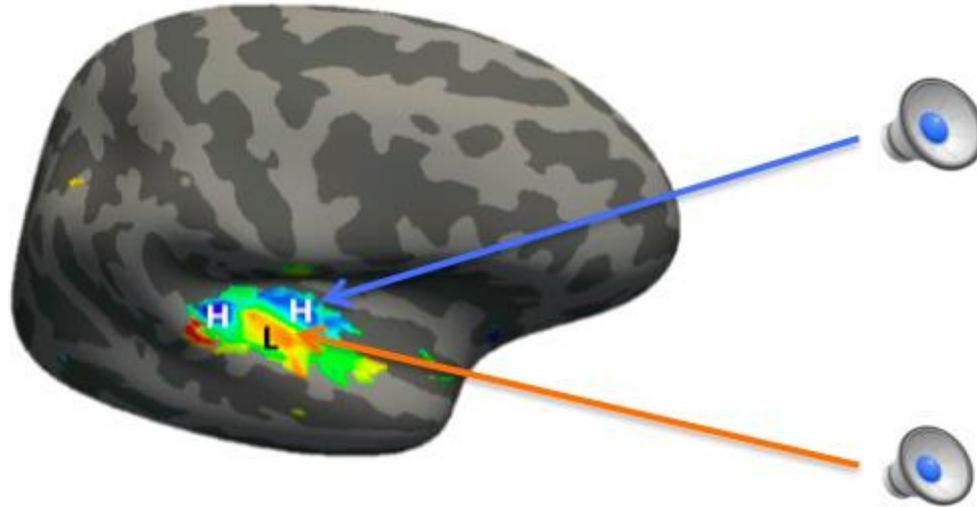


What do we know about Auditory Cortex?

Map of Frequency



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Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott. "Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

Less consensus:

- *Pitch*
- *“What vs. where” ???*
- *“Voice regions” ???*
- *“Speech regions” ???*
- *“Music activations” ???*
- *Spectrotemporal modulation ???*

Why not more progress?

What is the Structure of Human Auditory Cortex?

Images removed due to copyright restrictions. Please see the video.

A data-driven approach.....

1. Collect several hundred 2-second natural sounds,
2. Get ratings
3. Chose 165 most recognizable and frequently-heard sounds



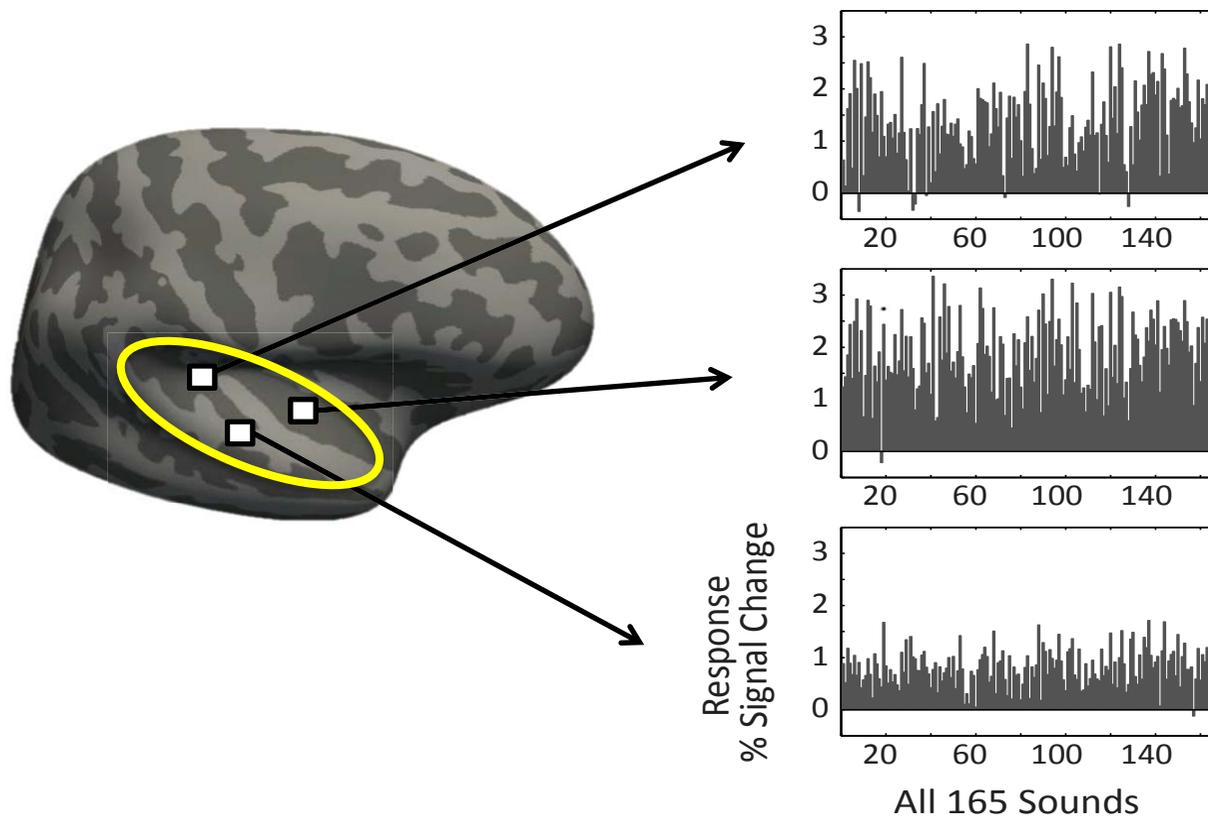
50 of the 165 Sounds in Experiment (each 2-seconds)

- | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Man speaking | 20. Zipper | 39. Crumpling paper |
| 2. Flushing toilet | 21. Cellphone vibrating | 40. Siren |
| 3. Pouring liquid | 22. Water dripping | 41. Splashing water |
| 4. Tooth-brushing | 23. Scratching | 42. Computer speech |
| 5. Woman speaking | 24. Car windows | 43. Alarm clock |
| 6. Car accelerating | 25. Telephone ringing | 44. Walking with heels |
| 7. Biting and chewing | 26. Chopping food | 45. Vacuum |
| 8. Laughing | 27. Telephone dialing | 46. Wind |
| 9. Typing | 28. Girl speaking | 47. Boy speaking |
| 10. Car engine starting | 29. Car horn | 48. Chair rolling |
| 11. Running water | 30. Writing | 49. Rock song |
| 12. Breathing | 31. Computer startup sound | 50. Door knocking |
| 13. Keys jangling | 32. Background speech | |
| 14. Dishes clanking | 33. Songbird | |
| 15. Ringtone | 34. Pouring water | |
| 16. Microwave | 35. Pop song | |
| 17. Dog barking | 36. Water boiling | |
| 18. Walking (hard surface) | 37. Guitar | |
| 19. Road traffic | 38. Coughing | |

Fairly comprehensive: Most sounds you would think of are on the list

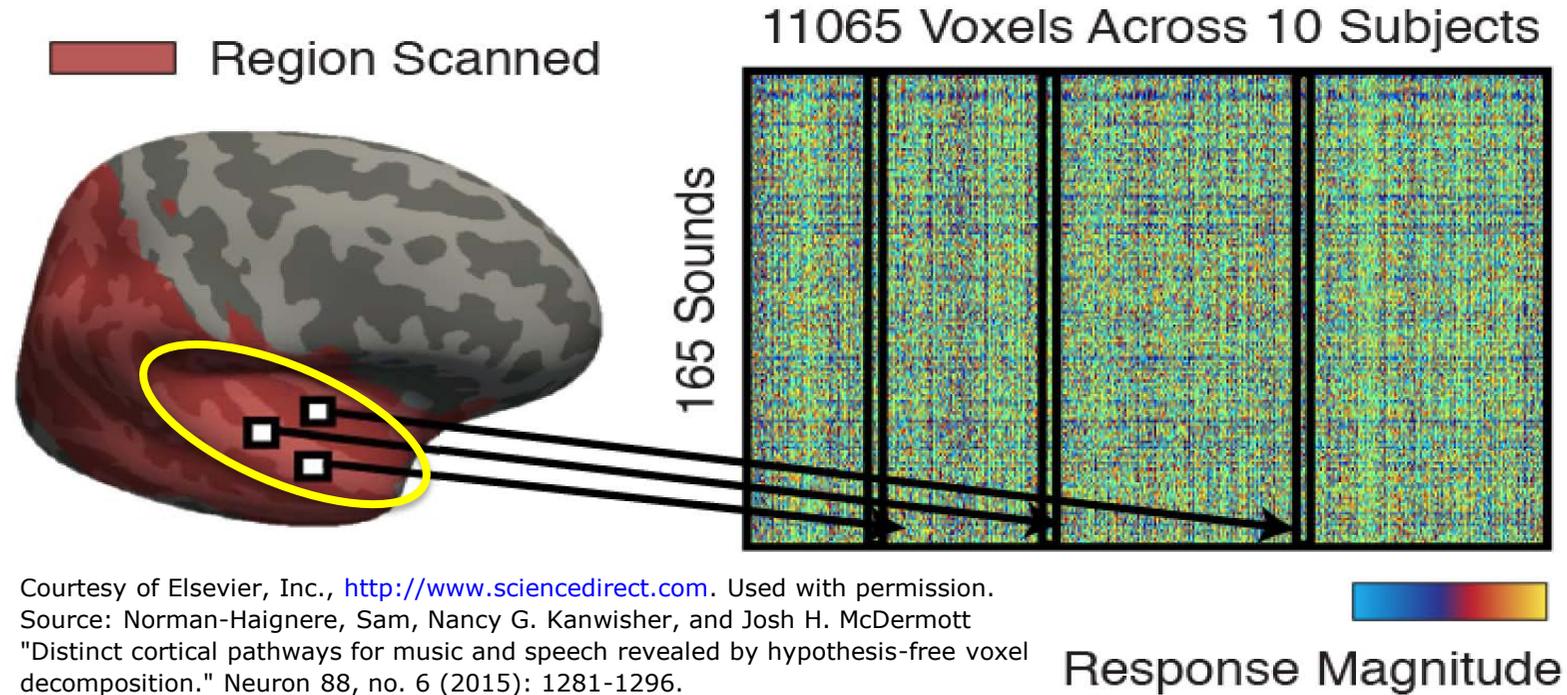
Voxel Responses

- For each voxel, we measure it's response magnitude to each sound



Do this for each voxel in auditory cortex for each of 10 subjects: 11,065 voxels

Data Matrix



How can we discover structure from this matrix?

Run ICA on this matrix

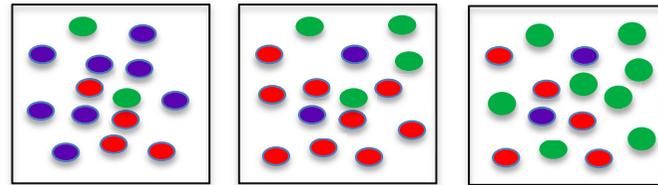
hypothesis neutral:

doesn't know location of voxels

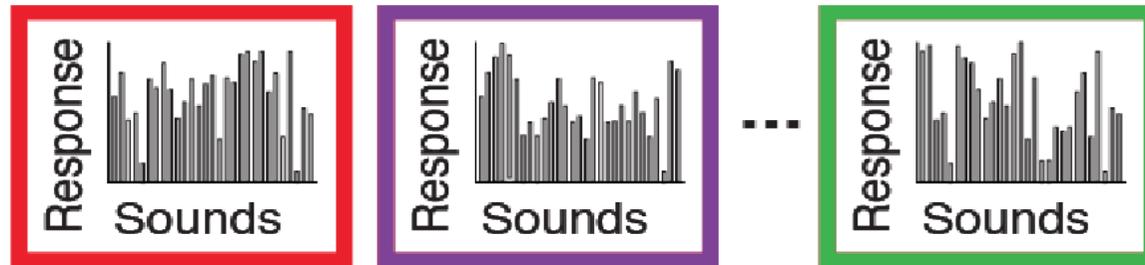
doesn't know meaning of each sound

Modeling Assumptions

1. Voxel responses reflect the mixture of neural populations:



2. Each population has a canonical response profile across the 165 sounds

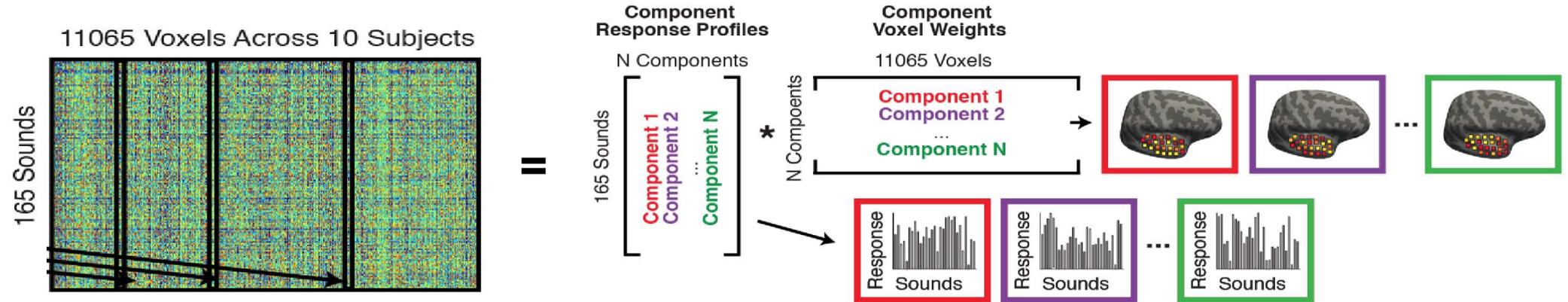


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Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott.
"Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

3. Voxel responses are the sum of the neural populations in each voxel

Goal: discover these canonical response profiles (“components”)

Matrix Decomposition & ICA



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Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott.

"Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

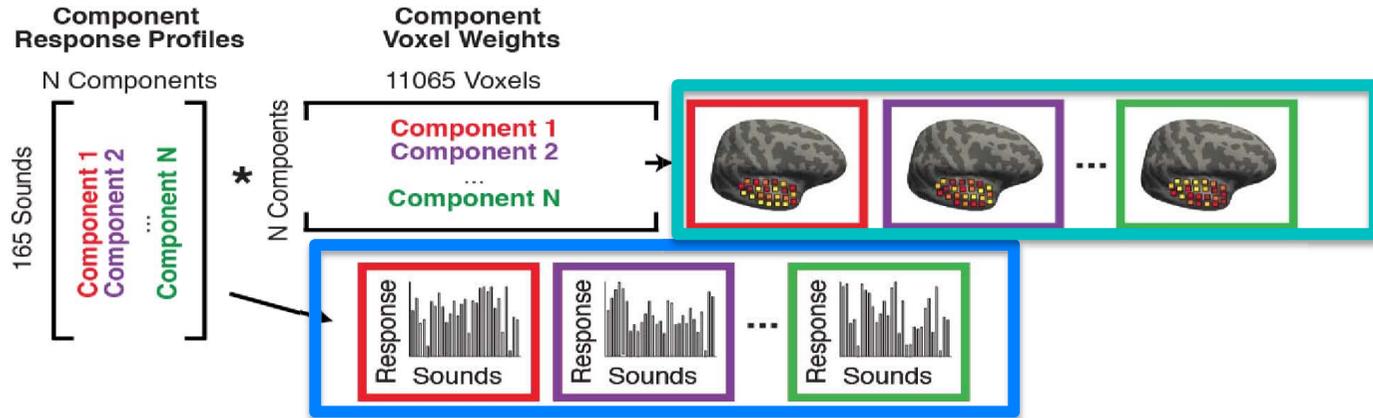
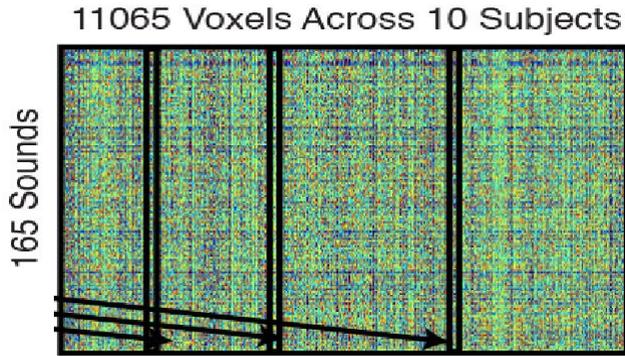
Factor response matrix into set of N components, each with:

- Response profile across the 165 sounds
- Voxel weights specifying the contribution of each component to each voxel

Use ICA to search for components w/ independent voxel weights

- No information about sounds or anatomy used in decomposition
- Hypothesis space is huge and unconstrained ($> 2^{165}$)
- This method should discover *the main dimensions that account for variance in the response across voxels in this stimulus set*

Matrix Decomposition ICA



Courtesy of Elsevier, Inc., <http://www.sciencedirect.com>. Used with permission.
 Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott.
 "Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

What do we find?

- 5 components capture all the replicable variance in the matrix
- Today: Describe 2 of the 5 components

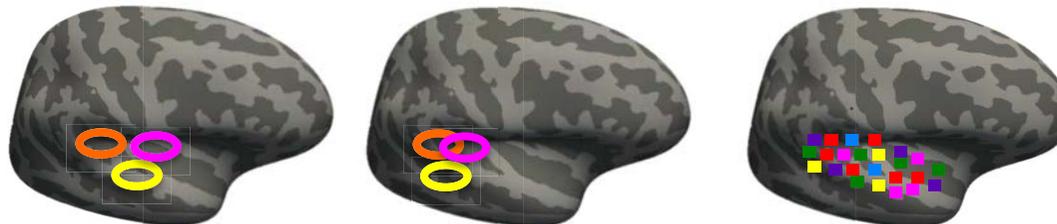
1. What response profiles?

Could be *anything* from huge space
 Category-selective responses? Which?
 Acoustic features? Which?

2. Where does this component live in the brain?

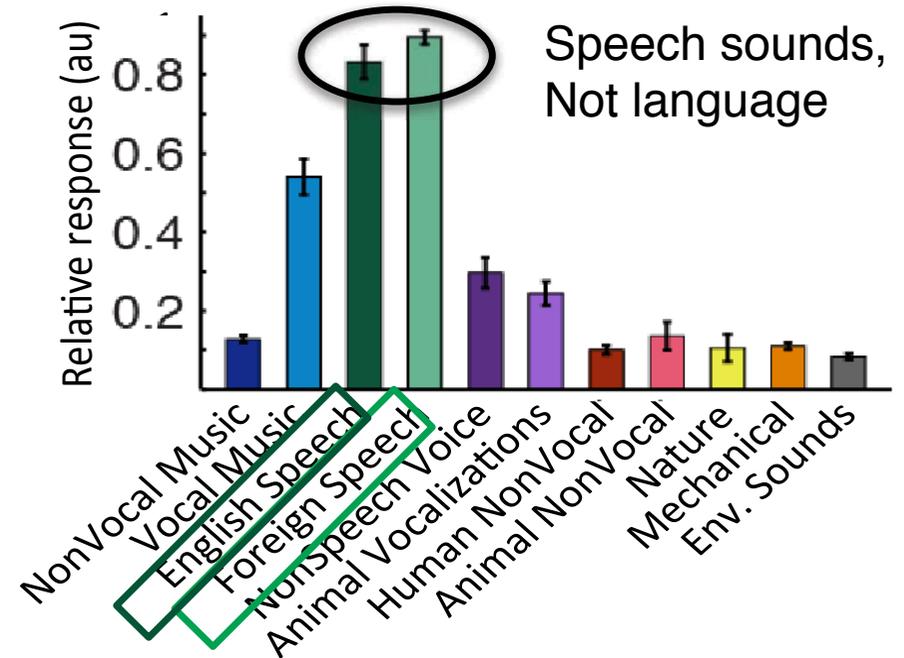
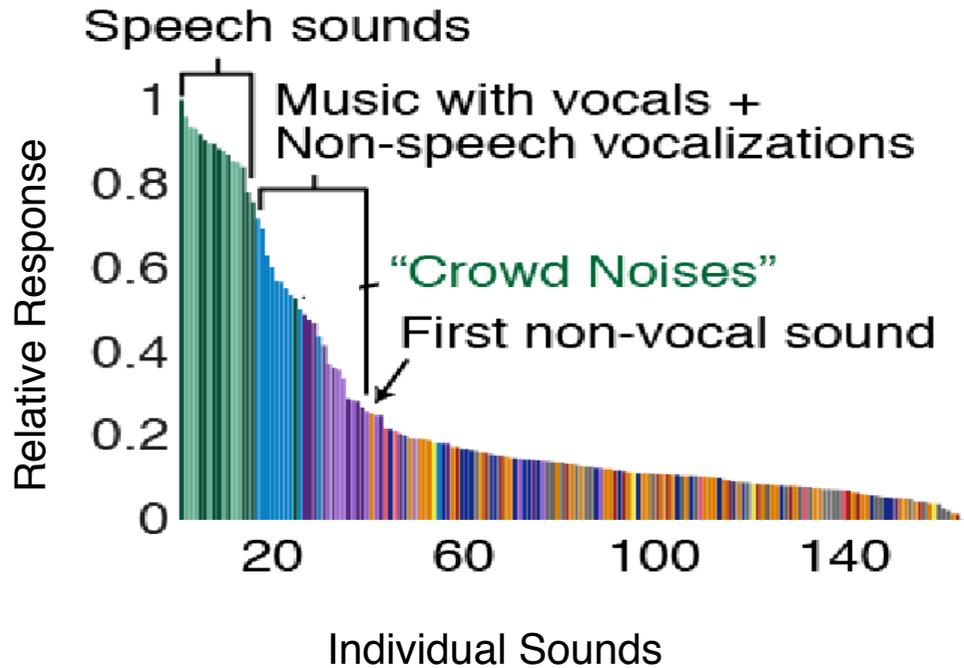
Could be *anything*: * blobs w/ overlap speckly mess

*spatially independent

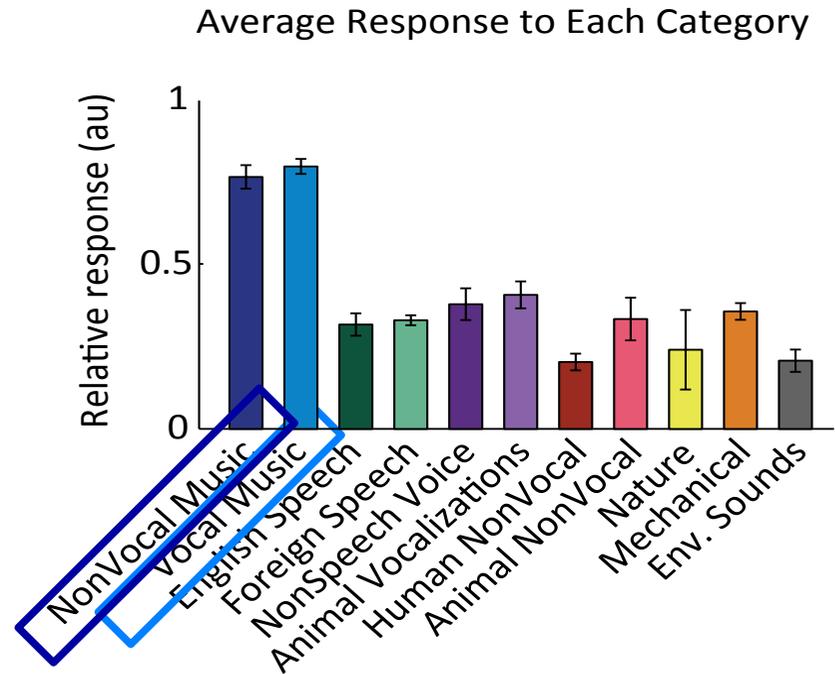
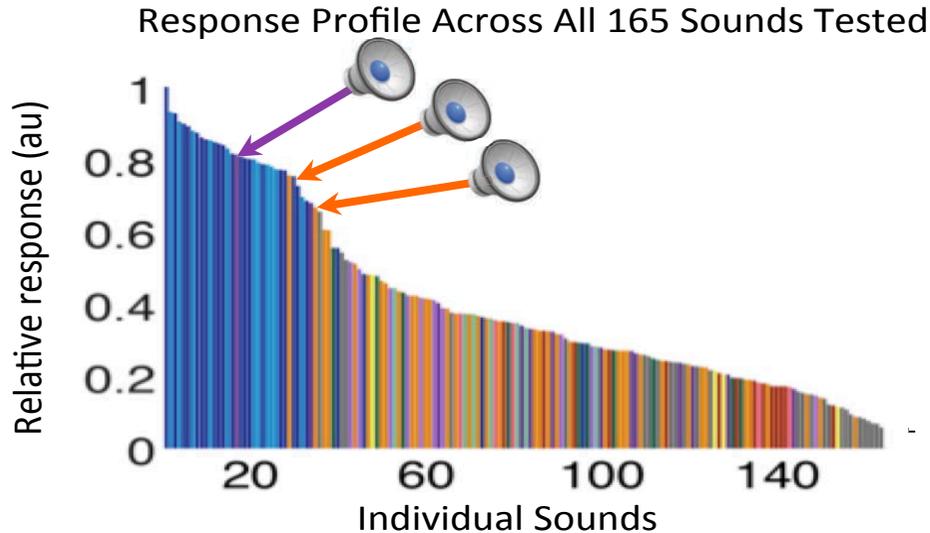


ICA Component Response Profile 4 Speech

Average Response to Each Category



ICA Component Response Profile 5 Music



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Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott.

"Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

Note subjects are not trained musicians.
Music is universally and exclusively human, but
no one even knows what music is *for*.
Yet we apparently have a specialized brain system for music?
Really?

Controlling for Acoustic Features

Do these two components really reflect speech and music?

Or, can acoustic features account for them?

Yes

Apparently not

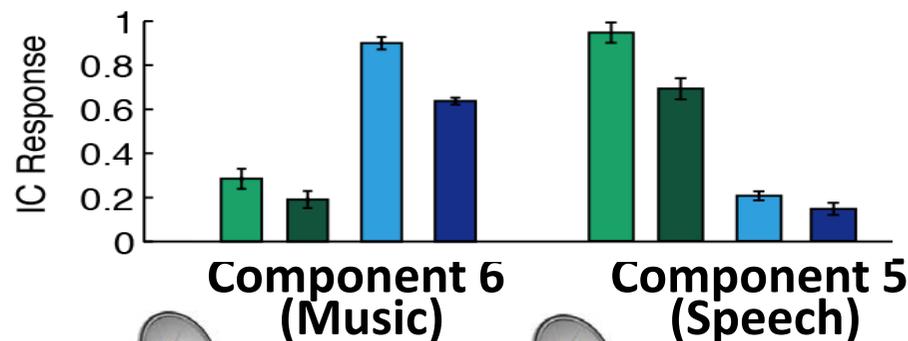
Control Experiment 1:

Quilting=

A scrambling procedure

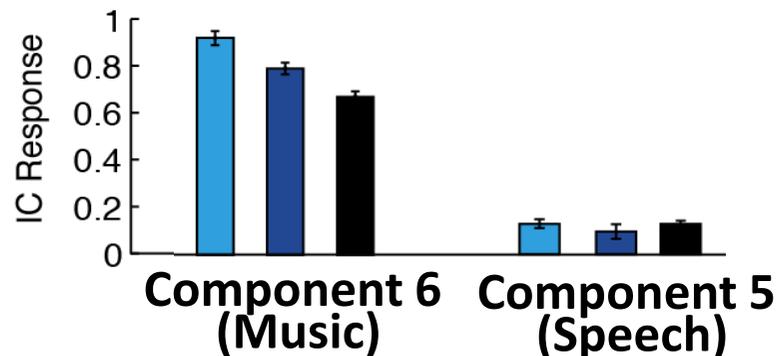
Invented by Josh

McDermott & Dan Ellis



Control Experiment 2:

MIDI scrambling



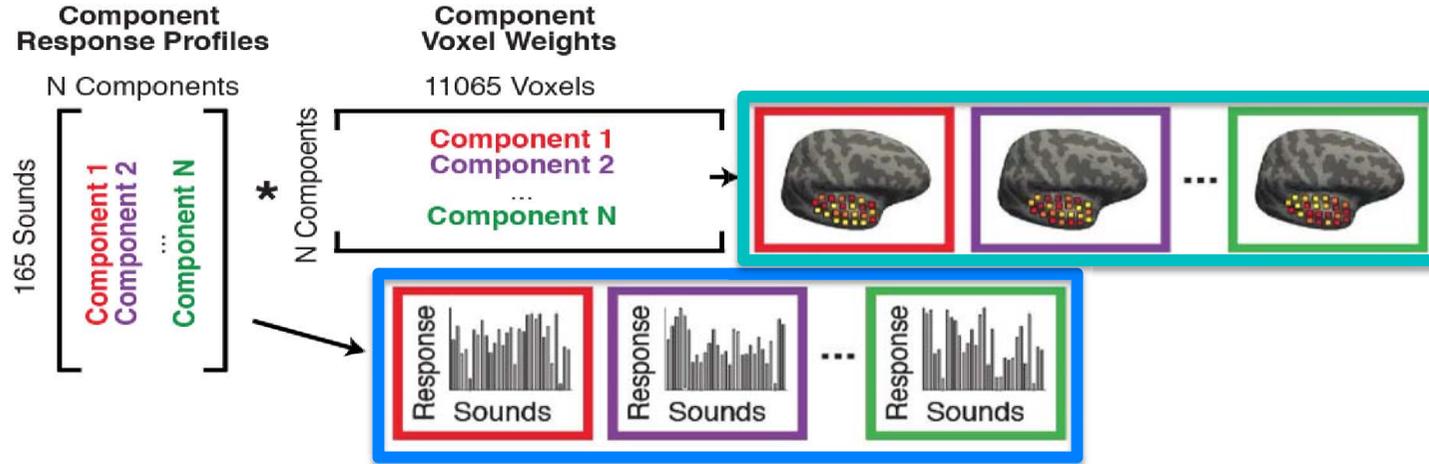
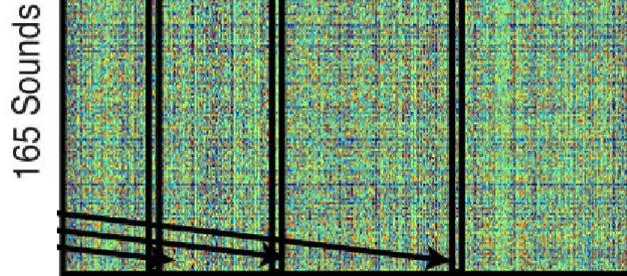
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Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott.

"Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

Matrix Decomposition ICA

11065 Voxels Across 10 Subjects

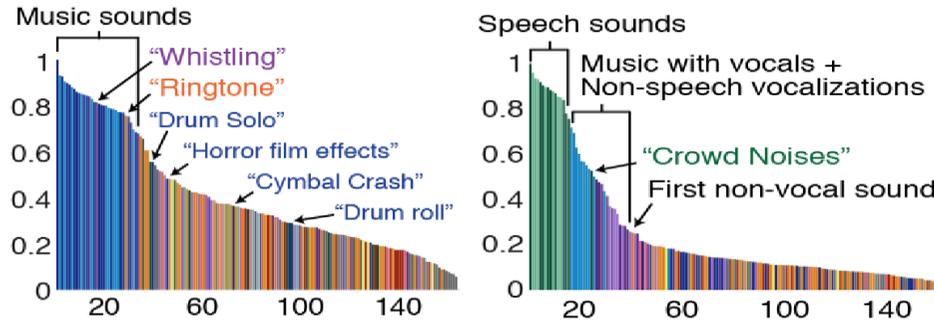


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Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott.
"Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

Describe 2 of the 5 components

1. Plot response profiles

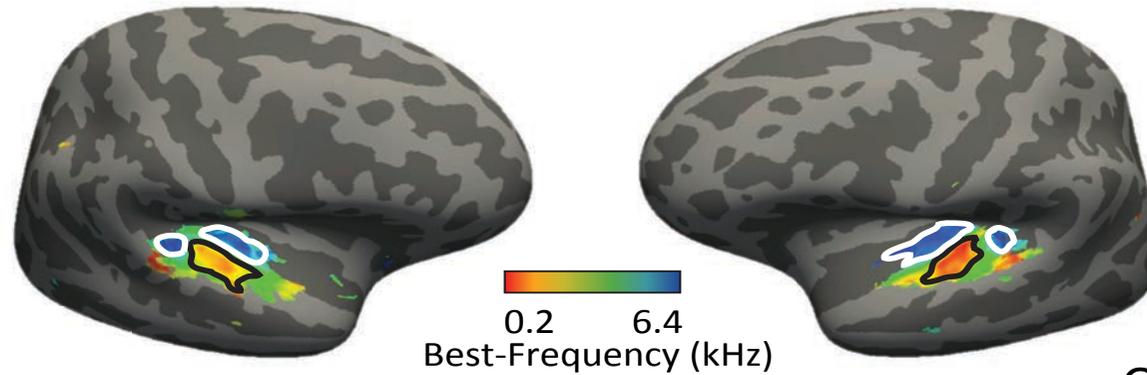
Two category-selective components



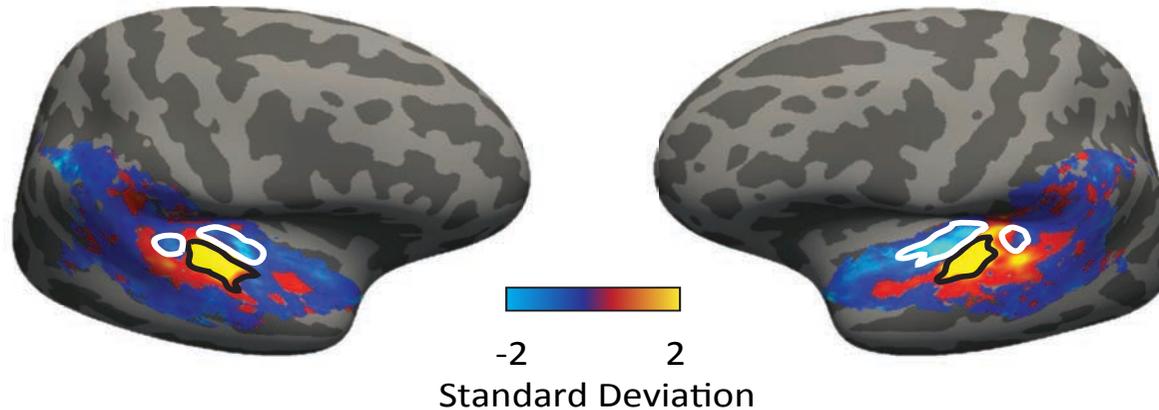
2. Where do these things live in the brain?

Project voxel weights back into the brain....
First, some landmarks....

Tonotopy Measured with Standard Methods



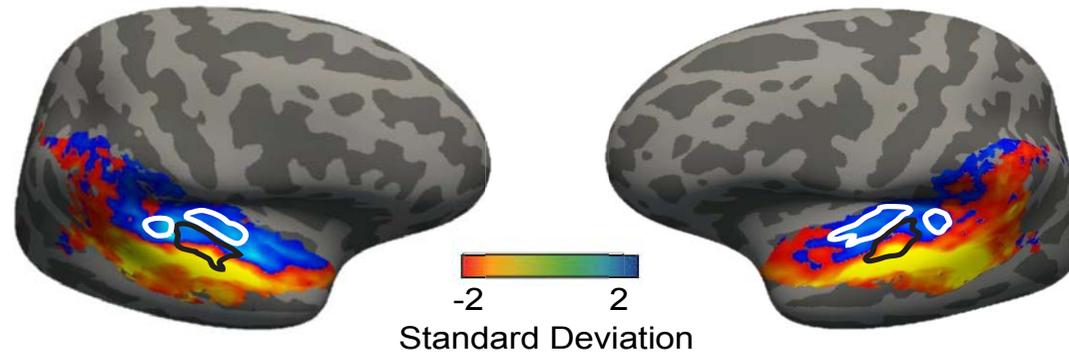
ICA Component 1 voxel weights: :



A positive control: ICA can detect tonotopy

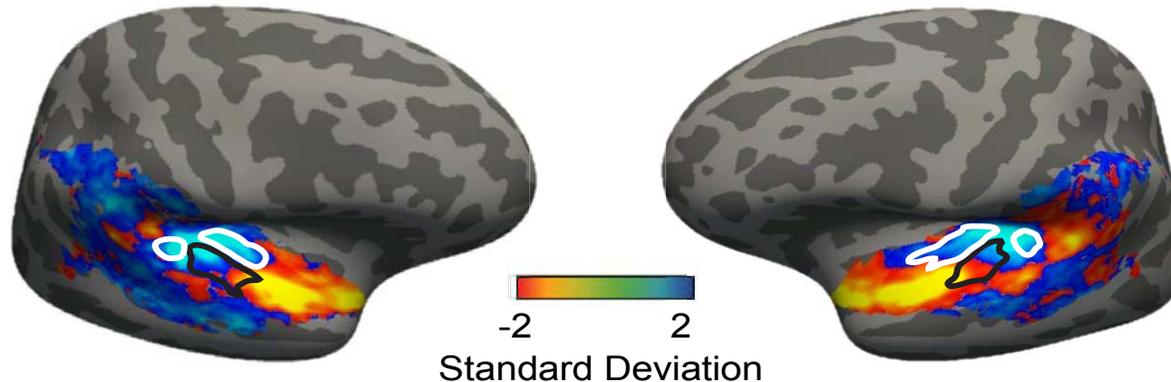
Our main question:
Where are the speech
and music components?

Voxel Weights for Speech Component



c.f. Binder et al., 2000; Hickok & Poeppel, 2007; Mesgarani & Chang, 2014

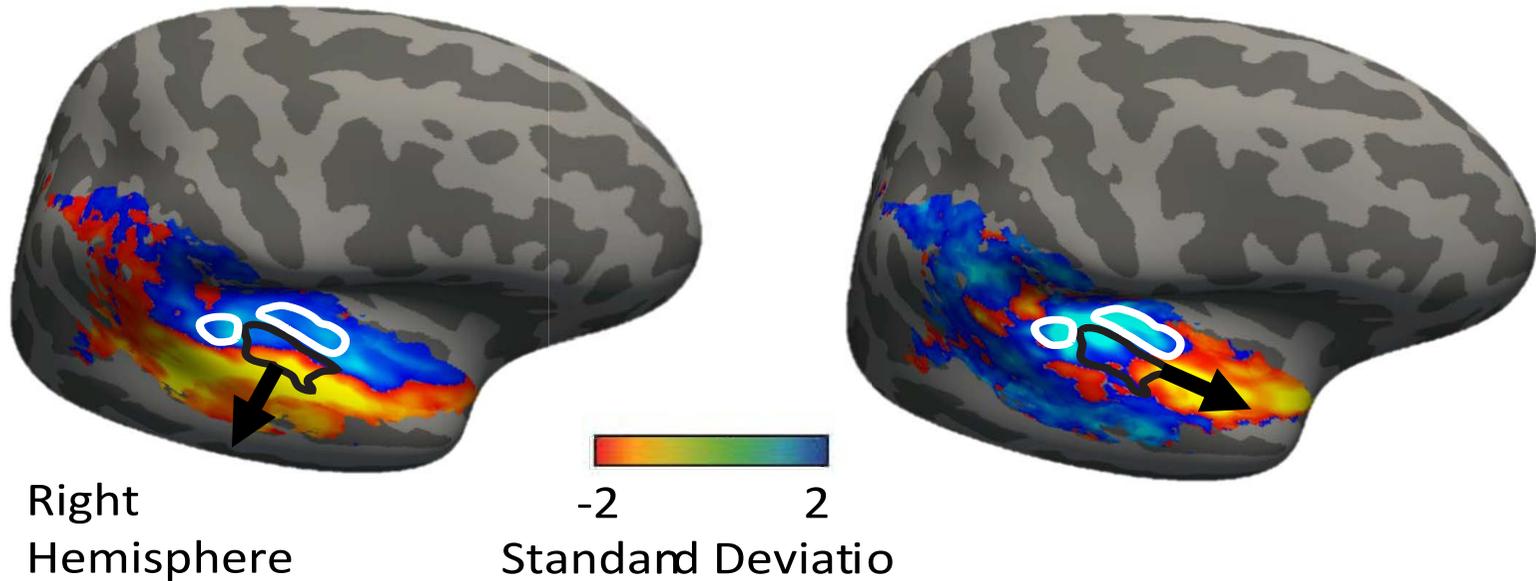
Voxel Weights for Music Component



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Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott. "Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

Speech Component

Music Component



Direction of Gradient Relative
Primary Auditory Cortex

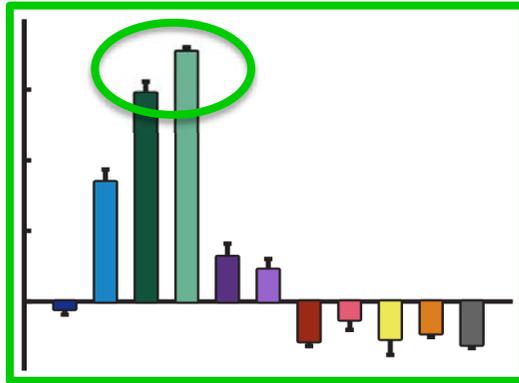
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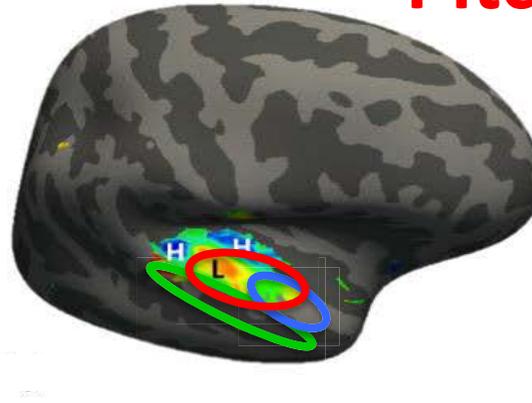
"Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

Conclusions

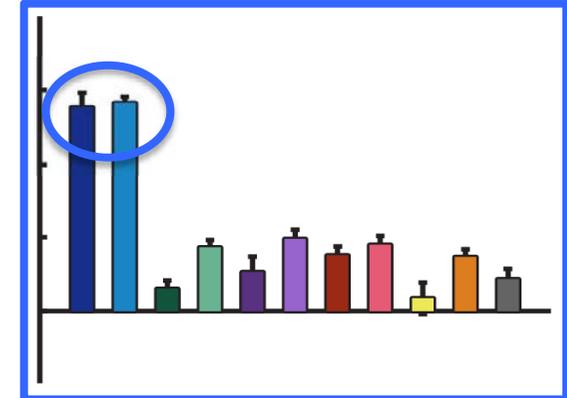
Speech



Pitch

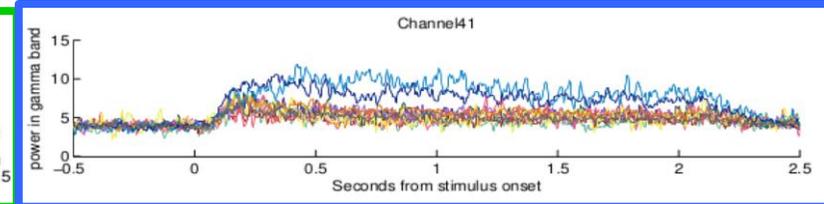
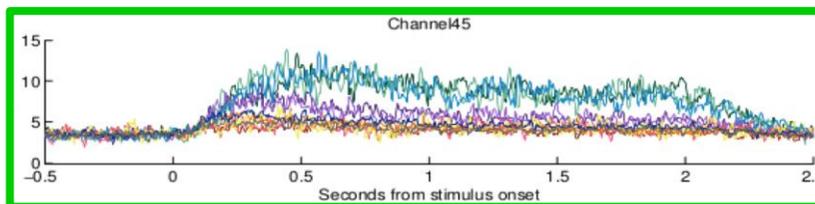
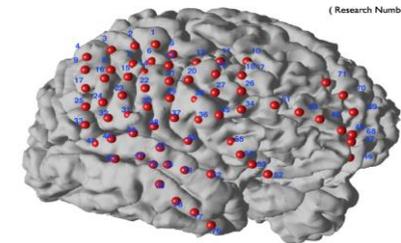


Music



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Source: Norman-Haignere, Sam, Nancy G. Kanwisher, and Josh H. McDermott. "Distinct cortical pathways for music and speech revealed by hypothesis-free voxel decomposition." *Neuron* 88, no. 6 (2015): 1281-1296.

- New finding: Strong neural selectivity for **pitch**, **speech** and **music**
all three = uniquely human functions?
>> cannot study in animal models
- Reflects not just the experimenter's pet hypotheses, but actual dominant structure of auditory cortex.
- Converging evidence from ECOG recordings
- Many more questions....



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Resource: Brains, Minds and Machines Summer Course
Tomaso Poggio and Gabriel Kreiman

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