LECTURE 29

1. Cisplatinum \([\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]\) is a potent anticancer drug. For lecture 27 practice problems, you drew the structure of cisplatinum and its isomer transplatinum, determined the expected bond angles, and determined the CN.

(a) Draw the crystal field energy-level diagram for cisplatinum, labeling the \(d\)-orbitals

(b) Predict whether cisplatinum is diamagnetic or paramagnetic. Explain your answer.

2. (i) Draw a crystal field splitting diagram to show the expected distribution of electrons in the 3d-orbitals of the central metal in each of the following complex ions.
(ii) Label as low-spin or high-spin state.
(iii) Indicate the number of unpaired electrons in each case.
(iv) Give the names of the d-orbitals, and label the appropriate orbital sets \(e_g\) and \(t_{2g}\) or \(e\) and \(t_2\).
(v) Write the \(d^n\) electron configurations.

(a) octahedral \([\text{Mn(CN)}_6]^{3-}\)
(b) tetrahedral \([\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}\)