Compounds

1. Noun Compounds

a. noun + noun compounds
   - toothbrush
   - airplane
   - window seat
   - laundry basket

b. adj.+noun **compounds** vs. adj.+noun **sequences**
   - blackboard
   - darkroom
   - cheapskates
   - White House
   - English teacher
   - head doctor
   - black board
   - dark room
   - cheap skates
   - white house
   - English teacher
   - head doctor

- Simple compounds vs. Complex compounds
  - airplane
  - cowboy
  - hot dog
  - tap dance
  - airplane wing
  - cowboy hat
  - hot dog bun
  - tap dance school
Compare:  
Matthew found a blackbird nest.

Matthew found a black bird nest.

2. Verb Compounds

- Noun+V **compounds** vs. Prefix+V **combinations**
  
  housesit  overflow
  handcuff  insult
  ghostwrite  conduct
  tiptoe  protest
  videotape  record

Fact 1:  **Compound nouns** and **verbs** are **always** stressed on the **first** word.

Fact 2:  **Prefixes** are **not** stressed in **verbs** (and adjectives) but **are** stressed in **nouns**.

3. Adjective Compounds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pattern 1</th>
<th>Pattern 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>well-trained dog</td>
<td>My dog's well-trained.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>secondhand bookstore</td>
<td>It's secondhand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>good-looking haircut</td>
<td>He's good-looking.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• The –teen numbers, as well as all hyphenated numbers, are compounds and also take two stress patterns.

  seventeen years old Isaiah was seventeen.
  twenty-seven years old Isaiah's twenty-seven.

• The –ty numbers, e.g. thirty and seventy, are always stressed on the first syllable.

  Reflexives
  mySELF yourSELF herSELF
  himSELF ourSELVES themSELVES

  Phrasal Verbs
  Compare: She was looking at me.
           She looked away from me.

  Verb + Preposition
  She called on the phone.
  You have many things to think about.
  She turned on a red light.

  Verb + Particle
  She called off the meeting.
  That's a change we'd like to bring about.
  She turned on a red light.
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