## Differential Equations Review Sheet 1, Spring 2024

## I. First-order DEs

- (a) Separable
  - Form:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x)g(y)$ To solve: arrange it like so:  $\frac{dy}{g(y)} = f(x) dx$ , integrate both sides! Don't forget the lost solutions y = c, where g(c) = 0.
- (b) Linear

General Form: a(x)y' + b(x)y = c(x)Standard form: y' + p(x)y = f(x)

To solve:

- Put in standard form (by dividing by a(x) if necessary).
- Compute the homogeneous solution:  $y_h(x) = e^{-\int p(x)dx}$ .
- Use the variation of parameters formula:  $y(x) = y_h(x)(\int \frac{q(x)}{y_h(x)} dx + C)$ . There is also the definite integral solution:  $y(x) = y_h(x)(\int_a^x \frac{q(u)}{y_h(u)} du + C)$ , where  $C = y(a)/y_h(a)$ .

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