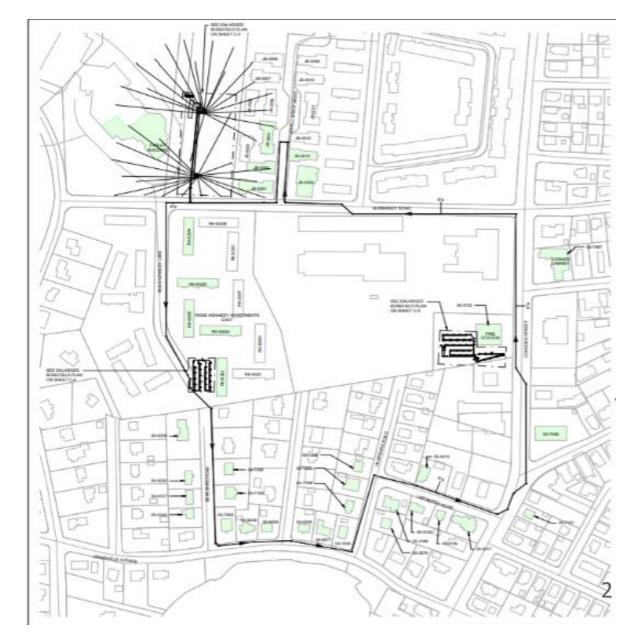


Construction and Commissioning of a GEN

Network Overview

- Single pipe design
- Neighborhood scale with interconnected properties
- Mix of commercial, residential, and low income apartment buildings
- 37 total buildings with approximately 140 individual customers throughout
- 90 boreholes across three borefields to provide capacity of approximately 375 tons of load
- Design is flexible with the ability to expand and add load in the future
- Central control and pumping from above ground pump-house



Construction Workstreams



Ground Exchangers

- Borehole Drilling
- Site Work
- Headers and Piping

Distribution Loop

- Main / Service Installation
- Pump House and Equipment
- Vault and Exchanger Installation

Building Conversions

- Weatherization
- Ducting and Electrical
- Heat Pump Installation

Main Installation



- Installation method almost identical to water or gas line work in the public right of way
- HDPE pipe used for the distribution loop, fittings, and valves
- Similar timeline and budget to traditional utility work
- Installation completed by traditional gas construction firm RH White

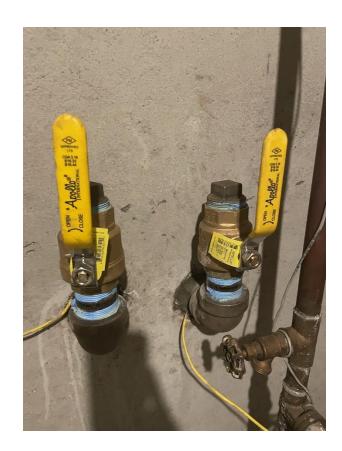


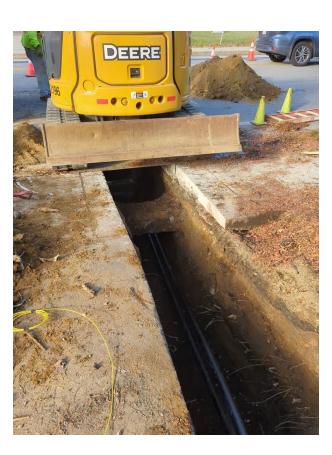




Service Installation

- Single trench with 2x lines (inlet and outlet)
- Two curb valves with bypass
- Interior isolation valves within the building





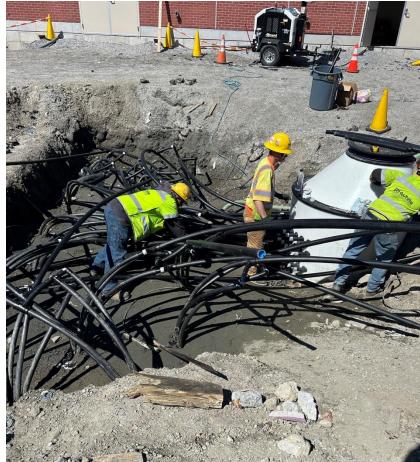


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Borefield Drilling

- Total of 90 boreholes drilled across 3x sites
- Drilling took place from August 2023 to January 2024
- Water management and spoils removal were critical to drilling operations
- All borefields located under parking / paved areas





Pump House



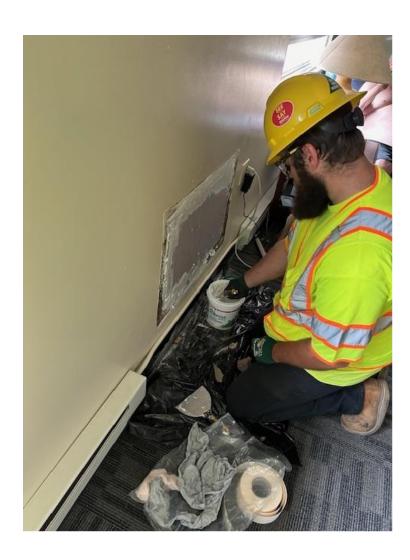
- Pump house installation took place in early 2024
- Pre-fabricated building with wiring, lights, HVAC included
- Mechanical work and equipment installation followed
- Instrumentation and monitoring equipment was the final step





Building Conversions

- Building conversions were a challenging part of the project
- Each building was unique and required input from HVAC professionals
- Equipment varied from force air to VRF and large commercial units
- In some cases, internal air distribution system was re-used with GSHP to condition the space
- This scope is not typically within the utility responsibility





Project Management for Residential Customers



- Residential in-home work
 - Finding and Selected the vendor through RFP
 - Walkthrough with every customer to determine final design of the system
 - Sign off from every customer acknowledging the placement of ductwork, heating equipment, main electric panel upgrades, placement of supply and return, and all construction related work in their home.
 - Our Geothermal Community Partner worked closely with customers and our HVAC contractor to ensure change orders, updated schedules, and any other customer facing concerns were communicated in a timely manner.

Construction Lessons Learned





Timeline and Parallel Workstreams



Traditional Utility Challenges



Geothermal Specific Challenges



Site Access and Scheduling



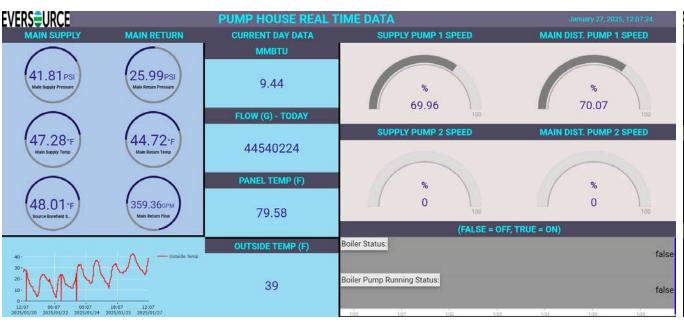
Unknown Building Conditions (Asbestos, Mold, Wiring, etc)

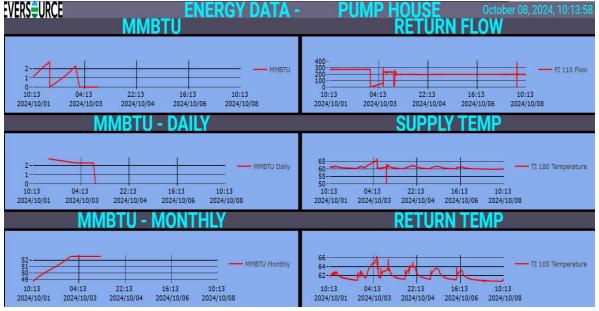


Commissioning and Operations

System Startup

- Borefield Flushing
- System filling and purging
- Air Traps
- Monitoring and Control Equipment





Building Commissioning



Once the loop is commissioned and running, buildings can be brought on as soon as their conversion work is completed.

- Valve Opening
- System Power On
- Flushing and Air Removal
- Thermostat setup
- Monitoring and Control Equipment





Commissioning Lessons Learned



Procedures and compliance

Valve position verification

Loop flushing and purging

Troubleshooting Systems

Temporary space conditioning

Discussion







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