of the following functions.

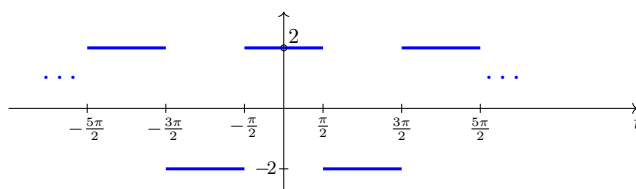
- (a) $f(t) = 2 + 3\text{sq}(t)$.
- (b) $g(t) = \text{sq}(\pi t)$.
- (c) $h(t) = \text{sq}(t - \pi/4)$.

Problem 2. Find the Fourier series for each of the following functions.

(a)



(b)



Problem 3. Show $\frac{d}{dt}\text{tri}(t) = \text{sq}(t)$. Show the same is true for their Fourier series.

Problem 4. Let $f(x) = x$ on the interval $[0, \pi]$.

- (a) Graph $f(x)$ over this interval.
 - (b) Extend the graph to an even, period 2π function.
- Call this function \tilde{f}_e . Find its Fourier series.

(c) Repeat Part (b) for the odd, period 2π extension $\tilde{f}_o(x)$.

Hint: $\frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi x \sin(nx) dx = \frac{-2(-1)^n}{n}$.

(d) Give the Fourier sine and cosine series for $f(x)$.

Problem 5. Let $f(x) = 10$ on $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.

Find the Fourier sine and cosine series for $f(x)$.

Hint: no computation needed.

Problem 6. Let $L = \pi$, $f(x) = \sin x$ on $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.

Find the Fourier sine and cosine series for f .

Don't actually compute the integrals. Just name them and use the name.

Discuss the decay rate of the coefficients for each series.

Problem 7. Let $L = \pi/2$, $f(x) = \sin x$ on $0 \leq x \leq \pi/2$. Repeat the previous problem.

Integrals (for n a positive integer)

$$1. \int t \sin(\omega t) dt = \frac{-t \cos(\omega t)}{\omega} + \frac{\sin(\omega t)}{\omega^2}.$$

$$2. \int t \cos(\omega t) dt = \frac{t \sin(\omega t)}{\omega} + \frac{\cos(\omega t)}{\omega^2}.$$

$$3. \int t^2 \sin(\omega t) dt = \frac{-t^2 \cos(\omega t)}{\omega} + \frac{2t \sin(\omega t)}{\omega^2} + \frac{2 \cos(\omega t)}{\omega^3}.$$

$$4. \int t^2 \cos(\omega t) dt = \frac{t^2 \sin(\omega t)}{\omega} + \frac{2t \cos(\omega t)}{\omega^2} - \frac{2 \sin(\omega t)}{\omega^3}.$$

$$1'. \int_0^\pi t \sin(nt) dt = \frac{\pi(-1)^{n+1}}{n}.$$

$$2'. \int_0^\pi t \cos(nt) dt = \begin{cases} \frac{-2}{n^2} & \text{for } n \text{ odd} \\ 0 & \text{for } n \neq 0 \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

$$3'. \int_0^\pi t^2 \sin(nt) dt = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi^2}{n} - \frac{4}{n^3} & \text{for } n \text{ odd} \\ \frac{-\pi^2}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

$$4'. \int_0^\pi t^2 \cos(nt) dt = \frac{2\pi(-1)^n}{n^2}$$

If $a \neq b$

$$5. \int \cos(at) \cos(bt) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\sin((a+b)t)}{a+b} + \frac{\sin((a-b)t)}{a-b} \right]$$

$$6. \int \sin(at) \sin(bt) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{\sin((a+b)t)}{a+b} + \frac{\sin((a-b)t)}{a-b} \right]$$

$$7. \int \cos(at) \sin(bt) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{\cos((a+b)t)}{a+b} + \frac{\cos((a-b)t)}{a-b} \right]$$

$$8. \int \cos(at) \cos(at) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\sin(2at)}{2a} + t \right]$$

$$9. \int \sin(at) \sin(at) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{\sin(2at)}{2a} + t \right]$$

$$10. \int \sin(at) \cos(at) dt = -\frac{\cos(2at)}{4a}$$

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ES.1803 Differential Equations

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